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THE NEW YORK HERALD

DAILY NEWS
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New-Yorker Staats-Zeitung

The New York Times.

New York Tribune

The World.

IL PROGRESSO ITALO-AMERICANO

VOL. LXXIII....No. 23,982. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1923. Cloudy, cooler today; tomorrow fair. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

COOLIDGE DECIDES TO CALL GOVERNORS; HAS BROAD PROGRAM

Dry Law Will Be Conspicuous, but Not Only Problem of the Conference.

WILL MEET NEXT MONTH

700 Dry Advocates Issue a Call for Washington Conference About the Same Time.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Announcement was made at the White House today that President Coolidge would call the Governors of the various States into conference in Washington in October. After communications had been exchanged among the President and some of the Governors, a decision was reached that the conference should be held either before or immediately after the annual convention of Governors which is to take place at West Baden, Ind., on Oct. 15.

Early this year President Harding suggested a conference between himself and the Governors of the States to discuss ways and means for Federal and State co-operation in the enforcement of the prohibition statutes. He had a number of Governors at luncheon at the White House for informal discussion of the prohibition problem and of plans for Federal and State co-operation to solve it. When Mr. Harding left Washington for his tour of Alaska he had in mind a more formal conference for this Autumn, but had not determined whether he would issue a call for it.

President Coolidge has been considering the subject since he succeeded Mr. Harding. His inclination from the first was to bring about a meeting between himself or other high Administration officials and the Governors of the States, but it was not until today that it was made known in a positive way that the conference was assured.

The scope of the meeting will be broader than that proposed by President Harding. The conference will take up many questions which affect the interests and the authority of Federal and State Governments. The suppression of the traffic in narcotics, in which the League of Nations has taken a deep interest, with especial reference to the United States, will be one of the problems considered.

CALLS FOR RALLY OF "DRYS."

Federal Church Council Sets Oct. 14-16 for Washington Meeting.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The Federal Council of Churches has issued a call for a conference to be held here Oct. 14 to 16, inclusive, to rally the "dry" forces of the nation to support the Eighteenth Amendment.

The call is signed by 756 men and women, among them Prohibition Commissioner Roy A. Haynes, William Jennings Bryan, Henry K. Twitchell of New York, Mayor Huston Quin of Louisville, Rabbi Stephen S. Wise of New York, Dr. John R. Mott of the Young Men's Christian Association; Bishops McDowell, Burke, Anderson and Mitchell of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Bishop Capers of the Episcopal diocese of Western Texas, Miss Evangeline Booth of the Salvation Army, the Rev. Dr. Nehemiah Boynton of New York, President MacCracken of Vassar College and Mrs. Anna A. Gordon, President of the National Women's Christian Temperance Union.

The statement issued today says:

"The conference is based upon the following facts:

"First—There is in certain sections an alarming and unnecessary degree of violation of the statutes and a dangerous, widespread indifference to all kinds of laws which seem to interfere with so-called 'personal liberty.'

"Second—This disregard of the fundamental processes of law enactment and law enforcement, if permitted to go unrestrained, will eventually manifest itself in increased violation of all law, and the rule of the mob will become the method of the vicious.

"Third—There is abundant evidence that the enemies of the Eighteenth Amendment and the Volstead act are carrying on a wide campaign of publicity, which is entirely false, concerning the degree of the violation of the prohibitory enactments, the purpose being to poison the public mind and bring back the open saloon under the deceptive disguise of legalization in favor of 'light wines and beer.'

"Fourth—There is a serious lack of solidarity and eager activity among the leaders of the churches and religious societies in their co-operation with the officials who are sincerely working for the enforcement of these laws.

"Fifth—The overwhelming majority of the people of the United States are law-abiding citizens; they are unchangeably opposed to violation of laws; they do not respect those who are seeking to break down the Constitution, either as so-called 'bootleggers' or those who illegally buy intoxicating liquors."

Can't Spare Time From Golf To Work for Wife and Home

When Michael Rohaly, 23, gassed war veteran, of 868 Walnut Street, Yonkers, was charged by his wife with non-support in Yonkers City Court yesterday, he told Judge Boote that he was so busy practicing golf for a championship contest that he couldn't look after his wife. He hoped, he said, to become a professional and to earn a large income.

The judge advised Rohaly to contribute more to his wife's support and if golf conflicted with his income to give up golf. The judge said he would adjourn the case to Sunday, but Rohaly remonstrated on the ground that Sunday was his best golf day, so the case was set down for next Friday. In the meantime Rohaly is to contribute more to his wife's support.

PROPOSE LEASING GOVERNMENT SHIPS

Board Officials Suggest New Plan to Replace the One Daugherty Rejected.

TO BE PUT UP TO PRESIDENT

Scheme Contemplates Creating an Operating Corporation for Each Route.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Early presentation to President Coolidge and his legal advisors of a new plan of operation for the Government merchant fleet was forecast today at the Shipping Board. It was emphasized that the necessity was apparent for a decision which would give national shipping interests a permanent policy.

Chairman Farley of the board telegraphed a statement from New York tonight asserting that inasmuch as the plan to create special corporations for ship operation had been declared illegal by Attorney General Daugherty other methods would be pursued. It was stated at the offices of the board that the Attorney General's action had not been entirely unexpected and that considerable work had been done on a substitute plan.

As described by an official who assisted in its preparation, the alternative proposition would permit the board to transfer ships on each of its routes to a corporation, or other form of commercial organization, under a lease or special charter compact.

A further modification being considered has to do with the guarantees sought by the board, the effort being to relieve substantially the prospective operator of the risks he would incur. Details of this and other features were withheld, however, pending a conference between President Coolidge, Chairman Farley and possibly Mr. Daugherty. This meeting, it was said at the White House today, will take place within a few days.

Failure of the responsible Government agencies to agree upon some policy along the line of the Lasker-Farley proposal would leave straight-out Government operation as the sole alternative, a member of the board declared today.

The President has no policy of his own, it was learned at the White House this afternoon, and in addition he considers it the duty of the board rather than the Executive to try to meet the situation. Of course this does not mean that Mr. Coolidge is not ready and willing to give all advice he can to any Government department, but he understands that the intent of the Merchant Marine act was to try to get the ships into private ownership as soon as possible, and that the board should follow out this direction.

The Lasker-Farley plan pleased President Coolidge and indications were this afternoon that he regretted to see it scrapped, for it appeared to him the best step toward the aim of private operation.

PLOT TO USE WARD IN FLEECING FATHER TOLD TO TRIAL JURY

Defense Surprises Prosecution by Introducing Affidavit of Race Track Man.

NEW NAMES ENTER CASE

Sheriff Tells of Vain Search for Alleged Blackmailers After Hearing Ward's Story.

A new chapter in the trial of Walter S. Ward, fighting at White Plains the first degree murder indictment charging the slaying of Clarence M. Peters, was written suddenly yesterday by counsel for the defense when they introduced an affidavit saying that George S. Ward, President of the Ward Baking Company and father of Walter, was the target of blackmail.

The affidavit was made by James J. Cunningham, race track follower, who was held in jail as a material witness a year ago when he asserted he knew the "inside" of the Ward story. Cunningham made his sensational allegations before County Judge William F. Bleakley of Westchester County, on Aug. 1, 1922—about ten weeks after the slaying of Peters, when he obtained a warrant for the arrest of "Charley Ross" and "Jack Rogers," the men charged by Ward with blackmailing him out of at least $75,000.

The affidavit gave the purported real names of the alleged blackmailers for the first time. They were listed by Cunningham as "Stanley Lewis, alias Jackson, and one Rogers, alias Russo." The document alleged that Cunningham knew that the plot of the blackmailers involved a prearranged plan to use Walter S. Ward in wringing money from his father.

Allan R. Campbell of the Ward legal staff offered the document in evidence during the testimony of Sheriff George J. Werner, who was giving evidence for the State. Mr. Campbell tried to have the affidavit put into the record without reading it. Special Deputy Attorney General Thomas J. O'Neill, however, blocked that by reading the paper to the jury. The State's lawyers were plainly surprised by the offer by the defense, but appeared highly jubilant after the document's contents had been disclosed.

Text of the Affidavit.

The affidavit, as read by Mr. O'Neill, was as follows:

"State of New York, County of Westchester, ss.:

"I, James J. Cunningham, now come before Hon. William J. Bleakley, County Judge of the County of Westchester, New York, and give information under oath as follows:

"That in or about the months of April and May, 1922, at the County of Westchester, New York, Stanley Lewis, alias Jackson, and one Rogers, alias Russo (an Italian, aged 30 to 35 years, 5 feet 9 to 10 inches in height, weighing 160 to 180 pounds, sallow complexion, smooth face and dark hair) did commit the crime of attempted extortion by, in pursuance to felonious conspiracy and confederacy existing between them and others, attempting by means of threats to obtain money and property from the said George S. Ward by the wrongful use of fear by threatening to expose a son of said George S. Ward of immoral acts, practices and disgrace, and to impute the same to said son.

"That in conversations had with said Lewis and Rogers by deponent, they admitted to deponent that they were implicated in the above, and that pursuant to the conspiracy the said son of said George S. Ward went to bed at his home in Westchester County, N. Y., and did receive threatening letters and telephone calls from said Lewis as pre-ar-

Continued on Page Three.

Coolidge Declines to Revive Ananias Club; Will Ignore All Purporting to Quote Him

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—President Coolidge has adopted the rule, it was made known at the White House today, of declining to comment on public statements by persons who attribute certain views to the President after having been received by him.

This announcement was the outcome of inquiries as to a newspaper dispatch in which N. L. Amster, President of the Citizens' Railway League, an organization of stockholders of railways, was quoted as saying that when he saw Mr. Coolidge in Washington the latter expressed himself as in favor of railway consolidation.

The official at the White House who spoke in behalf of the President today said that Mr. Coolidge would not be responsible for sentiments attributed to him by callers at the White House. The President supposed, it was said, that he could not prevent visitors from making statements as to their interviews, but he wished it understood that he would not be responsible for their representations of his attitude on public questions. To attempt to take notice of these statements, it was asserted, would leave the President no time to do anything else.

President Roosevelt had a distinct aversion to being quoted in the newspapers by those who had conversations with him. Several prominent men who went contrary to the rule were alested by President Roosevelt to his famous Ananias Club. Mr. Coolidge, however, will ignore such statements, and the inference from what was said by a spokesman of the President was that the Ananias Club would not be revived.

Dempsey-Firpo Fight to Yield $500,000 In Federal Income and Admission Taxes

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The Bureau of Internal Revenue estimated today that the Federal Government would be enriched $500,000 by taxes collected as a result of the Dempsey-Firpo fight at the Polo Grounds on Sept. 14.

"The United States Government wins the big end of the purse," the bureau declared in a statement.

Official check shows that the admissions tax amounted to $108,054.80. To this will be added the income tax on the amounts received by the principals, promoters, managers, trainers and all others who profited by the fight. It is not possible to give the exact total which the Government will receive until the actual income declarations are made by the individuals involved, but the official estimate is now put at $500,000.

In computing the income tax, deductions are allowed for the business expenses connected with the fight. These include the actual expenses incurred by the principals in the hire of trainers, operators, &c., and by the promoters in staging the contest.

As to the principals, Firpo, being a non-resident alien, pays 8 per cent. normal tax on all income received from sources within the United States. Dempsey, being an American citizen, pays 4 per cent. in normal tax on his first $4,000 of net income above his personal exemption and 8 per cent. normal tax on the remainder. It is not possible to estimate accurately the surtax charges at this time.

POST GUNS TO STOP OKLAHOMA SESSION

Armed Anti-Klan Forces Pour Into Capital as Governor Defies Legislature.

WILL FIGHT IMPEACHMENT

Can Never Permit It, Says Executive's Adviser—Attempt May Be Made Outside City.

Special to The New York Times.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., Sept. 21.—"The Oklahoma Legislature will never be permitted to meet in the State House or in this city for the purpose of impeaching Governor Walton," said one of the close advisers of the Governor tonight. The Governor himself was closeted with friends all day and was expected to give formal sanction to this attitude later.

The call for the special session, now signed by seventy-five members, will be filed with the Secretary of State Wednesday. It is thought the "rebel" legislators will meet in secret in the city and then adjourn to some other part of the State for impeachment proceedings.

Anti-Klansmen, armed, are gathering in the city tonight. Under cover of the fair crowds, which are coming in rapidly for the opening tomorrow, Klan and anti-Klan are manoeuvering and the men at Guard headquarters are preparing for trouble. Mounted machine guns are ready for action.

"The Legislature will meet," said W. D. McBee, a member from Duncan, today. "The Governor has threatened to throw us in jail. I would lie in jail until I rot rather than part with my ideas of American liberty."

Victor S. Purdy, Secretary of the State Federation of Labor, in a letter today said:

"I regret to see martial law in Oklahoma. I have not always agreed with Walton's acts as Governor, but when it comes to choosing between Walton and the invisible empire, I am for Walton heart and soul."

Klan's Cross Removed.

The fiery cross, emblem of the Klan, which has stood over Klan headquarters blazing against the sky, was taken down some time last night by order of the Governor or by the Klansmen themselves.

N. C. Jewett, Grand Dragon, denied today that he had led in whipping parties, as was charged in testimony before the military court made public last night. He threatened action for libel against the Governor.

The Governor has decided to carry his campaign to the nation. He and his State House group expect to have $1,000,000 to spend if the campaign for funds is successful. It is understood that anti-Klan organizations in Texas have met and decided to support Governor Walton's campaign financially.

Dr. A. A. Maupin, whose testimony was made public last night by the Governor, was recalled before the military court again today. He placed the whipping of E. K. Merriman, a laundry driver, as March, 1922. Independent reports at that time were that Merriman had been ordered to leave town.

"One night in a meeting in Rose Hill Cemetery," the witness testified, "Jewett made a speech and said there had been too much talking on the outside. He said persons who had been doing things around Oklahoma City were liable for the McAlester or Leavenworth penitentiary. He asked that careless talking be stopped."

County Judge George W. Clark admitted today that he had been obligated into the Klan about eighteen months ago but had dropped his membership. He called the Grand Jury which was to have indicted Governor Walton, but which was dispersed by the troops last Monday.

Resignations of Judge Clark, County Attorney J. K. Wright and Sheriff Tom Cavanar, all put in the Klan by Dr. Maupin's testimony, are to be demanded

Continued on Page Five.

How did your grapes look this morning? On your way home treat yourself to a pair of fresh and lively "Bostons."—Advt.

SOCIETY WOMAN NIPS $200,000 BLACKMAIL

Mrs. Emmons of Boston Accuses Arthur Lebarron of Heading Extortion Gang.

HELPS SET A POLICE TRAP

Protege Demanded $10,000 for Letters He Alleged She Sent to War Veteran.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Sept. 21.—Mrs. Nathaniel Franklin Emmons, a society leader of this city and a cousin of Bishop William Lawrence, appeared in the Municipal Court today to press charges of attempted blackmail against Arthur Lebarron of 1,526 Broadway, New York City.

Lebarron, it is understood, is a young man she befriended during the war when she was engaged in welware work, in which she took an extensive part.

The specific charge against Lebarron stated that he had presented a letter to Mrs. Emmons, alleged to have been written by her to a war veteran, and demanded that she pay him $10,000 for its destruction. This alleged specific attempt on the part of Lebarron to obtain money from her, Mrs. Emmons told the police, was only one of a series of similar attempted extortions of sums ranging up to $200,000.

She declared that an organized gang of blackmailers, headed by Lebarron, was involved in the plot to extort money from her.

Mrs. Emmons, who is a friend of Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, formerly Miss Alice Roosevelt, and for whose grandfather the City of Lawrence, Mass., was named, made arrangements to meet Lebarron, who is known, the police say, in the Middle West as a confidence man, in a downtown hotel here. A Police Inspector secreted himself in the room before Lebarron arrived.

When the man appeared he was carrying a package, which, he told Mrs. Emmons, contained letters from her to a war veteran. These, if made public, he asserted, would greatly embarrass her.

For $10,000, he said, he would destroy the letters. At this point the Police Inspector stepped from his hiding place, seized the package and arrested Lebarron. When the package was opened it was found to contain nothing but old papers of no value and nothing in the handwriting of Mrs. Emmons.

All this happened several days ago. In fact, it was on Sept. 13 that Lebarron was arrested on a warrant obtained on that day. Considerable secrecy has surrounded the case and the first word of it leaked out today when Mrs. Emmons appeared at court.

Showing nervous strain and agitation, Mrs. Emmons, with a woman friend, watched the progress of the case.

Before her marriage to Nathaniel Franklin Emmons she was Elizabeth Prescott Lawrence of Groton, a member of one of the oldest families in Massachusetts.

Mrs. Emmons has been prominent in society in Boston, New York, Washington and London. During and since the war she has devoted considerable of her time and energy to disabled soldiers. Two years ago she established a camp at her estate at Hingham, Mass., whither she brought totally disabled veterans from Government hospitals for a change of environment and recreation. She personally did much of the work at the camp, cooking meals and selling her old clothes to obtain funds to keep it running.

Le Barron is also known as Joseph L. Allen, and Fogg. The police say he has posed as an employe of a New York publicity bureau. He pleaded not guilty when arraigned today and his case was continued until tomorrow when, the court intimated, he might be held in bonds of $5,000 for the Grand Jury.

No. 1,526 Broadway is the address of Loew's New York Theater, a moving picture house, with offices overhead. It was said last night that there was no tenant by the name of Le Barron.

ROBERT A. FRANKS JR. AND JUDGE M'AVOY'S BROTHER IN TOMBS

Carnegie Foundation Treasurer's Son and Three Others Held in Bond Plot.

$100,000 STOLEN IN OHIO

McAvoy Indicted After Sales of Loot—Franks Arrested as Suspected Receiver.

Robert A. Franks Jr., Princeton graduate and son of the Vice President and Treasurer of the Carnegie Foundation, was locked up in Police Headquarters last evening on suspicion of having received part of $100,000 in bonds stolen by yeggmen last November from a safe in the office of the Southern and Western Life Insurance Company at Cincinnati, Ohio. His arrest was ordered by Assistant District Attorney Harold Hastings after the young man had been questioned for three hours in the prosecutor's office.

He was brought to the District Attorney's office by Lieutenant Detective Gegan and Detective Sergeants Barth and Murphy from the home of his parents at 131 East Sixty-sixth Street. It was said that Mr. Hastings questioned him in connection with statements which had been made to the police by William H. McAvoy, a brother of Justice John F. McAvoy of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, and John and Hugh H. MacEwan, who are in the Tombs under $10,000 bail each on indictments charging them with aiding in the disposal of $22,000 worth of the stolen bonds to a brokerage firm in this city.

It was said that McAvoy and the MacEwans admitted that they disposed of the stolen bonds, but declared that they had been assured by the person from whom they had received them that they were "clean." It was understood that none of them involved Franks in the matter, but Mr. Hastings decided to question Franks when he overheard his name mentioned in a telephone conversation by one of the indicted men.

Formerly Employed by Blair & Co.

When Franks was brought to Mr. Hastings's office he said that he was 30 years old, a member of the Princeton Club and was graduated from Princeton University with the class of 1917. He said that he was unemployed at the present time but that formerly he had been employed by Blair & Co., Inc., dealers in investment securities at 24 Broad Street, and before that in one of the largest banking institutions in the financial district. His parents, he said, were now in England.

Before he ordered Franks's arrest, Mr. Hastings announced that the police believed that they were on the trail of a man connected with an influential bank here who was suspected of having acted in the past few years as the go-between for hold-up men and safe robbers in the disposal of millions of dollars' worth of stolen bonds and stocks. The investigation into this phase of the case began on Sept. 7 when M. S. Uhlfelder, a dealer in foreign exchange at 115 Broadway, reported to the Federal Government that two men, giving their names as Hugh H. MacEwan and William H. McAvoy, had called on him and asked him to dispose of $14,000 in bonds of the Miami Hotel Company of Dayton, Ohio. Uhlfelder said that he took the numbers of the bonds and when he informed the men that he would have to find a market for them in the West they departed with the bonds and said they would return the next day. Uhlfelder communicated with the hotel company officials and learned that the bonds were among the $100,000 stolen from the Cincinnati Insurance Company. Then he telephoned the Federal authorities, who notified the local police.

Sold $8,000 Department Store Bonds.

Detectives learned that on the day that the men appeared in Uhlfelder's office two men sold $8,000 in bonds of Mays Holding Company, a department store corporation of Cincinnati, to E. H. Rollins & Co., brokers, at 43 Exchange Place. These men said that they were John MacEwan, manager of the Rutledge Hotel in Philadelphia and William H. Churchill. The police said that Churchill was McAvoy and that the bonds also were part of the Cincinnati loot. Mr. Hastings said that the police had recovered about $22,000 of the Cincinnati bonds and expected to recover more when they apprehend the person or persons from whom McAvoy and the MacEwans were alleged to have obtained the securities they sold.

The fact that McAvoy was a brother of Justice McAvoy and a son of the Tammany leader and former Deputy Police Commissioner came out yesterday when friends who visited him in the Tombs said that McAvoy was unable to obtain his release on bail because his family practically had disowned him. According to one of the visitors the three men believed that the bonds had come to them from a reliable source, although they were said to have told the police that they had been promised 60 per cent. of the amount received on them. In his cell McAvoy denied that he was related to Justice McAvoy.

When You Think of Writing, Think of Whiting.—Advt.

President Wishes His Sons To Be Free From Publicity

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Newspaper men were asked at the White House today to avoid giving publicity to the doings of President Coolidge's two sons, Calvin and John, who have returned to school at Mercersburg Academy.

It was explained that it was desirable that the two boys should be permitted to pursue their studies without having undue attention attracted to them, and the hope was expressed that the newspapers would abide by this wish of the parents.

The Coolidge boys were being educated in the schools of Northampton, Mass., when their father was elected Vice President. As only a housekeeper remained at the Coolidge home there, the boys were placed at Mercersburg, which is not far from Washington.

It was apparent today that the authorities of the academy had been asked to refer to the President all inquiries from newspapers in regard to his sons.

COAL AND SUGAR UP; INQUIRY DEMANDED

Housewives Aroused by Price Increases and Markets Department Promises Action.

WOMEN TO INVESTIGATE

Fuel Supply Still Curtailed, but No Reason Is Seen for an Acute Shortage.

New York housewives are urging that investigation be made into the coal and sugar situation, the Department of Public Markets announced yesterday.

Charges are made that a new coal and sugar gouge is under way. Dealers are putting the cost of sugar up 1 and 2 cents a pound, while coal is hard to obtain, and the increase in price averages $1 to $3 a ton since the strike settlement.

The Department of Public Markets is asked to make a survey of the quantity and quality of domestic coal on hand. Housewives desire to know if domestic coal is obtainable for home use, how much is being asked for it, if any of the companies are refusing to make full deliveries, if substitutes are being sold to the public, and, finally, how much is being paid for substitutes.

In view of the fact that a cold snap may be expected shortly, Commissioner Edwin J. O'Malley has requested Mrs. Louis Reed Weismiller, Deputy Commissioner, to call a meeting of the Women's Market Committee for next Tuesday afternoon, when a field force, which will investigate coal and sugar conditions, will be named. It is understood that the committee will ask the co-operation of the Police Department in order to facilitate a speedy survey.

Mrs. Weismiller was in touch yesterday with several of the principal coal companies. The Stephens Fuel Company assured her it would co-operate in every way. It has about nine yards stocked with domestic sizes. Assurances were given that all emergency cases in the Bronx, where the main yards of the company are, would be supplied fully.

According to the dispatches from Philadelphia yesterday the new price lists of three large producing companies showed increases ranging from 50 to 90 cents a ton on domestic sizes of anthracite coal at the mines. The M. A. Hanna Company, which operates the Susquehanna collieries in the Wilkes-Barre district, announced an advance of 60 cents a ton on egg, stove and chestnut sizes. The Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company quoted $9.25 a ton instead of $8.35, and the Delaware and Hudson Company $9 against $8.30. Increases on pea coal range from 30 to 50 cents a ton.

These figures, coal dealers admit, will make the cost here more than $17 a ton. They said, however, that the average cost of Winter domestic coal will be about $14.50 a ton.

Prices are now fluctuating wildly, but within a few days coal in large quantities will be rolling in, so that the price will be steadier and there will be no shortage, it was pointed out. Most dealers will continue to ration their customers for another fortnight, supplying only a third of the quantity asked.

SOUND STEAMER GROUNDS.

Lexington Transfers Passengers in Narragansett Bay.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 21.—The Colonial Line steamer Lexington, from New York, went aground in a thick fog in Narragansett Bay early this morning. The passengers were transferred to a small steamer and brought to this city. The Lexington was floated at 8:30 o'clock tonight and proceeded to this city. She was leaking freely.

TAKE BELL-ANS AFTER MEALS. Gives Amazing Benefit. Start Today.—Advt.

PUBLISHERS SIGN PRESS CONTRACT WITH INTERNATIONAL

Local Union Dissolved and Dealings Will Be With Higher Officers.

ARBITRATION ESTABLISHED

Disputes to Be Settled by Peaceful Means—Wages Increased and Hours Shortened—Berry Calls on Men to Return.

A contract under which the pressrooms of the New York newspapers are to be operated was signed late yesterday afternoon by the Publishers' Association of New York City, on the one hand, and President George L. Berry and the Board of Directors of the International Pressmen's Union, on the other. As the new contract states, the charter of the local union, Web Pressmen's Union No. 25, has been revoked by the International Union because of its strike in violation of the International Union's order. Union cards for work in New York City will be issued by the International Union direct for the present, and the relations of the publishers with the workers will be carried on through the international officers. The new contract establishes arbitration as the means of settling disputes when conciliation fails and carries an increase of $3 a week in basic wages and a reduction in hours.

Statement of the Publishers.

Announcement of the signing of the contract was made by the Publishers' Association in the following statement:

"The owners of New York City newspapers, the President and Board of Directors of the International Pressmen's Union yesterday signed the contract which follows.

"The agreement announces the dissolution of the old local pressmen's union and the revocation of its charter.

"The International Union enters directly into relation with the publishers.

"The weekly working hours are reduced from forty-eight hours day and night to forty-one hours night and forty-five hours day.

"The basic wages are increased $3 a week, and by reason of the reduction in hours there is likewise a material increase in the total compensation.

"The other points of relationship are to be settled by conciliation and, failing that, by arbitration. In the event that the parties cannot agree upon arbitrators, Governor Smith is to nominate them.

"Following a statement to them to be issued by President Berry of the International Union, it is expected that the majority of the members of the striking union will return to work almost immediately.

"Both the publishers and the International Union announce that the work of conciliation interrupted by the strike will be resumed at once."

Text of the Contract.

Here is the text of the contract signed yesterday:

New York, Sept. 21, 1923.

Whereas New York Web Printing Pressmen's Union 25, hitherto a local union subordinate to the International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union of North America, has this day been dissolved and its charter revoked in consequence of an illegal strike begun by said union without authority from the International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union of North America; and

Whereas the Publishers' Association of New York City desires to contract with the International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union of North America to furnish men to operate all their presses in accordance with definite stipulations that will guarantee full production, peace and the highest possible efficiency in the pressrooms; and

Whereas the International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union of North America agrees to furnish such men in co-operation with the Publishers' Association of New York City to the same end;

Now, therefore, this agreement witnesseth:

In consideration of one dollar ($1) each to the other in hand paid, and for other valuable considerations, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged,

The Publishers' Association of New York City, composed of the following daily newspapers:

THE WORLD
THE EVENING WORLD
THE NEW YORK TIMES
NEW YORK AMERICAN
NEW YORK JOURNAL
THE SUN AND THE GLOBE
THE NEW YORK HERALD
THE EVENING TELEGRAM
THE NEW YORKER HERALD
COURRIER DES ETATS UNIS
THE EVENING MAIL
DAILY NEWS
NEW YORK EVENING POST
BROOKLYN DAILY EAGLE

BROOKLYN STANDARD UNION
THE BROOKLYN CITIZEN
NEW YORKER STAATS-ZEITUNG
NEW YORK TRIBUNE
IL PROGRESSO ITALO-AMERICANO
BROOKLYN TIMES

hereinafter referred to individually as the "Office" and collectively as the "Publisher," party of the first part, and

The International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union of North America, party of the second part, enter into this agreement this 21st day of September, 1923, as a basis of settlement as between the parties hereto.

IT IS AGREED that the following conditions shall be made operative in the press rooms of the party of the first part immediately following the formal execution of this contract:

Points of Settlement.

The points of settlement are as follows:

(1) Night work shall consist of forty-one (41) hours per week, to be performed in the following manner: Two nights at eight hours each to be designated by the office, to be changed only upon one week's notice; all other nights during the week to be of six and one-half hours each. It is specifically understood that on the two designated eight-hour night shifts half of one hour for luncheon shall be allowed on office time, and as nearly as practicable in each office at the same time each working day or night, it being recognized that regularity of work and meals is essential not only to comfort but health. The publishers may send crews to luncheon, however, one or more full press crews at a time.

It is further understood and agreed that no press crew shall be sent to lunch before the third hour after starting work or be kept from lunch more than five hours after starting work, except on the six-and-one-half-hour night shift provided for in the next paragraph.

(2) It is agreed that on the six-and-one-half-hour nights the office shall have continuous operation and no lunch period is required to be given at the expense of the office, provided, however, that no press crew shall work longer than six and one-half hours without receiving a lunch period; provided further that if crews are required to work more than six and one-half hours the office shall designate the luncheon hour in accordance with the preceding section.

(3) Night work shall be between 8 P. M. and 8 A. M. except Saturday night, when the hours shall be between 5 P. M. and 5 A. M.

(4) Day work shall consist of eight consecutive hours per day, between 7 A. M. and 7 P. M., including half an hour for luncheon on office time.

(5) Color presses and rotogravure presses shall be operated, when required, in three shifts, a day shift of eight hours, a night shift of seven hours, and a third shift, part day and part night of seven hours, which last named two shifts shall be paid for at night rates, provided men working on either of the two seven-hour shifts on rotogravure and color presses shall receive a wage scale in excess of that established for black presses in an amount equal to one hour each week at time and a half. A luncheon period of one-half hour shall be allowed on office time on the eight-hour day shift; on either of the two seven-hour shifts men may be sent to luncheon in turn without shutting down the press or presses.

Overtime.

(6) Employes may be called in before their regular working hours or kept at work after their regular working hours whenever in the judgment of the office it is necessary, but all such work shall be paid for at time and one-half. When overtime extends beyond or before the day hours or beyond or before the night hours, the night overtime rate shall be paid.

(7) All time required and actually worked before or continued after their regular day or night's work shall be counted as overtime, and shall be paid for at the rate of time and one-half for any part of the first four hours of work and double time thereafter.

Early Calls and Call Back.

(8). When men are called back for work, after getting "good-day" or "good-night," they shall receive two ($2.00) dollars for the call and double time for all time actually worked after reporting at their positions.

Day men called before 7 A. M. shall be paid one ($1.00) dollar in addition to the regular day wage.

Compensation.

(9). It is agreed that the compensation rates shall be as follows:

For men in charge on day work they shall receive fifty-four ($54) dollars per week; journeymen on day work shall receive forty-eight ($48) dollars per week; juniors shall receive thirty-two ($32) dollars per week.

For men in charge on night work they shall receive fifty-seven ($57) dollars per week; journeymen on night work shall receive fifty-one ($51) dollars per week; juniors shall receive thirty-five ($35) dollars per week.

It is provided that the foregoing scale is agreed to by the parties to this contract with the following reservations:

(a). That the difference in the total compensation rates as proposed by the party of the first part in their proposed contract of Aug. 6, 1923, and the rates proposed by the party of the second part, in its proposed contract of May 4, 1923, shall be considered in the following manner:

That immediately the parties hereto agree to set up a Conciliation Board of three (3) members each, who shall proceed forthwith in an endeavor to reach an agreement upon the difference as between the compensation rates referred to in order to determine a permanent compensation rate.

Arbitration Provision.

In the event of the Conciliation Board failing to agree, that then and in such event the board thus named shall proceed to select three (3) disinterested persons, within fifteen (15) days who shall act as a Board of Arbitration to determine definitely such differences and all other differences not settled by conciliation as herein provided, it being understood that the voting power of such Board of Arbitration shall be confined to three (3) votes, to wit, one vote representing the party of the first part, one vote to represent the party of the second part, and one vote to represent the three (3) disinterested members of such Board of Arbitration.

If in ten days the Conciliation Board is unable to agree on the three disinterested persons, then the Governor of the State of New York, who was heretofore agreed on as a nominator by all parties now or previously interested, shall be called on to designate the three disinterested men or any number of the three on whom agreement was not arrived at.

It is agreed that in the interim the compensation rates operative as of section nine shall continue in full force and operation until a permanent compensation rate has been determined in accordance with the foregoing; provided, however, until such permanent rate of compensation is so determined, the extra payments now made in certain offices shall be so readjusted that no employe shall receive (including the three dollar per week increase in regular wages and the higher overtime rates herein provided) less compensation per week than such employe would have received for a corresponding number of hours' work prior to September 17, 1923.

It is provided that such permanent compensation rates agreed to in accordance with the foregoing shall be made retroactive to the date of this contract.

Agreement for One Year.

It is further agreed that the Conciliation Board heretofore provided shall add the parties hereto in preparing all the provisions necessary for a complete working contract for one year from Sept. 1, 1923, between the parties hereto; that the two proposed contracts submitted respectively by the President of the International Union to the New York Newspaper Owners on May 4, 1923, and the proposed contract submitted by the Publishers' Association of New York City to the New York City Union on Aug. 6, 1923, shall be used as the basis of discussion by the parties hereto in preparing such working contract for one year, and that any point or points on which the parties hereto cannot agree shall be decided finally by the said Conciliation Board, enlarged as provided and acting as an Arbitration Board by a majority or unanimous vote.

It is agreed that any contract arrived at pursuant to this agreement shall contain a clause providing for its renewal or replacement at expiration by arbitration in the event of failure to arrive at a complete agreement by conciliation or negotiation and that such arbitration shall be in accordance with the plan herein provided.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF this agreement is made this 21st day of September, 1923, and signed by the representatives of the party of the first part and the party of the second part to this agreement, the same having been duly authorized to do so.

FOR THE PUBLISHERS' ASSOCIATION OF NEW YORK CITY.
By the Committee of Owners.
FRANK A. MUNSEY,
W. R. HEARST,
RALPH PULITZER,
ADOLPH S. OCHS,
OGDEN REID,
HERBERT F. GUNNISON,
JOHN N. HARMON,
J. M. PATTERSON,
HENRY L. STODDARD,
R. F. R. HUNTSMAN,
C. BARSOTTI,
FELIX ARNOLD.

FOR THE INTERNATIONAL PRINTING PRESSMEN'S AND ASSISTANTS' UNION OF NORTH AMERICA.
GEORGE L. BERRY,
WILLIAM H. McHUGH,
S. B. MARKS,
JOSEPH C. ORR.

President Berry to Pressmen.

President Berry last night made public the following letter he had addressed to the pressmen of New York City collectively:

To the Newspaper Web Printing Pressmen of New York City and Vicinity.

Gentlemen: On Tuesday, Sept. 18, 1923, the President of the International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union of North America, acting in behalf of the Board of Directors of the International Union, issued a statement and a letter embodying a decision which contained the following provisions:

1. That the New York Newspaper Web Printing Pressmen's Union No. 25 had called a strike against the newspaper publishers of New York City that was illegal and without approval of the Board of Directors of the International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union of North America.

2. That the members of the New York Union of the International Printing Pressmen's Union No. 25, because of the illegal strike and the violation of the laws of the parent body, were directed to forthwith return to their employment and positions of duty in the newspaper offices in New York City.

3. That the Board of Directors of the International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union of North America were engaged in negotiations with the Publishers' Association of New York City prior to and at the time of the illegal strike and that the negotiations would be continued notwithstanding the illegal strike referred to.

The negotiations operating prior to the illegal strike have been continued and a contract has been formally executed in accordance with the authority set out in the constitution and laws of the International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union of North America.

The contract has been signed by all of the owners of the newspapers of New York City, members of the Publishers' Assbciation of New York City, and by the Board of Directors of the International Union.

The contract is specifically an international contract and the responsibilities of it in so far as the trades union obligations are concerned have been accepted and will be enforced by the International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union of North America.

Pressmen Invited.

All newspaper web pressmen of New York City and vicinity are invited to come within the purview of this agreement and reinstate themselves by so doing in the International Union.

The International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union of North America, through its Board of Directors, invites the return of newspaper web pressmen to both their positions and the parent body.

This notice, which should be understood, is being issued to give first opportunity to the newspaper web pressmen of New York to accept employment with the newspapers, to return to the International Union and to come within the scope of the provisions of the contract which has on this day, Friday, Sept. 21, 1923, been executed.

In accordance with universal trades union custom, found in practically all our contracts as between employers and employes' organizations, to wit, that when the union is unable to furnish employes in accordance with the terms of an agreement, that then and in such event the employer or employers have the right to engage such employes for the conduct of their business as it is possible for them to secure.

The International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union accepts this responsibility.' Therefore it is imperative that the newspaper web pressmen of New York City who desire to return to their employment in newspaper offices contracted by the International Union should do so by reporting immediately to their respective foremen for such employment.

International Upholds Agreement.

There must be no misunderstanding with regard to the determination of the International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union of North America to maintain its jurisdiction rights and uphold its contractual obligations.

Newspaper web pressmen of New York are therefore urged to give the co-operation that the Board of Directors of the International Union is entitled to and the respect to trades union law that should be the first concern of every trades unionist.

The contract makes adjustments of all matters in dispute except the extra men upon a sextuple, which it referred to further conciliation and then to arbitration in the event of the conciliation board failing. The arbitrators, three in number, with one vote upon a board of arbitration of three members, are to be selected by the Governor of the State of New York.

In the matter of wages, $54 per week for men in charge, $48 per week for journeymen, $32 per week for juniors on day work, $57 per week for men in charge, $51 per week for journeymen and $35 per week for juniors, night work, has been agreed to, with no reduction in pay for those receiving amounts in excess thereof on Sept. 17 1923, but that the difference as between the amount granted and provided for in the agreement and the amount demanded by the union will be immediately referred to conciliation and, if unable to settle, through arbitration, the three arbiters, with one vote, to be selected by the Governor of New York State.

Shorter Hours Obtained.

The hours of labor are forty-one hours per week, night work: two nights of eight hours each, with one-half hour for luncheon at expense of publisher; all other nights, six and one-half hours continuous operation, except that if more than six and one-half hours is worked that one-half hour for luncheon is required, same to be at the expense of the publisher.

For day work, it shall be of eight consecutive hours with one-half hour for luncheon at expense of publisher. No man shall be required to work more then five hours without luncheon period except in offices of six and one-half hour shifts, and no man will be required to take luncheon period until after three hours of work and no luncheon period can be given to individuals. Luncheon periods must be given to complete crews, either of one crew upon one press or upon all presses, or, in a word, luncheon period cannot be applied by leaving presses undermanned or uncovered.

Luncheon periods are required to occur at the same time each working day or night, as near as it is practicable to do so, the contract recognising that the regularity of work and meals are essential not only to comfort but to health.

Overtime for work performed before the regular working hours or after regular working hours shall be paid for at time and one-half. When overtime extends beyond or before the day hours or night the night overtime shall be paid.

Urged to Read Contract.

It is stipulated that the contract shall cover a period of one year and that when the further conciliation upon wages or the arbitration of the additional demands made by the union is settled that same shall be retroactive.

For the intimate information of all newspaper web pressmen of New York and vicinity a copy of the contract is made a part of this statement.

Every newspaper web pressman is urged to read it, and if it is read all will appreciate the fact that it is the best contract covering conditions and wages that has ever been executed in New York City, and it should be definitely understood that ample machinery has been set up for its further improvement in the matter of wages and in the number of men upon sextuple.

Again the International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union advise the newspaper web pressmen of New York City to return to the parent body and to accept the terms of this agreement in their interest, in the interest of constructive trades-unionism, in the interest of the newspapers of New York City and in the interest of the general public.

Issued in accordance with instructions and under direction of the Board of Directors of the International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union of North America. Fraternally,
GEORGE L. BERRY, President.

Pressmen Told of the Terms.

David Simons and a committee of pressmen met Mr. Berry at the Waldorf at 8:30 o'clock last night and were furnished with a copy of Mr. Berry's letter to the strikers. The committee remained with Mr. Berry until 10:30 and then went to Beethoven Hall, where about 1,600 pressmen were waiting for them.

Announcement of the agreement was greeted with shouts of disapproval aimed at Mr. Berry. His letter was read by James Moore and it was then announced that printed copies would be available at 3 o'clock this afternoon at Beethoven Hall. The pressmen were told to appear at Yorkville Casino, 210 East Eighty-sixth Street, Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock to vote on Mr. Berry's invitation to return to work.

Newspapers Circulate 99 Per Cent.

The circulation of the combined morning newspapers was 99 per cent. of normal yesterday, according to an announcement by the Publishers' Association. This was an increase of 41 per cent. over Thursday. The afternoon newspapers yesterday showed a 33 per cent. increase over the circulation of the previous day.

The publishers praised the efficient work of the police during the strike. The work of Sergeant William Turk of the Twenty-sixth Precinct, who had charge of the motorcycle men attached to THE TIMES, has been especially notable.

Fire apparatus under Deputy Chief Heffernan was summoned at 11:45 o'clock last night to 413-415 Pearl Street, the offices of the American News Company, where a truckload of newspapers was burning. Chief Heffernan said that during the loading of the truck some one had poured gasoline on the newspapers and then set fire to them.

UNDERWOOD QUOTED AS OPPOSING LEAGUE

Declares in Chicago He Is No Longer a Strong Advocate of Our Joining.

CHICAGO, Sept. 21.—Senator Underwood, Alabama's candidate for the Democratic Presidential nomination, is no longer a strong advocate of the League of Nations, he is credited by The Chicago Tribune today as saying in an interview.

To the Senator, once an eloquent advocate of the League, who was in Chicago on his way to Washington from a fishing vacation at Eagle River, Wis., was attributed the following statement: "I am no longer a strong advocate of the League of Nations. My original views are well known. However, on my trip abroad I saw the League at work. Developments then and subsequently have changed my attitude. The failure of the League to function in the dispute between Italy and Greece had much to do with this change."

The Senator also said he did not think the League would be an issue in the approaching Presidential campaign.

"The present Administration's lack of a definite foreign policy and its failure to achieve any notable accomplishments at home will furnish the best Democratic campaign material," the Senator was quoted by The Tribune as declaring.

The Republican Party in the coming session of Congress "will do little except mark time, fill the pork barrel and study its various candidates for the Presidential nomination," Senator Underwood declared in a statement last night.

"I don't think the Republicans are going to do anything except drift until the election next year," the Alabama Senator said.

SAYS EMPLOYE STOLE THE JOHNSON LETTER

San Francisco Call-Post Declares Senator's Message Thus Got to the Governor.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 21.—The San Francisco Call-Post published today an article stating that the confidential letter written by Senator Hiram W. Johnson to C. K. McClatchy, editor of The Sacramento Bee, in which the Senator discussed his political chances in 1924, was stolen from the private files of Albert E. Boynton, Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee, by George C. Hardwick, a former employe, who turned copies over to Governor P. W. Richardson and Andrew P. Lawrence, publisher of The San Francisco Journal.

The Call-Post says it has a signed confession from Hardwick, a resident of Berkeley, who admits taking the correspondence as personal revenge against Boynton and not to injure Senator Johnson, whom he did not know. Hardwick was dismissed from Boynton's employ last July. He is at present in distressed circumstances, with a wife and three children to support.

EDITH GOULD MAKES A HIT.

Her Husband Frank J. Fails to Stop Her Vaudeville Act.

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PARIS, Sept. 21.—Edith Kelly Gould opened a vaudeville act at the Alhambra Theatre which was a howling success with double police guard and firemen and a band of private detectives to prevent her husband, Frank J. Gould, from "crabbing" the act as he had threatened because she is using his name.

Mr. Gould is seeking an injunction in the French court and had threatened to rip down the bill posters and seize the programs and everything else, including the black velvet back drop, bearing the word "Gould."

Edith surprised the fashionable audience of every prominent American in France except one—Mr. Gould himself—with her sensational dancing, barelegged and in a backless, low cut gown with a special jazz band playing the latest American song hits.

Alfred de Courville came from London especially to stage the act.

Steel Frames Stand Earthquake.

A cable to the George A. Fuller Company yesterday said that the steel frames of buildings in Tokio were left in tact by the earthquake. The chief damage to buildings, it said, was the cracking of brick walls and farra cotta on first and second floors.

News Condensed

GENERAL.

Take Strike Vote—Word came from New Orleans that marine transport workers' department of the I. W. W. the country over were voting whether to strike in sympathy with 3,000 who are out in that city.

Ranch Foreman Slain—A dispatch from El Paso said that Holly Herring, foreman of War Finance Corporation cattle on the Ojo Fodico ranch, near Ascension, Chihuahua, had been found dead under mysterious circumstances and the State Department had been advised that murder was suspected.

For Grain Act Repeal—John R. Mauff, official of the Chicago Board of Trade, told the Indiana Millers' Association in Indianapolis that the Grain Futures act should be repealed in the interest of farmer and consumer.

Wearing It Long—Bobbed hair was conspicuously absent among women lawyers attending the national convention of the Kappa Beta Pi legal society in Chicago. Miss Nina Neuenfeldt, 21, of Detroit, the youngest delegate, said she had never lost a case.

Drought in Massachusetts—Lack of rain has led to serious water shortage in Woburn, North Adams, Pittsfield, Attleboro, Mansfield, Salem, Beverly, Peabody and Needham, Mass., while auxiliary sources have been found necessary in Newton, Shrewsbury, Milbury, Ipswich and Clinton.

Old Coal Mines Resumed—The Silverbrook mines, near Hazleton, Pa., abandoned twenty years ago, and said to be rich in coal, are to be reopened.

Slack Mill Season—The Goodall Worsted Company's mills in four Maine towns went on a four-day week because of slack demand for Palm Beach cloth, while the Sanford Mills Corporation's employes were working overtime on car plush and automobile upholstery.

Special Liquor Term—The Federal Court in Buffalo will convene in special term on Oct. 16 to try important liquor and narcotic cases, including the Hammondsport bogus champagne case and a counterfeit label and stamp case in which fifteen were arrested in Buffalo recently.

I. W. W.-ism No Crime—A California Court of Appeals in Los Angeles, granting a new trial to Felix Thornton, held that membership in the I. W. W. was not conclusive proof of criminal syndicalism and that the defendant was entitled to acquittal unless it was shown that the doctrines of the organization were denounced by statute.

Clinic Defeats Quacks—Plymouth Congregational Church in Seattle announced that it would enlarge its medical clinic, operated for four months because it had proved an efficient guard against quacks and had a record of general success.

Johnson for President—A movement to put the name of Senator Hiram Johnson of California for President on the official ballot in the Republican primaries of Nebraska was launched in Lincoln.

Shoup Is Willing—Oliver H. Shoup, ex-Governor of Colorado, told The Associated Press in Colorado Springs he was willing to be Calvin Coolidge's running mate in 1924.

Coolidge Favors Debates—In a letter to President Gray of Bates College, Lewiston, Me., which soon will debate with Oxford, President Coolidge approves international college debates as promoting amity.

Huge Sum for Roads—The Connecticut State Highway Commissioner said in Hartford that $15,000,000 would be available for Connecticut highways in the next two years, of which $10,000,000 would come from sources within the motor vehicle department.

All Possible to Knickers—A statement by the League of Women Voters in New Haven, Conn., urges women to go after all elective town offices and says that they should have more appointive ones, knickers even making them eligible as tree wardens, particularly as it is doubtful "whether men tree wardens do much climbing."

Aviators Reach Miami—Marine Corps Lieutenants Rogers and Palmer, who are flying from Santo Domingo to St. Louis, Mo., reached Miami from Havana and will start today for their goal via Washington.

Explosion Kills Miners—An explosion at the Benwood mine of the Wheeling Steel and Iron Company at Wheeling, W. Va., killed three miners. Their bodies were recovered from under tons of coal and stone.

WASHINGTON.

Heads Geological Survey—Dr. George Otis Smith will resume directorship of the Geological Survey after having been relieved to serve on the Coal Commission.

Survey Hospital Costs—Director Hines is surveying Veterans' Bureau hospital costs, hoping to reduce the present daily expense of $5.30 to $3.75 per man.

Fiume Tranquil—A Rome cablegram told the Italian Embassy that Fiume was tranquil and that Belgrade's attitude led Italy to anticipate successful negotiations.

To Study Reclamation—Five of seven men invited by Secretary Work to join a fact-finding commission to make a "blunt and unvarnished study" of Federal reclamation, already have accepted.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Honored at Recess Club—Sir Philip Pilditch, M. P. from Middlesex, England, and President C. A. Duniway of the University of Colorado, who sails today to become director of the American University Union in Great Britain, were luncheon guests of officers of the English-Speaking Union of the United States at the Recess Club.

Y. M. C. A. Meeting—Resumption in building, bigger Bible class enrollment and greater athletic activity were reported when the International Committee of the Y. M. C. A. met at Atlantic City to plan next year's work.

Teacher Asks Leave—Miss Lena M. Zipfel, public school teacher, reinstated with $16,661 back salary after seven years' fight following dismissal on misconduct charges, has applied for sick leave until next July.

Allows Publication Service—The Brooklyn Supreme Court permitted Mrs. Josie A. Taylor of Port Richmond, S. I., who says her husband has been missing six years, to serve a summons and complaint for dissolution of her marriage to Harry B. Taylor by publication.

Win Scout Scholarships—Charles August Jeanson 3d, 105 Seventy-ninth Street, and Noble P. Wiley, 485 East Eighth Street, both of Brooklyn, have won four-year scholarships offered to Boy Scouts by the McBurney School.

Killed at Grade Crossing—Ignoring a guard's warning, Simon Locke, 60, of Jamaica, Queens, stepped on the Long Island Railroad tracks at Union Hall Street and was killed by a train.

Flood in Queens—A rain-flooded street delayed for hours communication between Jamaica, where the elevated terminates, and Hollis, Hillside, Queens Village and adjacent communities.

Fuller Hearing Delayed—Arnold Rothstein is to be examined Wednesday at an M. M. Fuller & Co. bankruptcy hearing postponed from yesterday by Referee Coffin.

More Park Police—Following an attack upon a young woman and her companion in Central Park, eight patrolmen have been ordered to plain clothes duty there.

Courtroom Romance—Miss Elizabeth F. Farrell, 1,900 Daly Avenue, Bronx, Education Board truant officer, and John J. Hackett, acting chief clerk of the Municipal Term Court, were married. They met three years ago when she appeared in court against a parent.

Policemen Promoted—Ten Sergeants were made Lieutenants and ten patrolmen became Sergeants.

Fine Dahlias Shown—The annual Horticultural Society dahlia show opened in the Botanical Garden Museum, Bronx Park, and will continue today and tomorrow.

Youth's Body Recovered—The body of William Phifer of West New York, N. J., drowned in the Hudson off Yonkers three days ago, was recovered.

To Be Cooking Director—The Board of Superintendents has nominated to the Board of Education Miss Martha Westfall, now an assistant, to be director of cooking in the public schools.

Gets New Church.—The Rev. George J. Russell, pastor of the Church of the Puritans, has accepted a call to the Second Presbyterian Church.

CREDIT MEN OPPOSE BONUS.

Bounty Not Owing to Unscathed Soldier, Resolution Says.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 21.—Vigorous opposition to the renewed efforts of the American Legion to obtain a bonus for ex-service men was voiced today by the Board of Directors of the National Association of Credit Men.

"We rejoice that $500,000,000 a year is now being expended in the reconstruction of ex-service men," reads the resolution adopted at today's session. "If twice this sum were necessary we should be in favor of the payment of such a sum, because we feel strongly the obligation toward those who have suffered in the service of the nation. Those who have not suffered and who, for the most part, have benefited should, in our opinion, not receive a bounty at the expense of the taxpayer.

"The National Association of Credit Men since its foundation, in 1896, has stood for the rigid payment of obligations. We do not consider, however, that the country owes a bonus to the unscathed service men. We believe that in almost every case he has benefited physically, mentally and morally, and that in the large majority of cases he suffered little or no financial damage. In the general prosperity following the war, which prosperity brought with it increased real wages—that is, increased buying power as compared with 1918 and 1914—the ex-soldier has shared with the civilian."

The resolution points out that at this time it is "comparatively easy for any man to get employment" and holds that this fact discounts any emergency feature which might be argued for a bonus.

Opposition to price fixing of farm products through Congressional action was voiced in another resolution adopted by the directors.

ZR-1 OFF TO CAPITAL TODAY.

Will Dip Over White House and Honor Unknown Soldier.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., Sept. 21. — With ideal weather conditions promised by the Weather Bureau for tomorrow, the navy dirigible ZR-1 will leave about 9 o'clock in the morning for Washington on the flight to the grave of the Unknown Soldier. The Leviathan of the air is due at the capital between 1 and 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

It is planned to return to the Lakehurst hangar at 4. Half hour after sunset to give the crew the experience of landing at night.

PLAN TO END SHIP RACING.

Ocean Lines Ask Changes in Rules for Entry of Immigrants.

At a meeting yesterday afternoon in the offices of the North Atlantic Passenger Conference, 8 Bridge Street, attended by representatives of the twenty-six steamship lines in the organization, a plan was formulated which it is hoped will put an end to the danger incurred by racing into port at midnight with immigrants on the last of the month.

The plan, which is submitted to Henry H. Curran, Immigration Commissioner, on Monday is to change the place for timing the entry of immigrants into the United States from the imaginary line between Fort Wadsworth and Fort Hamilton to the Ambrose Channel Lightship. The time would be noted at that point, where there is plenty of sea room. It is also proposed to make the time of entry for counting the quota daylight on the morning of the first instead of midnight on the last day of the preceding month.

KILLED BY FALLING CORNICE

Army Engineer Felled in Midst of Crowd on Broadway.

Logan Philips, 40 years old, a civilian engineer in the army, was killed at noon yesterday by a twenty-five-pound iron bracket which fell from the cornice of the six-story Wessell Building, at 171 Broadway, as he was passing the building. Max Grossman, a clerk, of 451 Sixty-first Street, Brooklyn, was cut and bruised about the legs by the piece of iron hat bounced from Philips's head.

Philips, who lived with his wife and two children at 116 Ocean Avenue, Bay Shore, L. I., had left his office in the Army Building, 39 Whitehall Street, where he had conferred with Colonel Slattery of the Rivers and Harbors Division of the Army regarding the dredging of East Chester Creek, in The Bronx, which was to begin under Philips's supervision this morning.

Three Women Shoplifters Fined.

Mrs. Marie Amaro, 33 years old, of 122 West 134th Street pleaded guilty in Special Sessions to thefts of hosiery, negligee and other articles of wearing apparel worth $40 from Macy's on Sept. 13 and was fined $100. Fines of $25 each were imposed on Mrs. Elizabeth Mack, 55, of 602 First Avenue, and Mrs. Otilio Gonsales, 25, and Mrs. Grace Munoz, 30, both of 608 West 113th Street, when they pleaded guilty to shoplifting in the same store.

AGED WIDOW SLAIN IN HER CIGAR SHOP

Mrs. Elizabeth Berry Is Found Strangled Near a Busy Brooklyn Corner.

ONLY A FEW CENTS IN STORE

Poverty of Victim Discredits Robbery Theory—Rumors of Sailor Are Sole Clue.

Mrs. Elizabeth Berry, 63-year-old widow, was found murdered yesterday in the back room of her little cigar and candy shop at 5 St. Mark's Place at Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn, where she had eked out an existence since the death of her husband eight years ago.

Police scouted robbery as a motive, and an autopsy was ordered on the body for today. Excited talk among tenants of the five-story tenament in which the shop was situated mentioned a merchant sailor with a white cap as having been seen in the vicinity earlier in the day.

A council of police called hastily to the scene and composed of Inspector John J. Coughlin, chief of detectives, Captain George Busby, detective chief in Brooklyn; Captain Arthur Carey, head of the Homicide Bureau; Detective William Rodey, the Manhattan detective who ran down Gordon Hamby, and Acting Captain John J. Sullivan immediately dismissed robbery as a motive.

They found that Mrs. Berry's cash receipts never exceeded $3 to $4 a day. Yesterday apparently had yielded but a pittance—43 cents still lying in a dingy old cash register, and 11 cents which had fallen to the floor from the change pocket in her apron.

Patrolman Wilkinson of the Bergen Street Precinct said that on Wednesday he had lent her $5 because she was trying to make up enough to pay her rent.

SAY STOKES AGENTS OFFERED THEM BRIBES

Three Witnesses Declare They Were Asked to Defame Millionaire's Wife.

CHICAGO, Sept. 21.—Three witnesses told the State's Attorney's office today that they had received offers of money to sign affidavits defaming Mrs. Helen Elwood Stokes, according to Assistant State's Attorneys investigating Mrs. Stokes's charges that her husband, W. E. D. Stokes, wealthy New York hotel owner, had tried to injure her reputation in connection with his divorce action.

One of these witnesses, it was announced, was Thomas Flynn, a former sergeant of police, who said he had been approached by a private detective who offered him money to sign an affidavit that he had booked Mrs. Stokes under the name of "Helen Norwood" after a raid on a notorious club fifteen years ago. He refused, Flynn said.

After his story the books of the private detective agency were ordered brought to the State's Attorney's office.

Two women, it was declared, also said they had received offers of money from the keeper of an alleged disorderly house to sign affidavits that they had been inmates of the club with Mrs. Stokes.

3 MORE KILLED BY AUTOS.

Well-Dressed Elderly Woman, Unidentified, Among Them.

Mrs. Eula J. Gayle, 40 years old, of 30 West Fifty-ninth Street was arrested on a technical homicide charge last evening after the automobile she was driving had fatally injured a well-dressed unidentified woman in Lenox Avenue, near 116th Street. The chauffeur, whom the police recorded as Fred Burr Nsten, 27 years old, of 206 West Sixtieth Street, also was arrested for permitting Mrs. Gayle to drive without a license.

The victim of the accident was about 60 years old and wore numerous diamonds.

Frank Tugillo, 10, of 251 North Eighth Street, Brooklyn, died in Greenpoint Hospital last night after being knocked down by an automobile near his home. Louis Finkelstein, chauffeur, of 42 Conboy Street, was locked up on a technical homicide charge.

Charles R. Case, 71, who was knocked down by an automobile at Westbury, L. I., late Thursday night, died yesterday in the Nassau Hospital at Mineola.

TWO DIE IN AUTO WRECK.

New York Salesmen's Car Hits a Tree Near Norwich, N. Y.

NORWICH, N. Y., Sept. 21.—Woodruff Dobson, 606 West 146th Street, and Howard Grant, 237 East 163d Street, New York City, were killed last night when their automobile left the highway on a curve on the Norwich-Oxford State road and crashed into a tree and telephone pole.

Mr. Dobson's skull was fractured. Mr. Grant's neck was broken, and he died as he was being taken to a hospital. The victims were each about 25 years old. Grant was a bond salesman and Dobson a hardware salesman.

"BRILTUX"

Buy with taste and wear with pleasure

YOU need a Tuxedo. Every man does. And when you choose one you want authentic style, faultless fit, fine tailoring, sound service. We have the kind for you—

$50

Brill Brothers

Broadway at 49th St.
279 Broadway 47 Cortlandt St.

Lord & Taylor
FIFTH AVENUE
TELEPHONE FITZROY 1900

Values for Saturday
On the Third Floor

No. 1—Misses' New Top Coats—made of 100% Camel's hair, $45.

No. 2—The Lortay frock for women and misses—Jersey, $35—Twill, $55.

No. 3—Women's plaid or striped sports coats of English fabrics, $69.50—$175.

No. 4—Women's knitted suits in two-piece styles, $29.50 to $65.

BONWIT TELLER & CO.
The Specialty Shop of Originations
FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

A Remarkable Coat at a Remarkable Price

MISSES' COATS OF ARABELLA
135.00

With Large Collar and Elbow Length Cuffs of Finest Beaver, Squirrel or Viatka Squirrel

Jay-Thorpe Inc.
24-26 WEST 57th STREET

"THE POMPON HAT"

The smart woman still clings to felt for street wear—and Jay-Thorpe has designed a hat which exactly suits her needs. Close-fitting, and completed by a jaunty marabou pompon, it is the correct accompaniment to the newest autumn tailleur. Black, brown, wood and navy felt with pompons of harmonizing colors.

18.00

Stewart & Co.
Correct Apparel for Women & Misses
Fifth Avenue at 37th Street

SPECIAL OFFERINGS *TODAY*
At Extremely Low Prices

Smocked Jersey Frocks	18.50
Sports Suits in Eight Versions	39.50
Fur Collared Sports Coats	55.00
Hats for Bobbed and Small Heads	10.00
Sports and Dress Skirts	12.75
Embroidered Costume Blouses	5.00
Smart Hand Bags	2.95

SALE
of fall suitings and overcoatings bought at the STOUTENBURGH *Dissolution*
original prices $75—$125
NOW MADE-TO-ORDER FOR
$47.50
Today is the last day. Be measured and fitted now. You need not take delivery until October.
Arnheim
CUSTOM TAILOR SINCE 1877
BROADWAY AT NINTH STREET

THE thoroughbred style that New York takes for granted in all Young's Hats is supplemented by this notable fact:—*they make you look your best.*

$4 - $5 - $7

Borsalino Soft Hats $10
(Made in Italy)

Young's Hats
NONE BETTER MADE
"ALL OVER TOWN"

WILL SOON REOPEN PHARAOH'S TOMB

Excavators Set Early November for Resumption of Their Work at Luxor.

EXPECT TO FIND KING'S BODY

Two Years of Exploration Ahead—New York Times Will Distribute News in America.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—The London Times this morning prints the following announcement:

"The Times has now completed arrangements with the executors of the late Lord Carnarvon for the continuance of the agreement which was made in the early part of this year for the distribution throughout the press of the world of the news and photographs of Mr. Howard Carter's discoveries in the tomb of Tut-ankh-Amen.

Work to be Resumed in November.

"Work at the tomb will be resumed early in November and will proceed, it is hoped, without interruption until next Spring. Mr. Carter and those associated with him hope that this will result in important new discoveries, not only from the clearance of the chambers already entered but in the great sarcophagus which was found intact at the end of last season's work.

"The sarcophagus has yet to give up its secret. It is believed to contain the body of King Tut-ankh-Amen, and if this is proved to be correct, as the excavators confidently expect, the spectacle may be even more gorgeous than any they have yet looked upon.

"Accordingly, interest in the tomb, far from being exhausted, should be intensified as the work proceeds during the coming season, and The Times has arranged for the supply of dispatches and photographs on the same scale as last Spring. The Times service of news and illustrations of the discoveries will, as before, be placed at the disposal of every newspaper, magazine or other periodical publication in the world which wishes to have it.

Previous Press Arrangement Confirmed.

The executors of the late Lord Carnarvon have confirmed the arrangement by which the whole of the serial publication rights of the expedition were placed in the hands of The Times. These rights include all news of the discoveries, special articles, interviews and photographs relating to the several chambers of the tomb of King Tut-ankh-Amen. Neither Mr. Carter nor any member of his party will supply news articles or photographs to any other individual newspaper or agency. No other service will be authorized.

"Last Spring The Times established an organization for the world-wide distribution of the material secured under this arrangement. By means of this organization simultaneous publication was secured in London and provincial newspapers, and in those on the Continent of Europe, North and South America, South Africa and Australia. By a separate arrangement the Egyptian native press was at its own request given advantage of the service. The fullest precautions will be taken to protect The Times copyright.

"This arrangement, it may be repeated, was originally made and has since been confirmed chiefly because the discoverers found it an impossible task to supply the press of the whole world individually with news and illustrations of their discoveries. They had either to employ some one agency or to see their work interrupted and delayed almost indefinitely. They decided on a single agency, and that agency is The Times. The organization which The Times built up in the early part of the year is still available and will be strengthened if necessary."

Still Greater Finds Looked For.

Howard Carter, lecturing in London today on the discovery of Tut-ankh-Amen's tomb, said that, although 600 objects had been removed from the antechamber, they represented only a quarter of the material in the tomb. In the annex in the tomb chamber and the inner store chamber the task of removal would occupy two years or more.

"Moreover," he said, "the material before us is without doubt of greater interest and value than that with which we have already dealt. The task of the coming Winter will by the dismantling of the shrines within the sepulchre and the examination of the royal mummy within its sarcophagus. Here I believe we shall find crowns and other regalia of Tut-ankh-Amen. The imagination falters at the thought of what the tomb may yet disclose. There are still many exciting moments in store for us before we complete our task."

Distribution of news and photographs in the United States and Canada of discoveries at the tomb will, as before, be made through THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Report Big Anti-Fascista Plot.

MILAN, Sept. 21.—Discovery of documents showing the existence of a vast Communist organization for anti-Fascista purposes was announced today by the police after a raid on the home of a woman named Bonzoni.

PLEASED BY APPEAL TO WORLD COURT

But the Small Powers Want an Unequivocal Ruling on the League's Status.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Sept. 21.—While Signor Salandra was still struggling to prevent the question of the competence of the League to intervene in the Greco-Italian dispute from going to the Court of International Justice the representatives of four small powers made an insistent demand before the Assembly today that judgment on these matters be made unequivocal, and that the Council's action be firm enough to disperse the clouds of pessimism showing on the League horizon.

The four speakers were Motta of Switzerland, Loudon of Holland, Nansen of Norway and Zahle of Denmark. Motta, usually one of the most insurgent members of the Assembly, was content that the questions in dispute should be dealt with "entirely removed from any reference to the unfortunate incidents which raised them." London was anxious that the decision of the Council on the manner in which any or all questions raised were to be presented to the World Court should be communicated to the members as soon as possible. Nansen urged the Council to take no other method of dealing with the situation than reference to the court.

"I am sure," he said, "that the decisions of the court will create greater confidence in the mind of the world at large than any other possible decision."

Zahle, who is Danish Minister to Stockholm and a member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration, speaking for his country and for many members of the Assembly, declared:

"The great task of the future is the organization of international law on the basis of the League of Nations. That is the only hope for European peace in the future, and we consider that if that hope fails Europe will be marching toward new struggles and new disasters."

He himself and others in close touch with the work of the League, he said, appreciated what had been done and its importance in international life but they must face a hard fight against established prejudices and historical traditions and they could not disregard critics who reproached them with not having done more. Clouds were darkening the horizon, and pessimism and distrust were increasing. The League must put its house in order and show the world it understood and was ready to meet its responsibilities.

In Nansen's speech there was a word of warning also to the League and to the Council that by not tackling the reparations problem they were incurring a terrible risk. He expressed his satisfaction that from the meeting of Premiers Poincaré and Baldwin in Paris there had resulted some patching up of recent disagreements. The time was short, he said, in which a settlement could be made.

"If the world does not have a settlement within a few weeks great and terrible calamities must ensue," he said, "and every country will regret, too late, that Europe was not saved."

GENEVA, Sept. 21 (Associated Press). The Commission on Reduction of Armaments concluded its first reading of the proposed treaty of mutual assistance. The text of the treaty will be reported to the Assembly soon, though a number of points are still to be definitely drafted by the jurists.

One clause submitted by the experts seems to be based on the idea that the United States one day will sign this treaty. It declares that the treaty shall be considered as entering into force when it has been ratified by the United States.

An important new clause has been inserted concerning the establishment of demilitarized zones between neighboring countries. This idea has been inspired by the decision of the Lausanne peace conference to create neutral, demilitarized belts between the new European Turkey and the adjacent States. The new treaty clause stipulated that all neutral zones should be arranged by direction of the League Council.

MARTIAL LAW CHIEF IS CHANGED IN JAPAN

Gendarmerie Commander Also Loses His Post, Due to Dissatisfaction in Stricken Zone.

TOKIO, Sept. 21 (Associated Press).—France intends to pay Japan in cash 50,000,000 yen ($25,000,000) in treasury notes due on Nov. 22, Paul Claudel, the French Ambassador, informed the Yokohama Specie Bank today.

General Fukuda has been succeeded as commander of the zone of martial law by General Yamanashi, an ex-Minister of War. The commander of the gendarmerie also was relieved of his post. These changes are reported due to the Cabinet't dissatisfaction with the manner in which the military administration has been carried on since the earthquake.

Late reports from Tottori say that 500 houses were destroyed in the recent flood there, but do not mention the fate of the 5,000 persons whom a previous dispatch from Yokohama reported missing.

Communication with Tottori is proving difficult, and inquiries have been sent to Osaka to learn the particulars.

Tottori, a town of 30,000 to 40,000 population, is situated in the valley of the Sendaigawa, 114 miles from Kyoto, the ancient capital of Japan.

BALDWIN IN LONDON, WON'T DISCUSS RUHR

Paris's Satisfaction at Interview of Premiers Not Altogether Shared in London.

GERMAN COLLAPSE FEARED

Poincare Meanwhile Prepares for Berlin Surrender—Occupied Areas to Have Own Currency.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—Premier Baldwin arrived home tonight from Paris. Asked for a statement on the Ruhr situation, he replied: "We have had a devil of a crossing."

There can be no doubt about the personal success achieved by Mr. Baldwin in Paris. It seems certain that the two Prime Ministers were able to clear away minor misunderstandings, and there is reason to believe that the imminent collapse of German passive resistance made it easier for them to come to general decisions for a common plan of future action.

The extreme satisfaction shown in Paris is not, however, altogether shared in official circles in London, where it is held that certain serious obstacles to co-operation have by no means been removed and where fear is expressed that complete collapse and disruption of Germany may at any moment render the best of plans nugatory.

Poincaré Sees Baldwin Off.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 21.—Premiers Baldwin and Poincaré said good-bye with many smiles at the Gare du Nord at noon when the British Prime Minister left for London.

Out of the mass of discussion over the meeting of the chiefs of the Governments the French seem to have reached the conclusion that henceforth England will do nothing to hinder what they regard as the final phase of the Ruhr contest, for it is reasoned that if the English Government intended to continue the mediation efforts opposed by the French or carry out its threat of separate negotiations with Germany, the cordial communiqué of the day before yesterday written by Mr. Baldwin himself would not have been issued.

The Quai d'Orsay today issued a denial of the German report that the British and Belgian Governments have intervened in Paris to obtain evacuation of the Ruhr. The French state positively that all Chancellor Stresemann's efforts at negotiations will amount to absolutely nothing until he orders an official end of passive resistance and agrees to occupation of the Ruhr. Paris will give no promises in advance to obtain a German backdown, insisting on unconditional surrender.

The creation of Rhineland money announced in Coblenz today is pointed to as only one of the steps the French intend to take to keep the Ruhr running on their own account if Germany does not yield.

The date of the next meeting of Mr. Baldwin and M. Poincaré has not been definitely fixed, but will take place probably in two weeks in London.

Local Money for Occupied Areas.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, Sept. 21.—The Interallied High Commission is taking measures to meet the difficulties resulting from a shortage of currency throughout occupied Germany by authorizing local money consisting of notes and tokens bearing the name of each locality issuing it.

This money can be issued either by municipalities, banks or private firms, but circulation is strictly limited to the district of its origin. It is to be guaranteed under the High Commission's control by either municipalities or banks.

The new currency will be known as "notgeld"—emergency money. A decree has been issued regulating the machinery under which the new scheme will be worked.

BERLIN TO MAKE NEW MOVE.

Ready to Call Ruhr Resistance Off Without Asking Evacuation.

Copyright, 1923, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

BERLIN, Sept. 20.—The Berlin press, it is said, will publish soon a semi-officially inspired statement that the Government is prepared officially to declare passive resistance dead without asking France to begin the evacuation of the Ruhr as a compromise.

The Government's offer to France and Belgium, made in personal conversations and not in official notes, includes a statement of its willingness to discuss reparations and re-establish the pre-war conditions of production in the Ruhr. A few things are asked in return, such as freeing political prisoners, which merely is done to save the Government's face in front of the terrific nationalist and monarchist attack.

The Government hears that the Franco-British entente is stronger than it has been for many months, but instead of taking this as a blow to Germany, as hitherto, it is seen as a British-French unity favorable to a Ruhr solution which Germany can accept.

TWO FRENCH WARSHIPS TO LEAVE FOR CHINA

Paris Hears They May Take Part in Supporting the Landing of an International Police.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 21.—The Presse says tonight that two French cruisers are being equipped at Brest to proceed to China, possibly to take part in supporting the landing of the international police force "to be organized by the United States."

The Chinese Press Bureau issued a long statement here today saying that several Governments headed by Japan are planning on the pretext of halting the revolution to send an expedition to China for the purpose of seizing concessions and special rights.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PEKING, Sept. 21.—The contest for supremacy in the Province of Hunan proceeds briskly. Panic prevails at Changsha and foreign marines have been landed to guard the consulates. Every foreign steamer entering Changsha for the past week has been subjected to heavy rifle fire.

REDS RENEW BATTLE WITH BULGAR TROOPS

Proclaim a Soviet Republic in Nova Zagora Before the Soldiers Drive Them Out.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company,
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SOFIA, Sept. 21.—Before dawn this morning bands of armed Communists simultaneously attacked the barracks at Stara Zagora and the police station at Chirpan in Southern Bulgaria with the object of freeing their leaders, who were arrested in the recent round-up directed by the Government.

After pitched battles with the soldiers and police, both bands were put to flight. They suffered heavy losses.

Other armed bands also entered the town of Nova Zagora, which had no garrison, occupied all of the public buildings and proclaimed a Soviet republic.

Attempts to do likewise were made in several large villages in the same neighborhood, but were foiled in every case. At Nova Zagora, however, there was some bloodshed before the forces from neighboring garrisons succeeded in overcoming the invaders.

SUES TO DISSOLVE HOUSE OF DAVID CULT

Woman Convert in $20,000 Federal Action Asks Receiver for Purnell Colony.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Sept. 21.—Another broadside was hurled at the walls of Shiloh House, "King" Benjamin Purnell's residence at the house of David Colony in Benton Harbor, when Mrs. Estella R. Meldrim, a member of the cult for twenty years, filed suit in Federal Court here today asking dissolution of the colony and the appointment of a receiver for its extensive properties.

The bill asks enforcement of claims in excess of $20,000 and requests an injunction to prevent disposal of the colony funds.

Charges of abuse, fraud, the teaching of perjury, deprivation of civil rights and accusations of immorality are made in the bill against Purnell, who is a fugitive on a statutory charge.

1,800 MINE WORKERS QUIT.

Object to Eight-Hour Day in Form of Two Turns of Four Each.

HAZLETON, Pa., Sept. 21.—All operations at the Lehigh & Wilkes-Barre Coal Company's three collieries and four strippings near here were tied up today by a strike of 1,800 men and boys over a disagreement on the recently established eight-hour shift for workers who heretofore were on duty twelve hours. The men assert that the company wanted to make the shift in two turns of four hours each, with a four-hour idle period between the turns. The employes contend this is not in accordance with the meaning of the new wage contract and they want a straight eight-hour day.

Striking mule drivers at the Drifton mine of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company resumed work today. They refused to work yesterday because the day before they had to return home owing to a lack of miners to operate working places.

The production of anthracite in the Hazleton region yesterday was about 18,000 tons, or a little more than half of normal.

$70,000 IN GEMS STOLEN.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 21.—The theft of $70,000 worth of jewelry from a woman said to be prominent in Philadelphia society was revealed today in a newspaper advertisement offering $1,000 reward. Police admitted that the robbery took place three weeks ago in a beach front hotel at Michigan Avenue but refused to disclose what establishment was involved.

DISCLOSURES NEAR IN POLICE INQUIRY

District Attorney's Office and Counsel for Corrigan Promise 'Important Revelations.'

STILL HUNTING FOR SHEVLIN

Enright's Brother May Be Called in Further Investigation of Petrucci Case.

Developments this week in the Crain inquiry into the police graft charges and counter-charges have brought the investigators to the brink of important disclosures, in the opinion of Assistant District Attorney Pecora and John D. Lindsay, counsel for Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan.

Although Mr. Lindsay has said that he has a mass of material relating to cases other than those already touched upon in the inquiry, Mr. Pecora is disposed to continue keeping the spotlight turned on the so-called Petrucci case, involving Detectives Lambert and Morrison on a charge of accepting a $2,500 bribe to let a load of liquor pass and three high officials of the department in the ownership of the liquor.

"The District Attorney's office feels that there is considerably more information which may be brought to light in the Petrucci case," said Mr. Pecora yesterday. "We are going to continue our efforts to get at the bottom of it. There is enough evidence to warrant the District Attorney thoroughly investigating every angle of the case."

One of the things hampering Mr. Pecora and Mr. Lindsay in the Petrucci case is the change in the attitude of witnesses in the interval between their appearance before Chief Inspector William J. Lahey and Judge Crain. One police witness after another has repudiated his testimony with regard to important details of the case. Others have displayed a singular lack of memory.

Patrick H. Enright, Commissioner Enright's brother, may be called as a witness next week, it was learned yesterday. Enright is a civilian stenographer at headquarters. Grant Crabtree, chief clerk of the Police Department, was ordered last week to produce records about Patrick Enright's appointment, his salary, &c. Mr. Lindsay has not disclosed why Enright's name was brought into the proceedings.

Mr. Lindsay is expected next week to go rather deeply into the affairs of George J. Shevlin, who figured in the Petrucci case; "Manny" Kessler, alleged bootlegger, for whom former Inspector Alfred W. Thor admitted he cashed a $2,000 check, and others of their acquaintance. Kessler's bank accounts, in part, already have been introduced in evidence.

The failure of Shevlin to appear Thursday in the United States District Court and his consequent forfeiture of a $20,000 bond have not caused Mr. Pecora and Mr. Lindsay to relax their efforts to bring him before Judge Crain. United States District Attorney William Hayward has also joined the search for Shevlin as a result of the issuance of a bench warrant for his arrest by Federal Judge Hutcheson.

Shevlin's statements before Chief Inspector Lahey furnished important corroboration in the Petrucci case. Shevlin admitted being the owner of the liquor which Morrison and Lambert stopped. He declared that his employe, "Billy" Dwyer, told him that the detectives took $2,500 from him after they had halted the load, but that later $1,000 was "kicked back." Asked by Inspector Lahey whether he had a permit to move the liquor, Shevlin said he had not.

HELD IN THE KESSLER CASE.

Former Prohibition Agent and a Saloon Keeper Put Under Bond.

Edward Ward, formerly a prohibition agent, and Robert Kelterborn, a saloon keeper, were arrested yesterday and held in $500 and $1,000 bail respectively as material witnesses in the case against "Mammy" Kessler, George J. Shevlin and twenty-two others, charged with the illegal withdrawal of 4,900 cases of whisky and 200 cases of champagne from the Republic Storage Warehouse, 541 West Thirty-fourth Street. Judge Joseph C. Hutcheson fixed bail.

Both Ward, giving his address as 470 West Thirty-fourth Street, and Kelterborn, who gave his business address as 966 Sixth Avenue, were released on surety bond.

Ward expressed great surprise when he was arrested. He maintained that it was he who discovered the looting of the Republic Storage Warehouse and furnished the information with which the stolen liquor was traced and most of it recovered. Kelterborn is alleged to have bought some of the stolen whisky.

Seven freight cars loaded with beer were seized yesterday in the freight yards of the Central Railroad of New Jersey at Communipaw, N. J. The beer was en route from Philadelphia to New York.

A still, a quantity of liquor and mash were seized last night in an apartment on the first floor of 169 Perry Street. Charles Kenkowsky, living in the apartment, was arrested.

Proceedings to close twenty-seven cafés in Newark and other Jersey establishments alleged to be continually violating the Volstead act were begun yesterday in Newark.

Japanese Fund Now $9,334,100.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The National Red Cross Fund for Japanese Relief now totals $9,334,100, and of this amount the Washington Division has contributed $5,160,000.

MARRIAGE IS SLAVERY, SAYS MRS. BELMONT

For This Reason, She Asserts, She Would Not Urge a Girl to Get Married.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Sept. 21.—Chiefly because "marriage is a sort of slavery" Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont of New York, President of the National Woman's Party, declared here yesterday that she would not recommend marriage for any girl.

"I would not say, in so many words, that marriage is a failure," she said, "but it seems to me that statistics speak for themselves."

Most of the opposition to the equal rights movement comes from the women "of the clinging vine type," Mrs. Belmont said. "Intelligent men are with us. Among the men our only opponents are the 'small town man' and the church organizations."

Mrs. Belmont is here to preside over the Western States Conference tomorrow of the National Woman's Party and to attend the equal rights memorial pageant, which is to be given in the Garden of the Gods Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Belmont said she opposed smoking by women on economic grounds. "In this day of competition, those who want to get ahead cannot afford to drug their brains," she said. "I don't think girls' smoking is a crime, but I don't like to see it—especially to see a girl smoking with a man."

URGES BLOOD TESTS TO STOP MISMATING

Dr. W. S. Bainbridge Says They Would Show Whether Marriage Would Be a Success.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 21.—Unhappy marriages can be prevented by blood tests, Dr. William S. Bainbridge of New York today told the American Association of Obstetricians, Gynecologists, and Abdominal Surgeons in convention here.

Dr. O. M. Gruhzit of Detroit presented the theory that there were four kinds of blood. In the discussion, Dr. Bainbridge asserted that by taking blood tests of persons in love, unhappy unions could be forestalled, as only the mating of persons in the same blood group could be recommended. This would result, he explained, in the marriage of people who had a natural affinity for each other, and who could withstand the trials of life.

Cleveland was chosen as the place for the next convention.

NOT ON VERGE OF WAR.

T. W. Lamont Criticizes Loose Talk of Returning Tourists.

CHICAGO, Sept. 21.—Thomas W. Lamont of J. P. Morgan & Company, in a broad analysis of European conditions and international politics at the dedication today of the building of the Chicago Trust Company, asserted that Europe was not on the verge of war.

"I venture to differ radically with some of our recently returning American travelers, who, upon arriving upon our blessed shores, proceed to thank God we are not as other men are, and then go on to say that Europe is nothing but a seething caldron of greed and hate, on the imminent verge of boiling over into active war.

"I no more look to see war break out in Europe tomorrow than I expect to see fighting between the United States and Canada. And saying that, I do not mean to minimize the vast seriousness of those problems which, lacking complete solution as yet, are affecting our own prosperity at home.

TAX EXEMPTION EXTENDED.

Estimate Board Approves Ordinance for Relief Until April 1 Next.

At its first meeting since the Summer recess the Board of Estimate yesterday voted to extend until April 1, 1924, the ordinance allowing tax exemption on certain classes of dwellings.

The ordinance was passed by the Aldermen on June 26 last and was approved by the Mayor on July 2. The approval of the Board of Estimate was necessary to make it effective. Under the ordinance one-family dwellings receive a maximum exemption of $5,000 and two-family dwellings a maximum of $10,000, at the rate of $1,000 a room. Multi-family houses on the same basis may receive a maximum exemption of $15,000.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK

Men's and Boys' Apparel
and
Fall Housefurnishings
ARE FEATURED
FOR TODAY'S SHOPPERS

Prices Are Lowest-In-The-City

No Space Here For Details — Come In and See For Yourself

EIGHTY YEARS OF FAITHFUL SERVICE
GIMBEL BROTHERS
32D STREET—BROADWAY—33D STREET—NEW YORK CITY

Hundreds of Special Offerings All Throughout the Store
TODAY!
Specially planned sales of Men's and Women's apparel today. Copies of our daily announcements are at all entrances of the store. Walk through.

Stern Brothers
West 42nd St. West 43d St.
NOTEWORTHY OFFERINGS IN
Misses' Fall Coats and Frocks
Girls' Dresses
Boys' and Students' Suits
Women's Hats—Umbrellas
as well as other seasonable merchandise
Space limitation does not permit of any further details

No man can afford to wear his last year's bonnet and look a year older for $2.85.

$2.85 ALL ONE PRICE
WATCH MY FIVE-FOOT STYLE SHELF
Trulys Warner
Headquarters For Hats
STORES EVERYWHERE OPEN EVENINGS SEE TELEPHONE BOOK

The McCreery Men's Shop
"Drizzler" Topcoats
They're Shower-proof
$38
Double weather coats in loose, draping, box-coat models of imported and domestic Cheviots, Tweeds, and Shetlands, in Tan, Gray, Brown, and Heather shades. Sizes 34 to 46.
Other Fall Topcoats $28.50 to 65.00.
New Fall Suits
43.00 48.00 55.00
New complete stock in new weaves and new colors.
4 pc. Golf Suits
Special 33.50
(Second Floor)
James McCreery & Co.
FIFTH AVE. 35TH STREET

FALL BED & BEDDING SALE
No Space to Tell the Whole Story
BUT—Savings up to 50%
Dozens of Other Big Bargains
$13.50 metal beds.....$7.95
$17.50 mattresses....$12.50
$10.25 link springs....$7.50
$12.50 metal cribs.....$8.75
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LET us prove to you that our new Fall hats have all the quality that can be put into a hat at any price. No amount of money will buy better style, more wear, or more becoming looks. That's why we are the largest hat retailers in the twenty-five principal cities in America.
(See the hats in our windows—we couldn't get space to show them in this ad.)
All One Price
$2.75
Kaufman
World's Largest Retailer of Hats

PLOT TO USE WARD IN FLEECING FATHER

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

ranged, and did transmit them to the father, said George S. Ward, and the substance of the said letters and phone calls to the effect that it was threatened to expose the said son of the said George S. Ward and disgrace him, and to impute to him immorality and immoral acts, but that the said George S. Ward refused to pay the money or give up the property and was making an investigation.

"Wherefore deponent prays that a warrant may issue against the said Lewis and Rogers and that they be dealt with according to law.

"Subscribed and sworn to before me, Aug. 1, 1922.

"JAMES J. CUNNINGHAM,
"WILLIAM F. BLEAKLEY, Westchester County Judge."

Ward's Story in the Record.

The introduction of this affidavit during the testimony of Sheriff Werner was the second strong touch that developed while that official was on the witness stand. Early in his examination the typewritten statement handed to the officials on May 22, 1922, when Ward surrendered—his only detailed version of the slaying—was put into the record.

When Werner was sworn he was questioned by Mr. O'Neill about the identification of Peters, and the Sheriff corroborated the evidence of his assistant, Ray Hill, that the Navy Department had recognized the man's fingerprints. He testified to a visit to his home in May, a few days before Ward gave himself up, by Ward and two of his attorneys, Mr. Campbell and his associate, State Senator Ellwood M. Rabenold. They sat in the Sheriff's parlor, and Mr. Campbell, in the presence of Ward, told how his client had described the death of Peters.

"He said," the Sheriff testified, "that Ward met three men, 'Charley Ross,' 'Jack Rogers' and 'Pete' at the junction of Westchester Avenue and Curtis Street, between White Plains and Port Chester, on the night of May 15. The three men were in a red Stutz car and Ward was in his Peerless coupe. Pete got into the car with Ward and, pointing a gun at him, said, 'Now you drive!'

"Ward was directed to the spot where the body of Peters was later found, near the end of Kensico Lake. Ward was told to stop on the right hand side of the road. The Stutz pulled up ahead and stopped diagonally across the front of Ward's car. Ward, still covered by the gun, was told to get out. There was some trouble getting the door open, and while it was being opened by 'Pete' Ward reached with his left hand and got his revolver.

Two Cars and the Shooting.

"While 'Pete' stood with one foot on the ground and one on the running board, Ward grabbed 'Pete's' right hand in his right hand and 'Pete's' gun went off, the shot passing out through the open window of Ward's car.

"Ward then reached out and shot 'Pete,' who staggered back. Ward held his hand until he dropped. The people in the Stutz opened fire on Ward, who returned the fire. Eight or nine shots were exchanged. During the shooting one of the men in the Stutz grabbed at his shoulder as if he had been hit. The driver of the Stutz then drove off rapidly in the direction of Chappaqua. Ward drove a short distance up the road, turned around and drove back to White Plains, stopping to pick up 'Pete's' gun as he passed."

Under examination by Mr. O'Neill the Sheriff recalled that he had come into this city later in the night that Ward visited his home at Rye and that he had met Ward at the West Forty-seventh Street station. A tour of the Tenderloin and a visit to First Avenue and Second Street, in a hunt for "Ross" and "Rogers," failed to yield any results.

Ward's Story to the Sheriff.

When it came time to start back for Westchester County the Sheriff said that Ward invited him to make the trip in the Peerless coupé. On the trip up, according to the Sheriff's testimony, Ward told him that he had encountered the blackmailers on the Sunday night preceding the shooting of Peters; that his meeting had taken place on a lonesome stretch of road near Rye, and that Ward said he and the alleged blackmailers had engaged in a heated debate. They had displayed revolvers and threatened him unless a large sum of money were paid without further delay. According to Ward's story, as the Sheriff narrated it for the prosecution, the blackmailers fired on Ward as he drove away in his machine, and one of the windows in the car was shattered by a bullet.

In the statement which Ward's counsel gave on the occasion of his surrender it was stated that the Westchester officials had been informed of the activities of the blackmailers.

"Was a complaint ever made to you by Ward about these blackmailers before that?" Mr. O'Neill asked.

"No, sir."

"Did you search for such persons as Charley Ross and Jack Rogers?"

"Yes."

"Did you find them?"

"No."

Ward Offered to Aid Inquiry.

"When I called on you," said Mr. Campbell, "did you have any suspicion as to who had fired the shot that killed Peters?"

"No, sir."

"Was Ward any different to you than any one else?"

"He was not."

"Did he offer to co-operate with you in your investigation?"

"Yes, sir."

"And did you accept?"

"Yes."

The preface to the introduction of the Cunningham affidavit, with its purported outline of the Ward family "skeleton," came at this point. Producing the warrant which Judge Bleakley issued on the affidavit, Mr. Campbell offered it in evidence. It was explained that the affidavit and the warrant were disclosed because of the Sheriff's testimony that Ward had not asked for a warrant against his foes, nor had he tried to make a formal complaint against them. The defense, in the Cunningham affidavit, wished to establish that such a complaint had been made and that there existed no reason for Ward to file another.

Fix Time of Warrant.

"This warrant," said Mr. Campbell, "was issued about the time you made the request of Walter S. Ward, or a little after the time that you made the request of him to make a complaint?"

"Yes," said Sheriff Werner.

"And instead of his making it, it was made by Cunningham!"

"Yes."

"So that when that was made there was not any necessity for his taking any further action?"

"I object to that," snapped Mr. O'Neill, and he was sustained by Justice Wagner. Objection also was made and sustained when the warrant was offered in evidence. When the complaint, however, was produced and Mr. O'Neill, with surprise, asked "Where did you get this?" the warrant was admitted to evidence with the complaint.

The reason for Cunningham making such a complaint was not sought yesterday, and this occasioned a great deal of speculation. Early in the case, when the authorities were searching for "Ross" and "Rogers," Cunningham got into communication with a newspaper that had advertised a substantial reward for information about the case. He made various statements to representatives of this newspaper and to the Westchester authorities. Later he was put in the White Plains Jail, and was often questioned by Sheriff Werner and District Attorney Frederick W. Weeks.

After his initial outburst of disclosures Cunningham became reticent, protesting against his confinement. Deputy Sheriffs made several trips on information said to have been furnished by Cunningham in his interviews with the Sheriff, but each time the clues ended without an arrest.

In cross-examination he was asked if it were not police practice to carefully identify all weapons by the manufacturer's number that appears on all of them. Chief Cody said this was the usual and certain method of identification.

Edward F. Fitzgerald, Coroner, the next witness, was asked by Mr. O'Neill if he had been present with the other officials when Ward surrendered on May 22, 1922. The Coroner said he was there and had talked to Ward in the Sheriff's office.

"I said, 'You are lucky they didn't get you,'" he testified, "and Ward replied, 'Yes, I might not be so lucky later on.'"

Another witness was Dr. Ramon Vail of Thompsonville, Conn., who said that he had been a friend of Ward for about a year. He testified that Ward had once remarked to him that he, Ward, was "fortunate to be alive," and that he had fired with his left hand in self-defense, believing that "he had dropped two men."

"Did he tell you that a bullet had shattered the windshield of his car?" Mr. O'Neill asked.

"I don't remember."

"You don't remember? Do you remember that you told the Etraordinary Grand Jury that Ward informed you a bullet had smashed the windshield?"

Dr. Vail said that he remembered, and Mr. Campbell protested to Justice Wagner against the methods used by the prosecutor in his examinations.

"I think," said Mr. Campbell, "that it is about time your Honor admonished the Attorney General. 'We are not getting a fair trial.'"

Court Stops Battle of Words.

This statement provoked a storm from the State's legal representatives and all of the lawyers were up and talking at once. The Court told them to stop talking and directed Mr. O'Neill to continue the examination of the witness.

John W. Hardick, a garage helper employed in the Bronx plant of the Ward Baking Company, gave a detailed description of Ward's coupé, which had been stored in the plant's garage. He said that the glass of a window in the car was broken one day when Ward drove it into the garage. That same day Hardick had the window restored.

Nicholas Klein, another garage employe, also testified to the broken window, and their testimony was corroborated by Rudolph Kruse, manager of the garbage.

Mr. Campbell made an effort to ascertain how long the State would be in putting through its witness. Mr. Sherman said that he saw no reason why the State should disclose this. Justice Wagner adjourned court until 10 o'clock Monday morning.

MERCHANTMAN AIDS DESTROYER DEFENSE

Telegram Saying Arguello Radio Would Have Put Ship Ashore Read at Hearing.

STATION LOG IN EVIDENCE

Cross-Examination Seeks to Show That Bearings Were Not Accurate and Confusion Prevailed.

SAN DIEGO, Sept. 21 (Associated Press).—A telegram alleging the receipt on Aug. 23, of radio compass bearings from Point Arguello, which "would have put us ashore on San Miguel Island, if we had followed them," was read here today before a Naval Court of Inquiry investigating the destroyer disaster in which seven ships were wrecked and 23 enlisted men perished off Point Honda, Cal., on Sept. 8.

The telegram was signed "J. R. Stapler," but counsel for Captain Edward H. Watson, chief of the destroyer squadron who produced it during his cross-examination of Lieut. Commander John M. Ashley, Superintendent of Communications of the Eleventh Naval District, said he "did not know the signer, nor what ship he commanded."

The text of the telegram was as follows:

"Have in our possession two sets of radio bearings which, had we not disregarded them, would have put us ashore on San Miguel Island, Aug. 23. One set received while anchored among rocks on north side of island. Will gladly furnish same with log extract, if will be of service to you."

The sender gave his address at 152 Riverside Drive, New York.

John M. Ashley, Superintendent of Communications for the Eleventh Naval District, produced the log of the Point Arguello radio compass station which had sent out numerous signals in the hours preceding the disaster, warning the destroyer squadron that it was still too far north of the point to attempt an eastward turn into Santa Barbara channel.

No complaints had ever been made to him, as Superintendent of Communications, that the bearings sent out by Point Arguello station were inaccurate, Ashley said, adding that he was sure if a material error had ever been made he would have been informed of it.

Asked if any change in equipment had been made at Point Arguello which might have affected the operation of the station, the witness said that "one of the masts was dropped at noon," and admitted that no inspections or technical adjustments had been made to make sure that the accuracy of the station had not been affected by this incident.

G. C. Falls, radio man, third class, admitted that he had sent a reciprocal bearing of 167 to the Delphy at 2:30 P. M., preceding the wreck, that is, he had wirelessed to the vessel in effect that she was southeast of Arguello. When the bearing was questioned, he said, he sent the direct bearing, placing the flagship to the northwest. [The reciprocal bearing is the point opposite on the compass. Bearing 167 is south, 13 degrees east, so that the direct bearing would be north, 13 degrees west.]

F. H. Hamilton, the operator on duty at Point Arguello between 6 o'clock and 9:05, when the wreck occurred, said he did not send a bearing to the Delphy at 8:25 which would place the ship southeast of Point Arguello in Santa Barbara channel. He flatly denied having received a message from the Delphy ten minutes before that saying "we are to the southward; give us reciprocal."

Commanding officers, executive officers and navigators of the wrecked destroyers will not be permitted to resume active duty until after the court ends its session. Orders to this effect were received today from the Secretary of the Navy by the remaining officers and men were ordered to duty.

At the Merchant Marine Officers' Club, 122 Riverside Drive, it was said that J. R. Stapler had been first mate of the American-Hawaiian Steamship Company's freighter Arizona, which had touched here last week and was now in Boston.

It was said that Stapler, who had left the ship here, was now in Haines Falls, N. Y., on a visit. Nothing was known of the information given in the telegram under Stapler's name at the wreck inquiry in San Diego.

PROF. FISHER DENIES 'DISHONOR' TO HARDING

Wished to Show That Late President Was Loyal to 'Association of Nations' Plan.

DELAWARE, Ohio, Sept. 21.—Professor Irving Fisher of Yale University meant no "dishonor" to the late President Harding when he said in a recent speech at East Liverpool that Mr. Harding, previous to his election, had expressed a desire that the United States enter the League of Nations, he declared here last night in his final address in Ohio.

"I deeply regret that the spirit of those remarks was taken by anybody as a slur upon Mr. Harding," he said.

"The gist of my interview in 1920 with Mr. Harding was that he intended to redeem his party pledge for an 'association of nations' and that the only way to do so was by making the necessary changes in the existing League," Professor Fisher continued. "Later in the campaign he publicly said substantially this very thing. He said whatever there was of good in the existing League should be used in building the association. And we all know that Mr. Taft and the 31'—Root, Hughes, Hoover, Evans, Lowell, &c.—as pro-leaguers asked and obtained votes—probably millions of them—for Mr. Harding on that very basis.

"In any case what I did I intended not to dishonor but to honor Mr. Harding, and those who actually heard me took it as I meant it. I meant to correct the growing false impression that the proposed association of nations was to be accepted altogether, a false impression which, as Mr. Wellman recently showed, Mr. Harding would have corrected himself, had he lived, by calling the nations to a world conference.

"Those who now so loudly complain of what I said are those who don't want the platform pledge redeemed."

Professor Fisher said that he had yet to meet an Ohioan who took offense" at his remarks.

OFFER TO SAVE UNIVERSITY.

Klan and Chemical Firm Present Plans to Pay Valparaiso's Debt.

VALPARAISO, Ind., Sept. 21.—Trustees of Valparaiso University, which is reported to be in financial difficulty, are considering two proposals for the operation of the school, one advanced by the Ku Klux Klan providing for the sale of founders' certificates through the organization to its members to pay off indebtedness and the other under which the school would turn over part of its property to the Cook Laboratories Company of Chicago.

A meeting of the trustees has been called for Sept. 27 when final decision is expected to be made.

The Cook company, which is the institution's principal creditor, offered to cancel notes held in part of the buildings [illegible] for the company for a

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Colonel Jacques Balsan and Mme. Balsan, formerly Duchess of Marlborough, plan sailing for their Paris home on Sept. 28. They have been guests of the latter's aunt, Mrs. Henry White, at her Lenox country place, Elm Court. From there they went to Prides Crossing to be guests of Mme. Balsan's brother, Harold S. Vanderbilt.

Mrs. George Emlen Starr, who spent the Summer with her mother, Mrs. Charles G. Ayres, at Narragansett Pier, returned to Philadelphia a few days ago.

Mrs. Charles E. Scribner, who had been abroad since June, returned yesterday, accompanied by Mme. Lucille de Vescovi, whose guest she was in Italy, and who will spend the Winter with Mr. and Mrs. Scribner at their apartment, 530 Park Avenue.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, who started West several days ago, has been stopping at the Broadmoor, Colorado Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Fish Armstrong, who have opened their house, 128 East Thirty-sixth Street, are being congratulated on the birth of a daughter. Mrs. Armstrong was Miss Helen Byrne, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Byrne.

Mrs. Ben Ali Haggin, who has just arrived from Paris, gave a luncheon yesterday at the Ambassador. Mr. and Mrs. Gordon L. Harris are in from Hillside, Irvington, and are at that hotel for a few days.

Miss Mary Baldwin Tolfree has opened her city home, 51 West Forty-ninth Street.

Mrs. Willard S. Brown and Mrs. A. W. Burchard were among yesterday's luncheon hostesses at Sherry's.

Mr. and Mrs. Carroll L. Wainwright, who are sailing today for Bermuda, gave a luncheon yesterday at the Ritz-Carlton for Mr. Wainwright's brother, Loudon Wainwright, and his fiancée, Miss Eleanor Sloan. Mrs. Stephen Van Rensselaer Crosby has arrived at that hotel from her Manchester country place.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank C. Littleton have come in from Oak Hill, their country place at Aldie, Va., and are at the Lorraine for a few days.

Mrs. James Byrne and Mrs. Charles E. Greenough were among those entertaining yesterday at luncheon at the Marguery.

Mrs. Archibald H. McCrea is here from the Virginia Hot Springs and is at the Ambassador to remain several weeks.

Mrs. Casper Whitney, who spent the Summer at her English country home, The Old Place, Aldwick, Sussex, England, is at the Plaza.

Mrs. Benjamin F. Clyde of Philadelphia gave a dinner last evening in the palm garden at the Plaza.

Through the courtesy of Mrs. Edward Shearson the reception following the marriage of Miss Janet Shearson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Shearson, to Eliot Buffinton on Sept. 27 in St. Thomas's chantry, is to be held at the Colony Club.

TWO ROYAL BRIDES IN AUTUMN SEASON

Princess Maud to Wed Lord Carnegie; Lady Louise Mountbatten, Sweden's Crown Prince.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—Two royal weddings will feature London's Autumn season—the "little season," as it is called, being sandwiched between the older and conventional Summer season and the equally well established Winter season of rain and fog during which most of the social lights visit the Riviera and other sun spots of Southern Europe.

The royal brides will be Princess Maud, niece of King George, who marries Lord Carnegie on Nov. 12, and Lady Louise Mountbatten, who becomes the wife of the Crown Prince of Sweden on Nov. 3 in the Chapel Royal at St. James's Palace. The King of Sweden will attend and with the Crown Prince will be entertained by King George and Queen Mary at Buckingham Palace several days before the ceremony.

Most of the members of the royal family will return to London earlier than is the usual custom, for there will be many entertainments during Princess Maud's wedding week.

The King will be kept busy throughout October and November with the affairs of the Imperial conference. Early in October he welcomes the overseas delegates at a big banquet at Buckingham Palace.

A notable addition to the list of London hostesses for this Autumn will be the Duchess of York, who was unable to make her début as a hostess while at the lodge in Richmond because she was suffering from whooping cough.

BELGRADE DELIVERS ANSWER ON FIUME

Rejects Mussolini's Proposals, but Leaves Way Open for Further Negotiations.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Sept. 21.—Minister Antonievich of Serbia has delivered the answer of the Yugoslav Government to the latest Italian proposals for a settlement of the Fiume issue. While this reply amounts, in substance, to a refusal to accede to Premier Mussolini's plans for Fiume, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs is much impressed by the conciliatory spirit which animates Foreign Minister Nintchitch's note and by his evident desire to continue the negotiations.

Under these circumstances, the opinion prevails in official circles that an agreement is not far off. THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent learns that the necessity of running the harbor of Fiume and Porto Barros as a single unit is now recognized in principle by Yugoslavia, the only difficulty being to find a practicable way of establishing such a rule.

The Serbian Minister, after his meeting with Signor Mussolini, declared himself highly satisfied and said that the Yugoslav Government completely agrees with the Italian Government that the Fiume question should be settled by direct negotiations, and that his impression is that negotiations are about to be crowned with success.

SAYS WIRELESS RAYS CAUSE STERILITY

Unnamed French Scientist Is Quoted, But Medical Proof Is Lacking.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 21.—The statement is made by an eminent French scientist, whose identity is not revealed, that wireless rays are a cause of sterility. The scientist declares that a number of French pioneers in wireless experiment, including himself, have become wholly sterile.

The rays, according to the savant, have attacked exclusively persons living in the immediate vicinity of high powered stations. No prominent medical men have interested themselves in the phenomenon to date.

Enrollment at Wesleyan 180.

The freshman enrollment at Wesleyan University is 180, and not 108, as a typographical error in yesterday's TIMES made it appear. In the course of a few [illegible] reported to reach

HYLAN SO IMPROVED MONAGHAN RETURNS

Mayor Advised to Stay in Saratoga Two Weeks to Regain Strength.

A PRIVATE CAR OFFERED

A. H. Smith Arranging to Bring Invalid Home Over New York Central.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Sept. 21.—The improvement in Mayor John F. Hylan's condition was further indicated today by the return of Dr. Frank J. Monaghan, Health Commissioner, to New York City. Dr. Monaghan was the last to leave of the out-of-town physicians, and the case is now in complete charge of Dr. George F. Comstock, the local physician.

"I am going because I now feel certain that he is on the way to complete recovery," Dr. Monaghan said. "I expect to return when the Mayor is ready to go home."

The bulletin issued at 11 o'clock in the morning showed the Mayor's temperature, pulse and respiration only slightly above normal.

When A. H. Smith, President of the New York Central, read in the morning newspapers that Mayor Hylan had planned to return to his home in Brooklyn, he telegraphed the Mayor, offering him a private car and proffered all the facilities of the railroad to land the car as near the Mayor's home as possible.

The Mayor's physicians and family have warned him against trying to take the trip before recovering a measure of his strength. Dr. Monaghan said it would be ten days or two weeks before the Mayor would be able to return.

TAGGART IN HOSPITAL.

Ex-Democratic Chairman Recovering From Nasal Hemorrhages.

BOSTON, Sept. 21.—Speedy recovery for Thomas Taggart, former Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, was predicted late today by Dr. Harold G. Tobey, throat and nose specialist. Mr. Taggart, who was stricken with post-nasal hemorrhage earlier in the week at his Summer home at Hyannisport, was brought to a hospital here today and placed in charge of Dr. Tobey.

The physician said that the illness was not serious and that the patient probably would be able to leave the hospital within a few days. The hemorrhages have been checked.

YALE FRESHMAN CLASS NOW LIMITED TO 850

University Thus Solves Its Heavy Enrolment Problem—Many Other Changes This Year.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 21.—The limiting of the freshman class of Yale University to 850 students is one of the most notable changes marking the opening of the university for its 223d year.

Other changes include the creation of a single undergraduate Faculty of Arts and Sciences, the arrangement of a common timetable for the college, scientific school and the freshman year; modification of the old system of majors and minors, the offering of university extension courses in strictly academic subjects, addition of the school of nursing and the appointment of three new professors in chemical engineering, administrative engineering and transportation, to be held by Harry A. Curtis, Hudson Bridge Hastings and Winthrop Moore Daniels, respectively.

Beginning with the limitation of the class of 1927 to 850 members, Yale has for the present solved the question of enrolment confronting all American colleges and universities since the tremendous increase in applicants for admission following the war. The limitation confirms the decision of the university to receive no more entering students than it can properly care for, but this is not necessarily an inflexible limit. Successful candidates for entrance are chosen primarily on the basis of scholastic attainment and promise.

COOLIDGE SEES NO NEED FOR SPECIAL SESSION

He Thinks the Problems Pressed for Quick Action by Congress. Can Afford to Wait.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Despite efforts to persuade him to call an extra session of Congress, mainly to consider farm aid legislation, President Coolidge can see no reason at this time for changing the opinion expressed soon after he became President, that conditions did not justify him in convening the Senate and the House prior to their regular meeting in December.

This attitude of the President was made clear to callers at the White House today. The President, it was said there in an authoritative way, saw no reason from the representations that had been made to him to call Congress together. It was indicated that he had considered the representations made by those advocating an extra session, but the questions so far presented, it was explained, were not of such a pressing character that action on them by Congress could not afford to wait.

REPORT TO COOLIDGE.

Hillies, Morris, Wadsworth and Roosevelt Confer With President. $70,000 in Gems Stolen.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—An intimate picture of the political situation in New York State was presented to President Coolidge today by Charles D. Hillies, Republican National Committeeman, George K. Morris, Republican State Chairman, Senator Wadsworth and Theodore Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy. They were with the Executive for more than half an hour and later Mr. Hillies had luncheon and a further conference with Mr. Coolidge at the White House.

Upon leaving the Executive Mansion after a visit of nearly two hours, Mr. Hillies said the discussion had been general in character, addi d that the President had his mind wholly on the pressing problems confronting his Administration.

Freed of Robbery Attempt Charge.

Jerry McCarthy of 416 West Forty-eighth Street, one of the thirteen men charged with attempted grand larceny in the effort recently to obtain papers of the Sinaloa Exploration and Development Company at 20 West Forty-third Street, was acquitted by Magistrate Joseph E. [illegible]

BUREAU EXPLOSION TAKES FOURTH LIFE

James E. Kendig Dies From His Injuries—All Others Are Expected to Recover.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The death of another worker injured in the explosion at the Bureau of Standards yesterday brought the list of killed to four today. Joseph E. Kendig, an electrical engineer, is the newest victim.

A coroner's inquest over the body of Dr. Lauer, who was killed instantly, this afternoon rendered a verdict of accidental death, and declared that the disaster was caused by the explosion of a gasoline and air mixture in the concrete air-tight chamber where airplane motors were being tested.

An authorized statement by Secretary of Commerce Hoover termed the men who lost their lives martyrs to science who were engaged in a "highly dangerous work," at a maximum individual salary of $2,000. His statement follows:

"These men were martyrs to the experimental work through which science finds its advances toward public usefulness. They have given supreme sacrifice in public service.

"The largest salary received by any of them was $2,000 a year. They were, with one exception, university trained men, all devoting their lives to scientific research as a public service. The maximum that the Government may do for their families amounts to less than $50 per month, and this under several limitations. Most of them will not receive this amount."

Some of the young men—Dr. Lauer was only 23 years old, Mr. Lee 35, Mr. Cook 30 and Mr. Kendig 26—had taken positions at the bureau to fit themselves for better things. Dr. Lauer expected to fill a Chair of Mathematics at a college, and in preparation for this he attended George Washington University last year until his funds ran out. Then he went into the employ of the bureau so that he could earn a living and continue his studies at the same time.

Important experiments have been conducted by the group of men who were killed and injured. In the laboratory where the explosion occurred the engines of the ZR-1 received their final tests a short time ago.

MORE APPRENTICES WANTED

Construction Council Is Told of Needs in Building Trades.

Increased co-operation among employers, unions and public schools in vocational training for bricklayers, plasterers and other building trades was urged by speakers at the annual meeting of the American Construction Council at the Engineering Building yesterday. Fred F. Moran, managing director of the Apprentice Commission, New York Building Council, criticised the results of vocational training in the public schools. He also urged employers to find a way to provide all-year-round employment in the building trades and to recognize mechanics on the same social plane as "white collar workers" in order to attract the needed apprentices.

J. C. Wright, director of the Federal Board of Vocational Education, declared that employers and unions had failed to give the public schools enough co-operation to carry out the Federal Board's plans for vocational training. Wesley J. O'Leary, State Director of Vocational Education for New Jersey, said that State had begun to solve the problem. In Atlantic City, Newark and Paterson, he said, satisfactory results in training apprentices had been obtained by agreements between labor and capital.

R. C. Gaskill, an Atlantic City union man, said that labor in his city had feared vocational training up to three years ago, but had undergone a change of opinion, and the entire building industry there now favored it.

George Dautel, a Cleveland contractor, said the vocational school in Cleveland had been successful. It runs five days a week.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The weather chart of Friday night showed a belt of relatively low but rising pressure along the Atlantic Coast, high pressure over the Upper Mississippi Valley and the region of the Great Lakes, low pressure over the Northern Plain States and the Rocky Mountain and plateau regions and high and rising pressure over the Western Canadian provinces. Thunderstorms have been attended by unsettled weather and showers in the Atlantic Coast and East Gulf States, the Upper Ohio Valley, the region of the Great Lakes and on the north Pacific Coast. It has been accompanied by cooler weather over the Ohio and Lower Mississippi Valleys and the Northern Rocky Mountain region and somewhat warmer in New England and the Northern Plain States.

The outlook is for generally fair weather Saturday and Sunday in the Washington forecast district, except that it will be unsettled with probably showers on the immediate Atlantic Coast Saturday. The temperature will be somewhat lower Saturday in the Atlantic States, except Southern Florida and moderate temperatures will prevail Saturday and Sunday in the East Gulf States, Tennessee, the Ohio Valley and the lower lake region.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours preceding 8 P. M. yesterday:

Stations.	Temperature. High.	Low.	Rain-fall.	Weather.
Abilene	96	56	00.02	Clear
Albany	76	60	00.06	Pt. cl'dy
Atlanta	90	70	..	Pt. cl'dy
Atlantic City	70	70	00.06	.04 Rain
Baltimore	76	70	00.02	.52 Cloudy
Bismarck	84	54	00.02	.. Cloudy
Boise	94	54	00.00	.02 Cloudy
Chicago	78	58	00.00	.. Cloudy
Charleston	94	74	00.00	.02 Pt. cl'dy
Chicago	84	56	00.12	.. Clear
Cincinnati	78	60	00.00	.. Clear
Cleveland	80	62	00.02	.02 Cloudy
Denver	92	60	00.70	.. Cloudy
Detroit	80	56	00.00	.04 Cloudy
Galveston	94	70	00.00	.. Pt. cl'dy
Helena	90	50	00.00	.. Cloudy
Jacksonville	94	72	00.00	.. Cloudy
Kansas City	74	52	00.02	.. Clear
Los Angeles	80	64	00.00	.. Clear
Milwaukee	82	52	00.12	.. Clear
Minneapolis	82	48	00.02	.. Clear
New Orleans	98	72	00.04	.. Pt. Cl'dy
New York	72	58	00.00	.10 Cloudy
Okla. City	76	52	00.00	.. Clear
Philadelphia	76	60	00.00	.04 Cloudy
Pittsburgh	68	57	00.00	.. Cloudy
Portland, Me.	66	56	00.04	.10 Cloudy
Portland, Ore.	94	54	00.00	.. Pt. cl'dy
Salt Lake City	94	60	00.00	.. Cloudy
San Antonio	98	72	00.00	.. Clear
San Diego	74	66	00.00	.. Clear
San Francisco	72	52	00.00	.. Cloudy
Seattle	90	50	00.00	.. Pt. Cl'dy
St. Louis	80	64	00.00	.. Cloudy
Washington	78	78	00.04	.02 Cloudy

New England and Eastern New York—Partly cloudy and cooler Saturday, preceded by showers on the coast in early morning; Sunday fair.

Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey—Cloudy and cooler Saturday; Sunday fair.

Delaware, Maryland and District of Columbia—Cloudy and cooler Saturday; Sunday fair.

Western Pennsylvania and Western New York—Fair Saturday and Sunday; moderate temperature.

New York City Weather Record.
Official Temperatures.

2 A.M.	66	12 P.M.	68
4 A.M.	67	1 P.M.	70
6 A.M.	66	2 P.M.	70
8 A.M.	67	3 P.M.	71
10 A.M.	68	4 P.M.	71
12 M.	68	5 P.M.	71
2 P.M.	68	6 P.M.	71
4 P.M.	68	7 P.M.	71
6 P.M.	68	8 P.M.	70
8 P.M.	68	9 P.M.	70
10 P.M.	70	11 P.M.	70

Average temperature yesterday, 69.
Average same date last year, 67.
Average same date for 50 years, 65.

Barometer, 29.94 at 8 A. M., 29.90 at 8 P. M.

Humidity, 91 at 8 A. M., 85 at 8 P. M.

Wind at 8 A. M., southeast, velocity 18 miles; at 8 P. M., south, velocity 12 miles.

Weather, rain 9 A. M.; cloudy 8 P. M.

G. B. M'CLELLAN BACK AFTER YEAR ABROAD

When Mayor, He Said, He Followed Seth Low's Advice to Let Others Do the Work.

SIR ALFRED MOND ARRIVES

British M. P., While Here, Will Deliver Three Lectures on Zionism.

The Cunarder Berengaria arrived yesterday after being delayed by fog off the Grand Banks and between Nantucket and Sandy Hook. Captain W. R. D. Irvine, R. D. R. N. R., said that he had sighted an iceberg on the eastward voyage, but none on the westward trip. Warnings of three icebergs, he said, were sent out by radio from Cape Race on Sept. 18.

Among the passengers was Colonel George B. McClellan, former Mayor of New York, who returned with Mrs. McClellan after a year's absence spent chiefly in Egypt and Italy. He inquired after the health of Mayor Hylan and said that it was fatal for a Mayor to worry over trifles.

"When I defeated Seth Low," he added, "he said to me: 'Get other people to do the work,' and I did. Exercise, and plenty of it, was my maxim. I used to walk to work and always took Saturdays and Sundays off."

Colonel McClellan was disabled for five months through breaking a bone in his left foot and suffered much pain until, he said, in London he consulted Sir Herbert Barker, who fixed him up in twenty minutes.

Another passenger was Sir Alfred Mond, M. P., the Chairman of the Amalgamated Anthracite Company, Ltd., of Wales, who comes here to observe the coal operations and also to investigate nickel production in the United States and Canada. He will deliver three addresses on Zionism during his stay in America, and tomorrow afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Untermyer will give a reception in his honor at their home, Greystone-on-the-Hudson. Sir Alfred said that the isolation of the United States was retarding all progress in Europe.

Others on the Berengaria were Lord Weir, who was Air Minister in England during the war; Sir Alfred Yarrow, Clyde shipbuilder and L. F. Swift, President of the Swift Company of Chicago.

John H. Hollingsworth.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21. — John H. Hollingsworth, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives, died today at his home in West Hyattsville, Md. He had been in the employ of the Congress for more than thirty-four years and had been Chief Clerk since 1919. Mr. Hollingsworth started his Washington career as a page in the House. He is survived by a wife and five children.

Ex-Coroner Riordan Dies Suddenly.

Dr. Patrick D. Riordan, who was a Coroner from 1914 to 1918, collapsed in the doorway of Louis Cohen's drug store, at 1,293 Lexington Avenue, yesterday and died a few moments later from heart disease. Dr. Riordan was 60 years old and lived at 131 East Eighty-sixth Street with his white poodle Billy, which remained on guard last night inside his master's apartment door.

Harry Braham, Actor.

Harry Braham, an English actor, who had played often in this country from 1874 until his retirement in 1916 after appearing in "Springtime," died yesterday in his 74th year in the Staten Island Hospital, where he had gone from the Actors' Fund Home. His first appearances here were with Tony Pastor's company. After touring English and Australian music halls, he returned in 1888 and acted the Chinaman in "The Senator" with William H. Crane.

OBITUARY NOTES.

Mrs. ESTELLA LAWN MOUNTFORT, 56, wife of Wm. Lee Mountfort, managing editor of The Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune, died as a hospital in Kansas City yesterday after a long illness. Mrs. Mountfort was a native of Kansas City.

JOSHUA M. SMALLING, Civil War veteran and yachtsman, died yesterday at the age of 76, at his home in Babylon, L. I., a week after he fell and broke his leg.

CHARLES M. BERGSTRESSER, sole surviving founder of Dow, Jones & Co., publishers of the Wall Street Journal, died Thursday at his residence, 58 West 10th Street, aged 65. He graduated from Lafayette in 1881, coming here soon afterward. He retired in 1902. His wife and married daughter survive.

JOVITA J. JOHNSON, Civil War veteran and retired New York policeman, died Wednesday, at the age of 84, in the home of his niece in Arlington, N. J. He was on the police force thirty-six years and an honor man.

MATHEW V. SIMPSON, formerly a Judge in Pennsylvania, died Thursday at his home in Pasadena, Cal., aged 70. He was a groomsman at the wedding of Robert Lincoln, Abraham Lincoln's son.

Mrs. ALICE M. WALKER, widow of the Rev. Williston Walker, Provost of Yale University, died yesterday at her home in New Haven.

SAMUEL LEWIS DEANE, an insurance broker who had made his home in the Hotel Savoy, this city, since Thursday night in a private sanitarium in New Rochelle, N. Y. He was born in Louisville seventy-five years ago.

JOHN J. DALY, who made a fortune in scrap iron in the last thirty-five years, died yesterday at his home, 71 Remsen Street, Astoria, aged 81. His yards in Queens cover nearly a whole city block. He was Excise Commissioner of Long Island City under Mayor Sanford. His wife and four children survive.

Married.

HAINES—Davis. At the Sacred Heart rectory, Norfolk, Va., on Sept. 17, by the Rev. Thomas F. Waters, Lucy Goode, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Davis Jr., to Henry Stevens Haines 2d, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Owens Haines, and grandson of Colonel H. F. Haines of Savannah and Lenox, and of the late John Ladd Colby, M. D., of this city.

Died.

SAETZ—On Thursday, Sept. 20, 1923, Anna M., beloved daughter of the late Charles and Mary Roth. Funeral services (Saturday), Sept. 22, at her late residence, 344 East 20th St., at 8:30 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

BERGSTRESSER—Charles Milford, on Sept. 20, at his residence, 58 West 10th St. Funeral services will be held at the Brick Presbyterian Church, 5th Av. and 37th St., on Saturday, Sept. 22, at 10 A. M.

BERGSTRESSER.—Charles Milford Bergstresser, the sole surviving founder of Dow, Jones & Co., publishers of The Wall Street Journal, at his home in New York, Sept. 20, at the age of 65. He is survived by a widow and daughter, Mrs. P. A. Stewart, of Newton, N. J.

Mr. Bergstresser came from Pennsylvania, of German-Scotch ancestors, who settled in this country in the time of William Penn. He was graduated from Lafayette College in 1881, shortly after which he came to New York. He became associated with the late Charles H. Dow and Edward D. Jones, and with them formed Dow, Jones & Co., publishing The Wall Street Journal.

Mr. Bergstresser had a capacity for making friends and his transparent honesty and the accuracy with which he reported what he heard and saw gave him a high standing in financial circles. In 1902 he retired from active business.

Mr. Bergstresser travelled widely and gave himself and his services freely to many public interests. He was a member of the Brick Presbyterian Church, the City Club, Economic Club, Quill Club, Academy of Science and other organizations.

BERNARD—Louis, on Friday, Sept. 21, 1923, at 25 W. 87th St., in his 56th year. Funeral services at his late residence, Morris 22d St., Broadway, Flushing, L. I., on Sunday, Sept. 23, at 2:15 P. M.

BETTS—Katharine A., on Sept. 20, beloved wife of the late Jerome Bleth, mother of Raymond J., Blanche and Josephine Howe. Funeral services Saturday evening, at 8 o'clock at her late residence, [illegible]

BLOG—Fannie (nee Smith), beloved wife of Maurice, daughter of Henrietta Smith and sister of Bertha, Lawando, Irene Marx, Carrie Lawando, Mildred Friedman, Harry and Philip Smith, Friday, Sept. 21, at her late residence, 360 Riverside Drive. Funeral from Universal Funeral Chapel, 397 Lexington Av., Sunday, Sept. 23, at 2:30 P. M. Interment Mt. Carmel Cemetery.

DAY—Sons of the Revolution in the State of New York: With regret announcement is made of the death on Sept. 10, 1923, of Nathaniel Briggs Day, a member of this society.

ROBERT OLYPHANT, President.

DEANE—At New Rochelle, N. Y., on Sept. 20, 1923, Samuel L., beloved husband of Margaret Deane, in his 76th year. Funeral private. London, England, papers please copy.

DIEFENDORF—Louisa Slocomb, beloved wife of Warren F. Diefendorf, born July 14, 1860, died Sept. 21, 1923, at Mount Vernon, N. Y. Funeral services at her late residence, 252 Summit Av., on Sunday, Sept. 23, at 3:30 P. M., Daylight Saving Time. Interment at Fort Plain, N. Y. Kindly omit flowers. New Haven R. R. train leaves Grand Central Station for Mount Vernon, 1:17 P. M., Standard Time.

DYER—On Sept. 21, 1923, at her home, Afterglow Av., Montclair, N. J., Annie Wadsworth, wife of Frank Lewis Dyer. Notice of funeral later.

ELY—On Wednesday, Sept. 19, 1923, Grace Rita, beloved wife of William Ely and daughter of Chester E. Ferguson. Funeral services at 250 Union St., Hackensack, N. J., Saturday at 1:15 P. M.

FITZPATRICK—Michael, suddenly, Sept. 19, at his residence, 223 West 105th St., N. Y. C., dearly beloved husband of Mary Fitzpatrick (nee Caddan) and fond father of Mrs. Edward M. Carey, Mrs. Earl E. Butler, Dominick A., Michael A., Francis, Edwin J. and Mary M. Fitzpatrick, native of County Cavan, Ireland. Funeral from his late residence Saturday, Sept. 22, at 10 A. M., followed by a solemn high mass at the Church of the Ascension, West 107th St. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

FREES—On Sept. 19, Chauncey W. Frees Sr. Funeral services at his late residence, 39 Marble Hill Av., Kingsbridge, N. Y., Saturday, Sept. 22, 10 A. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

GERLACH—Harry B. Funeral services from Echelberg Funeral Parlors, 934 8th Av., Saturday, 2 P. M. Interment at Woodlawn.

HAGAR—On Sept. 20, 1923, Mrs. Alma Hagar, beloved wife of the Rev. Frederick W. Hagar. Funeral services at the Ascension Baptist Church, Sunday, Sept. 23, at 2 P. M.

HARREUS—On Thursday, Sept. 20, 1923, Emma M., daughter of the late Charles A. and Susan Harreus, in her 67th year. Funeral services at Kingsley Methodist Episcopal Church, Cobra Av., Tompkinsville, S. I., on Sunday, Sept. 23, at 3:30 P. M. Interment Moravian Cemetery.

HARTSFELD—Fanny, daughter of Frank and Eva, beloved sister of Louis, Hattie and Seymour. Services Sunday, 2 P. M., at 1,053 East 12th St., Brooklyn. Interment at Troy, N. Y.

HOGAN—Daniel J. Lieutenant of Police, 68th Precinct, his residence, 643 East 15th St., corner of Dorchester Road, Brooklyn; beloved husband of Josephine E. Hogan and brother of retired police inspector Wm. G. Hogan, who survives him. Solemn high requiem mass 10 A. M. Saturday, Sept. 22, at Holy Innocents Church, Beverley Road and 17th St., Brooklyn.

JONES—At his home, Willow Lake, Wantagh, L. I., on Friday, Sept. 21, 1923, Samuel Jackson Jones, beloved husband of Julia Elizabeth Welwood Jones and son of Jacob Seaman Jackson and Rebecca Townsend Jones. Funeral services at the house, 3:30 P. M., Monday. Interment private.

KORBEL—Helena Ullrich, on Friday, Sept. 21, beloved mother of Adam Edward and Charles Koshel, at the home of her son, 450 West 147th St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MEYER—On Wednesday Sept. 19, Louis Meyer in his eighty-third year, beloved husband of Friedericke and devoted father of Max, Adolf, Max, Paul and George Meyer and Mrs. Charles Spiro. Funeral services at Meyers Funeral Parlor, 228 Lenox Av., near 122d St., Sunday, Sept. 23, at 10 A. M.

MILLIAN—George J., on Sept. 20, suddenly at Philadelphia, beloved son of John and Kumigunda Millian. Funeral from his late residence, 427 St. Ann's Av., corner corner 145th St., Monday, at 8:30 A. M., thence to St. Pius Church, 145th St. and Willis Av. Interment St. Raymond's Cemetery.

NAEGELI—Entered into rest Sept. 19, 1923, at Lakewood, N. J., Louise Naegeli, dearly beloved daughter of the late Katherine Naegeli and devoted sister of Josephine Wohlhagen and Rose Naegeli. Remains at the chapel of Jacob Herrlich's Sons, 332 East 86th St. Requiem mass at the Church of the Annunciation, Convent Av. and 131st St., Saturday, 10 A. M.

NOEL—On Friday, Sept. 21, at Huntington, L. I., in her 80th year, Emilie Raberg, widow of Augusts Noel. Funeral services on Monday, Sept. 24, at 10 A. M., at the Church of St. Vincent de Paul, West 23d St. Please omit flowers.

PERCIVAL—On Friday, Sept. 21, 1923, at her residence, 1,606 Beverly Road, Brooklyn, Marion Laura, beloved daughter of Alexander Messurier and the late John R. Percival, in her fourteenth year. Notice of funeral later.

POST—On Sept. 19, 1923, Juleana MacBride Post, widow of the late Henry W. Post. Services at her late home, Mountain Lakes, N. J., on Saturday, Sept. 22, at 2:30 P. M. Interment New York Bay Cemetery, Jersey City.

SESSLER—Henry, aged 68, beloved husband of Irma Sessler and devoted father of Jennie, Julius, Max, Stella, Malvine and Herrman Sessler. Funeral from the Chapel of David J. Rothschild, 272 Lenox Av., at 124th St., on Sunday, Sept. 23, at 2 P. M. Interment Washington Cemetery.

SHANKLIN—At Wyoming, N. Y., Sept. 20, Gertrude Avery Shanklin, widow of John Gilbert Shanklin of Evansville, Ind.

SNYDER—Suddenly, at Philadelphia, Pa., on Thursday, Sept. 20, 1923, William Blackwell Snyder. Body will lie at the Lefferts Funeral Home, 80 Lefferts Place, Brooklyn, until 2 P. M. Sunday, Sept. 23, th

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

The Green Room Club Buys Building in West Forty-eighth Street.

The Green Room Club, a theatrical club, bought the five-story building on a lot 25 by 100 feet at 19 West Forty-eighth Street and will occupy for club purposes after alterations. The building is just west of Fifth Avenue and cost $150,000 to build. It is assessed at $110,000.

The building, which was erected and occupied by Mrs. Helen Armstrong, will be used entirely by the Green Room Club, the charter members of which are William A. Brady, Milton Nobles, Henry Simon, Thomas McGrath, Walter Fessler, F. F. Mackay and Charles Dickson.

Tenement House Deals.

The Daily Realty Company sold the four-story apartment on lot 25 by 80 at 227 Lenox Avenue to Mrs. Allie Juergens, through Isaac Strauss, broker. The purchase price was about $40,000.

David Lion and Theodore Yankauer purchased from the Sandberg Estate the five-and-one-half-story triple flat, 332 West Seventeenth Street, on lot 25 by 92, showing a rental of $5,800 and held at $55,000. The broker was Joseph Fisher.

Dwellings Bought for Occupancy.

Nellie Elliott sold the four-story residence, 42 West Eighty-third Street. The purchaser as co-broker and M. H. Gallogly & Co., Inc., were the brokers in the deal.

Edward H. Arnold sold the dwelling at 431 West Forty-fourth Street through J. K. Moors to Dr. Jacob Kessler, who will occupy.

Broome Street Corner Sold.

Castellano & Caucci bought from Charles J. Smith the six-story fireproof building with four stores located at 19-21 Broome Street, corner of Mangin Street, held at $55,000. Hershenerson & Costello were the brokers.

Henry S. Candee Buys Estate.

The shore front estate of Robert T. Swaine at Greenwich, Conn., consisting of residence, garage and three acres, has been sold to Henry S. Condee of New York for his occupancy. The property was held at $55,000 and the sale was negotiated by George Howe.

Chauncey B. Griffen sold for Thomas F. Foley a residence with half acre plot situated on Burling Avenue, Gedney Farms, White Plains, to Otis P. Curtis. The property was held at $25,000.

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday—5¼@5½% for the best names.
Thursday—5¼@5½% for the best names.
The quotations are for six months' paper.

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Foulard Ties Are Favored.

Foulard scarfs will be important factors in the Spring demand for the better grades of men's neckwear. Foulard effects in silk and wool mixtures also will be offered for the new season. Small designs of this type are now being put in work by a leading manufacturer to be made into ties to retail from $1 up.

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Gray Goods Prices Firm.

Printcloths again dominated the business done in the local gray goods market yesterday, the feature being the selling of contract deliveries of 38½-inch 64-60s, running into February, at 10¼ cents. Near-by shipments of the same construction were sold at 10¼ cents by first hands and at an eighth less by second hands. Twelve cents was paid for 39-inch 68-72s and 9 cents for 38½-inch 60-48s. Sheetings sales included 36-inch 5.50 and 5-yard goods at 9¼ and 10¼ cents, respectively. For 37½-inch 64-104 sateens buyers paid 16¼ cents.

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Printed Silks for Spring.

Prints are stressed in the first Spring lines opened by large silk producers here. Emphasis is placed on neat floral patterns in all-over effects on crêpe de chines and georgettes, and bizarre designs are passé. Despite increases of 10 to 15 per cent., the advance demand has been so large in some instances that allotments of goods must be made.

BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS.

Petitions Filed—Against

LAWRENCE W. WEILL (L. W. Weill Company), mill agents, 350 Broadway.

ABRAHAM KOLKIN, jobber of millinery supplies, 11 West Houston Street; liabilities, $1,000; no assets.

MOLLIE FINKEL, bakery, 1,079 Second Avenue. Liabilities, about $6,000; assets, about $2,000.

Petitions Filed—By

ROLAND ONFFROY, retired, 2 West Eighty-third Street. Liabilities, $23,142; no assets.

LOUIS J. ZORK, salesman, 571 West End Avenue. Liabilities, $16,977; assets, $1,200.

GILBERT T. SMITH, physician, 29 Broadway. Liabilities, $5,000; no assets.

GEORGE W. SMITH, salesman, 606 West 137th Street. Liabilities, $3,013; no assets.

MARGARET A. GRACE, clerk, 442 Madison Avenue. Liabilities, $1,582; no assets.

GEORGE A. MOTT, butter and eggs, 667 Chauncey Street, Brooklyn. Liabilities, $799; assets, $75.

CLARK D. RHINEHART, retired, 962 Park Place, Brooklyn. Liabilities, $15,055; no assets.

MARY E. RHINEHART, housewife, 962 Park Place, Brooklyn. Liabilities, $15,056; no assets.

JEAN JACQUES CORONEL, druggist, 1,681 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn. Liabilities, $3,-675; no assets.

Receivers Appointed.

DANIEL ROCK (American Lumber Products Co.), 26 City Hall Place—George V. S. Williams appointed. Liabilities, about $15,000; assets, about $5,000.

KEEGAN-APRAHAMIAN & CO., INC., exporters, 15 Moore Street—Clifford G. Ludwigh appointed.

SAMUEL BERMAN (B. & L. clothing manufacturer), 812 Broadway—Max Rockmore appointed.

MAMIE LEIBOWITZ, women's wear, 329 East Fordham Road—J. Lichtenberg appointed.

Bankruptcy Discharge.

RAPHAEL JARET, grocer, 2,423 Arthur Avenue, creditors consenting.

Fire Record.

A. M. Loss.
12:15—902 E. 12 St.; not given.....Trifling
1:50—147 Clinton St.; David Siegelman Trifling
4:05—50 St. and 7 Av.; taxi, Fred Dietz Trifling
4:40—51 2 St.; Abe Schaeffer....No damage
5:10—506 1 Av.; Frank Maggio..Not given
5:15—Jackson and South Sts.; fire on dock.....Trifling
8:05—196 E. 2 and Broadway; auto, Sheffield Farms Co.....Not given
7:15—139 St. and Park Av.; auto, not given.....No damage
7:30—125 Prince St.; Le Noir Lighting Manufacturing Co.....Not given
9:20—90 St. and 2 Av.; auto, Hygrade Steam Laundry.....Not given

P. M.
12:05—59 E. 89 St.; Martin Corroppini. Not given
1:30—148 W. 142 St.; not given....Trifling
1:20—854 W. 181 St.; S. Glickman.Not given
1:55—350 W. 85 St.; B. Quinn...Not given
2:00—82 Lewis St.; J. Lubelsky...Not given
2:05—1,458 1 Av.; I. Cohn.....Not given
6:15—193 Mott St.; not given.....Not given
7:00—193 W. 93 St.; Charles Jensen..Slight

Burglars Juggle 300-Pound Safe.

Special to The New York Times.

MACKENSACK, N. J., Sept. 21.—Burglars entered the home of Alex A. Alexander on Summit Avenue late last night in the absence of the family and threw from a window a safe weighing 300 pounds. It contained only papers and stocks of no value. Jewelry valued at $5,000 was stolen from the house and an auto valued at $1,500 belonging to a guest, Dr. E. Alexander, was taken from the garage.

JURY TRIAL SYSTEM ABOLISHED IN SPAIN

New Decree Signed by the King —General Aizpuru Leaves for Morocco.

RADICALS TO AVOID CLASH

Liberal Leaders Expected to Come Out for a Republic as a Result of the Coup.

MADRID, Sept. 21.—King Alfonso today signed a degree abolishing the jury system in trials in Spain.

Lieut. Gen. Luis Aizpuru, newly appointed High Commissioner in Morocco, left for his post this morning. The entire Military Directorate bade him farewell.

The Chamber of Commerce and Industry of Madrid today approved a petition, which is to be submitted to the Foreign Ministry, asking for a prolongation of the duration of commercial treaties. The petition has special reference to the treaty with the United States.

Workers to Avoid Bloodshed.

PORT VENDRES, Spanish Frontier, Sept. 20 (Associated Press).—There is widespread discussion concerning the attitude of the workers of Spain, in view of the complete change in the regime of the nation by the advent of the military dictatorship.

The first impression in the minds of the majority of the people was that the workers would resist the incursion of the military into politics. This view received some support when the fiery Communist section demanded immediate declaration of a general strike and cessation of industrial activity. The more moderate counsels of the majority of the workers, however, prevailed.

From conversations with several of the leading Socialists a clear definition has been obtained of the factors which prevented a clash between the military and the workers. The explanation of the peaceable acceptance of the new conditions, according to the workers' leaders, lies in the fact that the Socialist element considers the time has not yet been reached when the workers can carry out a revolution in order to obtain the introduction of their system with any prospect of success.

They contend that the incitement to resistance comes from quarters desiring to make them "food for cannon," and in the event of their triumph to take advantage of the opportunity to secure political power for themselves at the expense of the workers. The Socialists ask whether those inciting them to resistance are ready to accept a Socialist régime in the event of success, and say no reply to this question has been forthcoming.

The workers' headquarters has issued a note counselling serenity and the avoidance of any act which will give the military an opportunity to employ force, which would inevitably cause bloodshed. The note hints that the military hope such an opportunity will be given.

The Syndicalists, who have never participated in politics, as they believe in direct action, have refrained from any utterance up to the present, but it is notable that quiet reigns in Barcelona and their other usual centres of activity. This is taken to indicate that they are aware any disturbance will meet with severe repressive measures.

Liberals Turn to Republic.

The open declaration by some of the Spanish Liberal leaders of their intention to revert to Republicanism is one of the most important protents arising from the military movement. Former Minister Grasset has clearly expressed a determination to move in this direction, and it is forecast that after the deliberation of his supporters former Speaker Melquadies Alvarez will make a move the same way.

These grave resolutions will add a considerable body of political thinkers to the already-existing strong forces of Socialists and syndicalists who are declared enemies of the monarchy. What the effect will be throughout the country cannot yet be seen, but undoubtedly dissatisfaction exists in connection with the military rule, although so far the members of the directorate are considered quiet generally to have acted in a most liberal spirit and have been able to introduce measures of economy which have been demanded for a long time.

The great bulk of liberal opinion is held by observers certainly to favor a constitutional monarchy but many in this group are experiencing a sense of insecurity after the recent events which witnessed the monarch accepting a state of affairs in direct conflict with the constitution.

Separated Leader Escapes to France

PERPIGNAN, France, Sept. 21.—Deputy Francis Massia, the Spanish separatist leader, who was reported to have been arrested several days ago, arrived here today incognito across the border. He was met by some of his compatriots and the Catalan flag was flung from his hotel.

POST GUNS TO STOP OKLAHOMA SESSION

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

by the Governor, according to Administration camp gossip tonight. Neither Wright nor Cavanar made any statements of denial of membership.

Klan Chief Accused of Rioting.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., Sept. 21 (Associated Press).—Charges of rioting were filed here tonight against N. C. Jewett, Grand Dragon of the Oklahoma Realm of the Ku Klux Klan.

In answer to queries as to his final stand on the convening of a special session of the Lower House of the Legislature next Wednesday without his call, Governor Walton today made public a statement written by Paul Nesbitt, State Highway Commissioner and former Speaker of the House, holding that the House members have no right to convene themselves.

Jewett was charged with implication in the flogging of F. R. Merriman, who it is alleged was whipped a year ago.

The information against the Grand Dragon was filed in Justice Court by County Attorney J. M. Wright on the basis of evidence gathered by the Military Court sitting here.

The called meeting of the Lower House of the Oklahoma Legislature here next Wednesday will be an attempt of the "unlawful Klan assembly" because sixty-eight members of the House also are members of the Ku Klux Klan. Governor J. C. Walton declared here tonight in stating that he would oppose the session.

"There will be no meeting of the Legislature," said the Governor.

TO GUARD TEXAS INITIATION.

Hundreds of Officers to Isolate San Antonio Klan Ceremony.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Sept. 21.—As a precaution against masked members of the Ku Klux Klan appearing on the streets of San Antonio, 500 special policemen were sworn in by city authorities on the eve of a big initiation ceremony by the Klan tonight at the San Antonio Speedway, just outside the city limits.

Sheriff James Stevens of Bexar County announced he had sworn in several hundred deputy sheriffs. The officers have been given orders that no one within the inclosure is to be molested, but that if

FORD GIVES FIRE ENGINE TO GUARD MT. VERNON

Impressed by Great Need, He Has His Factory Rush Through the Apparatus.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—In its rush of turning out one or two cars a minute, the force of the Ford Motor Company recently stopped long enough to make a chemical fire engine to protect Mount Vernon, the home of George Washington.

The apparatus arrived today, a gift of Mr. Ford.

He recently visited the shrine and was so impressed with the fire danger that he telegraphed his factory to make an engine and ship it post-haste.

4 DEAD, 2 HURT IN CRASH.

Auto Skids on Track at East Hartford and Hits Trolley Pole.

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 21.—Four men were killed, two of them outright, and two seriously injured early today, when their automobile going toward Springfield, Mass., crashed into a trolley pole east of the Connecticut River Bridge on the boulevard in East Hartford and was wrecked. A third man, John Leary, had several bones fractured when he fell off the bridge to the rocks thirty feet below in an attempt to extricate the injured men. Two of the men were hurled off the causeway into the meadowland below.

A registration card on the footboard of the car showed Steve C. Paclini, of Bedfrod, Ind., to be the owner of the car and it is thought that he was the driver as well.

The Dead.

JAMES BENINATE, 33 Crystal Avenue, Springfield.
ANTONIO LALLI, 195 White Street, Springfield.
PASCIEO LALLI, 195 White Street, Springfield.
STEVE C. PACLINI, 720 North O Street, Bedford, Ind.

The Injured.

NICHOLAS PLACIDO, 30 Wendell Avenue, Springfield; in Hartford Hospital; expected to recover.
MICHAEL DELIZIA, 30 Wendell Avenue, Springfield; in St. Francis Hospital with cuts and bruises; expected to recover.
JOHN LEARY, 22 Williams Street, Hartford; in St. Francis Hospital with fractured arm and leg; will recover.

Patrolman W. M. Cooney Jr. of the East Hartford police, in his report quotes eye witnesses to the effect that the wrecked car skidded on the trolley car tracks and struck the pole. It rained last night and the tracks were slippery.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

[All the times indicated are under Daylight Saving.]

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook.		Governors Island.		Hell Gate.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
High water	5:35	6:55	7:10	9:29	9:25	9:47
Low water	12:40	....	1:01	1:20	3:22	3:45

THE SUN.

Rises.	Sets.
A. M.	P. M.
6:42	6:55

Incoming Steamships Carrying Mail

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Berengaria	Southampton	Sep. 15
Rotterdam	Rotterdam	Sep. 12
Monterey	Havana	Sep. 16
Pitora	Curacao	Sep. 15
Aconcagua	Valparaiso	Sep. 1
Astrea	Cape Haitien	Sep. 15

DUE TODAY.

Virgil	St. Thomas	Sep. 17
Gothland	Danzig	Aug. 31
President Arthur	Bremen	Sep. 12

DUE TOMORROW.

Adriatic	Liverpool	Sep. 15
Francelia	Liverpool	Sep. 15
Lafayette	Havre	Sep. 14

DUE TOMORROW.

Tolos	Port Limon	Sep. 15

DUE MONDAY.

Leviathan	Southampton	Sep. 18
Albania	London	Sep. 13
Drottningholm	Gothenberg	Sep. 13
Maracaibo	Curacao	Sep. 16
Santa Luisa	Valparaiso	Sep. 7
Ft. St. George	Bermuda	Sep. 22
Huron	Turks Island	Sep. 18
San Lorenzo	San Juan	Sep. 16
Parima	Barbados	Sep. 18
Hannover	Bremen	Sep. 11

DUE TUESDAY.

Olympic	Southampton	Sep. 19
Oscar II	Copenhagen	Sep. 13

Other Incoming Steamships

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Capilla	Buenos Aires	Aug. 25
Edward Luckenbach	San Francisco	Sep. 1
Tela	Antilla	Sep. 14
Almagro	Colon	Sep. 11
El Estero	New Orleans	Sep. 17
City of Savannah	Savannah	Sep. 18
San Jacinto	Galveston	Sep. 15
Burgndyk	Rotterdam	Sep. 8

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Algic	Suez	Aug. 25
Mississippi	London	Sep. 12
Montana	Tampico	Sep. 14
Nortonian	Manchester	Sep. 12
Stuart Dollar	San Francisco	Aug. 28

DUE TOMORROW.

Kendal Castle	Algiers	Aug. 28
Kent Exporter	Seattle	Sep. 3
Allegheny	London	Sep. 6
H. M. Flagler	Colon	Sep. 13

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Majestic, Southampton	6:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Europe (specially addressed).
Veendam, Rotterdam	8:00 A.M.	9:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia; also parcel post mails for Netherlands.
Caronia, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Irish Free State. (Other countries specially addressed.)
Eastern Star, Helsingfors	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Finland (parcel post mails and specially addressed correspondence).
Pres. Harding, Bremen	9:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia.
Ft. Victoria, Bermuda	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bermuda.
Siboney, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Cuba (specially addressed).
San Lorenzo, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico, Virgin Islands.
Caracas, Laguaira	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Curacao and Venezuela. (Porto Rico specially addressed.)
Ulua, Port Limon	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Costa Rica, Cuba, Canal Zone and Panama specially addressed.
Cedric, Liverpool	....	12:00 M.	No mails.
Orbita, Hamburg	....	10:00 A.M.	No mails.
Rosalind, St. Johns	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Newfoundland.
Inca, Barahona	9:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Dominican Republic.
Bagua, Bluefields	2:30 P.M.	4:00 P.M.	Nicaragua (East Coast).

SAIL MONDAY.

Sierra Ventana, Bremen	8:30 A.M.	2:00 M.	Germany (specially addressed).

SAIL TUESDAY.

Berengaria, Southampton	6:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia. (Norway specially addressed.)
Frederik VIII, Copenhagen	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Finland.
Cabo Ortegal, Barcelona	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Spain (specially addressed).
Esparta, Tela	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Puerta Castilla, Trujillo. (Other ports Honduras, Cuba, Jamaica, Guatemala specially addressed.)
Panama, Colon	11:00 A.M.	3:00 P.M.	Haiti (except Cape Haitien, Pt. de Paix); Canal Zone, Panama, Ecuador.
Baracoa, Cartagena	1:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.	Haiti (except Cape Haitien, Pt. de Paix); Colombia and Jamaica (specially addressed).

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
City of Tokio, Shanghai	Sept. 22	10:00 A.M.
Iyo Maru, Kobe	Sept. 22	9:00 A.M.
Easterner, Melbourne	Sept. 22	12:00 M.
Chickahominy, London	Sept. 22	1:00 P.M.
River Delaware, Beirut	Sept. 26	11:00 A.M.

Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Galileo, Aberdeen	Sept. 26	12:00 M.
Mississippi, London	Sept. 29	10:00 A.M.
Westerner, Rotterdam	Sept. 30	12:00 M.
Satarita, Alexandria	Sept. 30	10:00 A.M.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
Mexico	Copenhagen	Sep. 15
Suruga	Kobe	Sep. 19
City of Madrid	London	Sep. 20
Oamfa	Colon	Sep. 20
Saxonia	London	Sep. 21
Atreus	Kobe	Sep. 19

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Conte Rosso	Naples	Sep. 17
Duyden	Hongkong	Sep. 20
Vulcan	Colon	Sep. 20
Standard	Colon	Sep. 20
Ecuador	Colon	Sep. 20
Peiomia	Lucas	Sep. 14
Malaguchi	Palermo	Sep. 18

Reported by Radio

SS Adriatic (White Star Line), incoming from Liverpool, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 60, North River, Sunday afternoon.

SS Franconia (Cunard Line), incoming from Liverpool, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 56, North River, late Sunday.

SS President Arthur (United States Lines), incoming from Bremen, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 61, North River, Saturday afternoon.

SS Gothland (Red Star Line), incoming from Dansig, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 61, North River, Saturday forenoon.

SS Oscar II. (Scandinavian-American Line), incoming from Copenhagen, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at pier foot of Sixteenth Street, Hoboken, Tuesday forenoon.

Transpacific Mails

The connecting mails close at the G. P. O. and City Hall P. O. Stations, New York, at 6:00 P. M., daily, except Sundays and holidays, and 5 P. M., Sundays and holidays, as follows:

Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed correspondence only) via Seattle.....Africa Maru Sept. 24
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and New Zealand, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Samoan Islands and Australia. (Note—Letter mails for New Zealand will be disembarked at Honolulu for connection with steamship Niagara due Oct. 10).....Ventura Sept. 27
Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands, via Seattle; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indochina, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements.....(Seattle) Sept. 29

Postmaster Morgan announced that mails for the following dates:—Melbourne, Aug. 25;

TROLLEY SERVICE IN JERSEY RESUMED

All the Lines Which Were Tied Up by the Strike Again in Operation.

BUSES CONTINUE, HOWEVER

In Fact They Carry More Passengers Than Street Cars—Fare Appeal Filed.

Service on the lines of the Public Service Railway Company was resumed throughout Northern New Jersey yesterday, ending officially the strike of 6,000 trolleymen which began Aug. 1. It was reported last night that the service on a majority of the lines, especially in Essex County, was about normal.

The first car to cross the intersection of Broad and Market Streets, Newark, the heart of that city, got there at 5:25 o'clock yesterday afternoon, carrying eight passengers. The second car was operated on the South Orange Avenue line.

Crowds which gathered to witness the arrival of the first cars blocked the passage of buses, which continued to operate in large numbers. The cars, too, were delayed by the large numbers of buses, taxicabs, trucks and other vehicles which blocked traffic. While the first of the trolleys were little patronized, the buses did a thriving business during yesterday's rainstorm. Because of the weather conditions, the 300 buses which were in operation as an emergency fleet during the strike continued to run, operating on permits which have not been canceled, because of the illness of Commissioner Thomas L. Raymond, Director of Streets and Public Improvements.

Motormen and conductors of all lines flocked to the car barns yesterday morning to receive their equipment and badges. The fares remained the same as before the strike, 5 cents a ride, with four "tokens" for 30 cents and transfers at 1 cent each. An application for a ten-cent fare with free transfers was filed in Newark yesterday by the trolley company. The Public Utilities Commission probably will suspend action on the application for three months. The company has announced that a ten-cent fare will be necessary to meet the wage increase of 20 per cent. granted the employes.

SEEK A WAY TO RUN SHIPS.

Farley Says Daugherty Ruling Means New Plan Must Be Found.

Regarding the opinion by Attorney General Daugherty that the Shipping Board's plan for operating the Government's merchant fleet through delegated subsidiary corporations is illegal, Edward P. Farley, Chairman of the Board, said here yesterday:

"I have not read the opinion of the Attorney General. The idea of forming corporations to take over the operation of such lines as the board finds impossible to sell but which they feel mandated to operate was proposed as a means of putting the operation on a businesslike basis, and for the purpose of obtaining for the Government the full value of the trade name and organization built up at Government expense during this period of depression. If this is found illegal, some other method must be pursued.

"My aim will be to institute the strictest economy and obtain the most efficient service, and especially do so desire to encourage those who have by their ownership of American ships expressed their faith in the future of the American merchant marine."

Mr. Farley declined to admit that the board's plan as a whole had been nullified by the ruling, but did say that so far as he had been apprised of the facts it was "self-evident that the Government cannot turn over its property to any one without legal compensation."

Asked if there were any other plans before the board, Mr. Farley said there were no "outside" plans.

BOAT RUN BY PUSH BUTTON.

Success of New Control May Make Radical Changes in Ships.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Sept. 21.—Distinguished engineers and financiers aboard the Wanda II., a sixty-one-foot motor yacht equipped with the first electrical push button control ever adapted to marine craft, at the conclusion of the first official trial of the device off Bridgeport yesterday pronounce the tests a "convincing success" and predicted that the control would revolutionize the manouvring of every size of craft, to the largest liners in the world.

The yacht was controlled during the test by press buttons on the bridge, which regulated an electric motor in the stern, which in turn controlled a new type of rudder, enclosing the propeller of the craft within two concaved leaves, adjustment of which produced full ahead, stop and reverse without changing engine gear.

RAID ON ROME MASONS.

Documents Are Carried Off, Possibly by Grand Master's Opponents.

ROME, Sept. 21.—An unidentified group today broke into the Scottish Rite Lodge rooms near St. Peter's and carried off all the documents it could find.

Some attribute the act to opponents within the order of Grand Master Palermi, whose recent announcement of adhesion to the Mussolini Government caused a schism in the Scottish Rite ranks.

Alice Gentle Sings Carmen.

Bizet's "Carmen," a favorite opera of all seasons, and now the fifth production of Fortune Gallo's crowded week at the Century, delighted a large audience last evening with its well-rounded singing ensemble and more than usually substantial spectacle. The great theatre on Central Park West gave hearty greeting to Alice Gentle, a debutante of Hammerstein's Manhattan years, new to the Century, as a colorful Carmen. Messrs. Salazar and Valle were the Don José and the Toreador. Miss Ehlers the Micaela. Others were the Misses Homer and Lang, Messrs. de Biasi, Curci and Cervi, and Mr. Peroni conducted. There were elaborate Spanish dances by the Pavley-Oukrainsky ballet. For next week the operas announced are "Cavalleria" and "Pagliacci," "La Bohème," "Carmen," "Butterfly," "Lohengrin," "Tales of Hoffman" and "La Gioconda."

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The third annual Music Box Revue will open tonight at the Music Box.

"The Dancing Honeymoon," a musical comedy with Charles Ruggles and William Kent, will open at the Selwyn Theatre Monday night, Oct. 8. "Helen of Troy, N. Y.," now at the Selwyn will move to the Times Square Theatre on that date.

"Connie Goes Home," now at the Forty-ninth Street Theatre, and the Italian Marionettes, now at the Frolic, will close their New York engagements tonight.

A benefit performance of Baliett's Chauve Souris, in aid of the Veterans' Mountain Camp Drive, will be given at the Jolson Theatre tomorrow night.

All the benefit theatre performances scheduled for tomorrow night have been temporarily postponed.

JAPANESE BENEFIT
TILDEN and The Japanese Davis Cup Team
Shimidzu Okuno
Sukuda Kashio
Will Play Exhibition
TENNIS
Matches at
Jackson Heights
Sunday, Sept. 23rd
at 2:30 P. M.
Auspices Jackson Heights Tennis Club.
Benefit Jackson Heights Branch
AMERICAN RED CROSS
JAPAN RELIEF COMMITTEE.
Mary E. Marsden, Chairman.
Tickets now on Sale $1.00
Grand Stand Seats at
Tyson Company, Inc., 208 W. 42d St.
Bacon's Agencies, 1511 Broadway
and leading hotels.
How to Go to Jackson Heights:
By Motor, 59th St., via Queensboro Bridge, Jackson Av. (Northern Boulevard) to 85th St., Jackson Heights.
Broadway B. R. T. Subway from any Manhattan Station direct to Jackson Heights. Take Corona train at Queensboro Bridge Plaza. Interboro Subway to Grand Central Station, transfer to Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) to 85th St., Jackson Heights.
This advertisement has been paid for by private subscription. Every dollar contributed will go to relieve suffering in Japan.

WANT J. L. BREESE OUSTED AS TRUSTEE

Titled Nieces Allege He Is Unfit to Be Executor of His Mother's Estate.

MISMANAGEMENT CHARGED

He Must Show Cause Why Petition for Removal Should Not Be Granted.

An application for the removal of James Lawrence Breese as executor and trustee of the estate of his mother, Mrs. Augusta E. Breese, who died in 1908, was filed yesterday in the Surrogates' Court. The petitioners are Eloise Lawrence Breese, now the Countess of Ancaster, who lives in Eresby House, Rutland aGte, London, and Lady Alistair Innes Ker, the former Anna Parsons Breese, of 4 Gloucester Square, London. They are the daughters of Mr. Breese's brother, William L. Breese, who died forty years ago.

Surrogate O'Brien issued citations returnable on Oct. 2 directing Mr. Breese to show cause why the petition for his removal should not be granted. Under the will of Mrs. Breese, a trust fund of $100,000 was created and Mr. Breese was made trustee. He is also a trustee of a fun from the estate of his grandmother, Mrs. Eloise L. Lawrence.

In asking for his removal the petitioners charge that he is unfit to continue as trustee because, they allege, he mismanaged the funds with "improvidence and want of understanding." They jointly charge that he used the funds to assist in his own speculations, pledging some of the securities with banks and other institutions as collateral for loans and speculating on his own account with the proceeds of these loans with various stock brokers.

In these acts, they allege, he acted without authority for the terms of the trust did not give him the right to hypothecate the securities or to convert any of them to his own use. The petition was filed by James P. McManus, attorney, of 27 William Street.

Mr. Breese caused a sensation some years ago when the famous "girl-in-the-pie" dinner was held in his studio. At present he is said to be living in France.

Chemical Show Ends Tonight.

The Ninth Exposition of the Chemical Industries will close tonight at the Grand Central Palace. In connection with the exposition the Technical Photographic and Microscopical Society held a meeting yesterday. Thousands viewed a demonstration of the fastness of American dyes, garments that had been washed more than seventy times during the exposition retaining their full colors.

EVERYBODY IS GOING to THE DANBURY FAIR
OCTOBER 1-2-3-4-5-6
HARNESS RACES
AUTO RACES
New Fireproof GRANDSTAND

STEAMER MANDALAY SPECIAL TRIPS
To Atlantic Highlands Sept. 22 & 23
Lvs. Battery Pier 9:00 A. M., 1:30 & 6 P. M.
DANCING FREE Large BALLROOM Deck
Fare 50c each way. Tel. Broad 7386-9016

YIDDISH ART THEA., 27TH ST. MADISON AVE.
MATINEE 2:30, TODAY & SUN.
EVENINGS 8:30, TODAY & SUN.
MAURICE SWARTZ
as "SHABBETHAI ZEBI"
Direction Otto Aschbach
COLUMBIA AMUSEMENT PARK
Hudson Boulevard, North Bergen, N. J.
FOURTH ANNUAL BABY CARNIVAL
SEPTEMBER 22 and 23.
$1,000 IN PRIZES.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS—DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT

WINTER GARDEN NIGHTS 8:30. Mts. Tues. & Sat.
FIFTH YEARLY EDITION
Greenwich Village Follies
America's Greatest Annual Revue
POPULAR MATINEE TODAY
F. RAY COMSTOCK & MORRIS GEST Present
Balieff's Chauve Souris
LAST 2 WEEKS
JOLSON'S 59th ST. THEATRE POP. PRICES
Evs. at 8:30. MATS. TUES. & SAT. 2:30.
OCT. 2: SOTHERN-MARLOWE—CYMBELINE

49TH ST. Theatre, West of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Matinees Today, 2:30. CONNIE GOES HOME

REPUBLIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30
ANNE NICHOLS' LAUGHING SUCCESS
Abie's Irish Rose
THE PLAY THAT PUTS U IN HUMOR

LONGACRE Theatre, W. 48 St. Evs. at 8:30 Mats. Today & Wed. at 2:30.
"LITTLE JESSIE JAMES"
with NAN HALPERIN & THE JAMES BOYS—A PAUL WHITEMAN BAND

GARRICK 65 W. 35th St. Evs. 8:30 | Last 3 Matinees Thurs. & Sat. | Weeks
BERNARD SHAW'S THE DEVIL'S DISCIPLE

The Perfect Picture
WILLIAM FOX Presents
"IF WINTER COMES"
A powerful film translation of A. S. M. Hutchinson's novel
(A Harry Millarde Production)
"MIGHTIER THAN THE BOOK"
TIMES SQ. Thea., 42d St., W. of B'y. NOW
Twice Daily, 2:30 & 8:30.
WILLIAM FOX presents
The Smashing, Crashing Screen Sensation
"THE SILENT COMMAND"
LAST CENTRAL B'WAY at 47th Street LAST
2 Days Continuous 1 to 11 P. M. 2 Days
STARTING MONDAY
WILLIAM FOX Presents
The Greatest Spectacle of Film History
Maurice Maeterlinck's
Immortal
MONNA VANNA
Nothing like it ever before. Tens of thousands massed to make a marvelous mastodonic masterpiece.
DON'T MISS IT!

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'way. Mat. Today
CHAINS
By Jules Eckert Goodman
Percy Hammond said: "Most intelligent of American plays this season."
Charles Darnton said: "Interesting and well acted."

SAN CARLO GRAND OPERA
CENTURY THEATRE, 62d & Cent. Park W.
TODAY Mat., 2:15, BUTTERFLY
Mmes. Pagni, Chiappini, Valle. Foll'd by Ballet "Legend of the Sun." TONIGHT, 8:15—TROVATORE. Rimondi Dr. Motta, Tommasini, Bastos. MON.—CAVALLERIA and PAGLIACCI. TUES.—BOHEME. foll'd by Ballet "A Dance Poem." Musical Directors, Perosi and Franchetti. Organization of 200 People, Orch. of 50. Chorus of 60 and the Pavley-Oukrainsky Ballet Russe. 30c to $3.

AMBASSADOR 49 St., W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
HOME FIRES
OWEN DAVIS' COMEDY TRIUMPH.

PLYMOUTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
We've Got to Have Money
with ROBERT AMES, Lee Donnelly, Flora Finch and Cast of 30.

THOMASHEFSKY'S BROADWAY Yiddish The. (Formerly Hayes), 46 W. of B'y. Lackawanna 6565 Evs. 8:30. Matinee Today, 2:30.
"GALES OF LAUGHTER"—Times.
Thomashefsky, Schildkraut, Ludwig Satz in "3 Little Business Men"
A Comedy With Music.
Sun. 2:30-8:30, Great International Concerts.

SHUBERT-RIVIERA 97th & B'y. Evs. 8:15 Matinee Today
THE GINGHAM GIRL Best Musical Comedy in Years
NEXT WEEK: "UP SHE GOES," with Nancy Welford and Richard (Skeets) Gallag

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Backward Movement of Prices on Stock Exchange—Sharp Rise in Franc.

In some respects the advance in the franc—which crossed 6 cents for the first time since June, having fallen below 5¼ in August—was the most significant movement on yesterday's markets. It reflected undoubtedly financial expectation of formal abandonment of resistance by Germany and the beginning of serious negotiations for a settlement; a belief to which the day's European cables gave some confirmation. The French Republic's gold bonds simultaneously advanced on the Stock Exchange, going within half a point of the year's high price.

There was, however, little change in rates on other foreign markets. Most of them went somewhat higher; the German mark lost pretty much all of its 50 or 60 per cent. recovery of Thursday. Beyond the recovery in the franc, nobody in the financial community seemed to have a clear idea as to just what immediate effect on the financial and economic situation a Franco-German settlement would produce. For this the reason partly was the feeling that some considerable time is still likely to elapse before the negotiation could be concluded, but partly also the existing doubt as to what condition of things will prevail in Germany and how the financial side of an agreement with France will be worked out.

Yesterday's stock market can hardly be described except as a confused and disorderly struggle between professional speculators trying to drive prices down and professional speculators trying to bid them up. Considered from this enlightening viewpoint, the day's results were a drawn battle. Some stocks advanced and some declined; in most, the movement was alternately forward and backward; there were numerous net changes of a point or more in both directions. Such a market will not be taken very seriously; it proves nothing whatever, except the wholly detached position of the general financial public and perhaps the uncertainty of judgment on the Stock Exchange itself.

Week-end reports of the mercantile agencies confirm the impressions drawn by observant people from the past week's trade. That the course of business is irregular, increase of Autumn orders uneven, all the reviews agree. This condition is now distinctly ascribed to the fact that "requirements were largely covered ahead during the commercial revival of earlier months this year," that in many trades "deliveries on these contracts are meeting the immediate needs of consumers" and that "there is not the same incentive for active purchasing with depleted supplies of goods replenished." The markets, in other words, seem to be at a stage of the movement in which future requirements will be judged by the rapidity with which the goods now being distributed, under the earlier orders of the year, go into final consumption. It is not a new experience on such occasions, but is the quite unavoidable second phase of the sudden and violent revival from a long period of depression.

MONEY.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 21, 1923.

Heavy calling of loans by interior banks brought increase in charge for Stock Exchange demand funds, rate moving up from opening and renewal at 4 per cent. to 5, and interval of 4½. There was good deal more money loaned than on earlier days of week despite stiffness of market. Time money loaned unchanged at 5½ per cent.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Thursday's Last.
4	5	4	5	5½

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days	5½
4, 5 and 6 months	5½
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	5½
4, 5 and 6 months	5½

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months ..... 5¼@5½
Other names, 4 to 6 months 5½

Rediscount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 4½; 60 to 90 days 4½
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 4½; 60 to 90 days 4½

Bankers' Acceptances.

Call loans against acceptances 3½
Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase:

	Bid.	Asked.
30 days	4¼	4
60 days	4¼	4¼
90 days	4¼	4¼
Four months	4¼	4¼
Six months	4¼	4¼
Non-member and private banks, 60-90 days	4½	4¾

London Market.

Money in London ¼ lower at 2¾ per cent.; short bills ¼ lower at 3@3 7-16 per cent.; three months' bills ¼ lower at 3@3⅛ per cent.

Gold bullion 2d lower at 90s 8d per fine ounce. Taking the British Mint standard price of 85s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation of gold would represent a price of 106⅝ at London. On the same basis the highest London price for gold for the year to date was 107½ on Sept. 5. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 140⅝ on Feb. 6, 1920; the lowest 103⅛ on Feb. 21, 1923. Highest price last year, 126, on Jan. 3.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $671,000,000; balances, $66,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balance, $62,000,000; exchanges this day a year ago, $739,000,000.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Prices Better at Paris, Sterling Up —London Quiet.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—Trading was quiet on the Stock Exchange today. Old 2½ per cent. consols unchanged at 58⅝; British 5 per cent. war loan ½ higher at 103¼; 4½ per cent. war loan unchanged at 97½.

Rand Mines 2⅜, De Beers Mining 12½, both unchanged.

PARIS, Sept. 21.—Prices improved on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentas unchanged at 56 francs 65 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan 5 centimes higher at 75 francs 5 centimes.

Exchange on London 15 centimes higher at 77 francs 15 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 16 francs 36 centimes, against 16.88 yesterday.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London ⅛d higher at 32¾d per ounce; New York price ⅛c lower at 65¼c.

Range for 1923:

	Highest		Lowest	
London	33½d	Apr. 30	30¼d	Feb. 3
New York	69⅛c	Mar. 27	62¼c	July 30

Range for 1922:

	Highest		Lowest	
London	67¾d	May 23	30¼d	Dec. 15
New York	79⅛c	May 23	58⅜c	Dec. 15

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Stocks Higher Despite Professional Attacks.

After the close of the stock market on Thursday, it was widely reported in the financial district that the professional operators planned to "test the strength of the market" on Friday and that concerted efforts were to be made to depress the market and bring out additional liquidation. Judging from the action of prices during the early hours of trading yesterday, such attempts were made, but they did not meet with much success. When the selling was in force stocks declined, but as soon as the professional pressure relaxed the market rallied. In the afternoon the general market recovered under leadership of the petroleum stocks. Passing of the dividend on Corden common stock was not announced until after the close of business. Trading was much more active than on Thursday.

Strength in the Railway Shares.

The railway shares held firm again yesterday; they have withstood the attack of professional speculators for the decline rather impressively this week. One reason for this, assigned by Wall Street, is that the car loading statements of August and the reports to railway executives have foreshadowed excellent results in the earnings statements for last month. These statements will be in course of publication all next week.

Cotton Consumers and Cotton Prices.

The week's rapid backward and forward movement of cotton prices around 30 cents will create unusual interest in the figures of exports and spinners' takings during the next few weeks. The cotton market was divided into two bodies of opinion yesterday—one, that spot cotton at these advances cannot buy freely above the 30-cent level because they cannot sell goods on that basis; the other, that the consumer will have to follow the market and that Europe is actually short of cotton goods.

Financing of the Crops.

By reason of the large increase in gold holdings shown in the New York Federal Reserve Bank statement, the question has been raised as to the amount of financing required for crop movements and whether the height of this demand has yet been reached. The bank's report of Thursday would indicate that money was again flowing back to New York from the interior, and reports from certain important agricultural districts also would indicate that actual work of harvesting and of shipping would be speeded up because of unusually early frost. That the current week's flow of money to New York meant the end of the harvest movement was not, however, agreed by bankers yesterday. Financing requirements, in the Mississippi Valley especially, have not reached their height and probably will not do so for another two or three weeks.

Railway Rates and Railway Expenses.

In view of the constantly repeated declaration in the financial district that the railroads may be subject to a rate cut as the result of the remarkable earnings for the first eight months of this year, combined with the insistent demands from voters in certain parts of the country, figures compiled by President Markham of the Illinois Central attracted attention in the railroad district yesterday. These figures showed that in the last ten years freight rates had increased 54 per cent. and passenger rates 55 per cent. on one hand, while the payrolls increased 100 per cent., the fuel bill 200 per cent., taxes 150 per cent., the cost of locomotives 125 per cent., and the cost of cars 100 per cent.

WEEK'S NEW BONDS TOTAL $27,201,000

Largest Issue Was of $10,000,000 for Pacific Gas and Electric Company.

INDUSTRIALS	$9,250,000

State and Municipal Offerings Only $1,951,000—A Few Small Issues Held Over.

New bond issues brought out this week totaled $27,201,000, comparing with $241,443,000 the previous week. The latter figure, however, included the $200,000,000 issue of United States Treasury six-month notes. Due to the absence of the usual advertising medium provided in daily newspapers, only a few new issues of any size were brought out this week. A number of small issues were held over for another week or two.

The total of last week, as compared in groups with the previous week, follows:

	This week.	Last week.
Public utility	$16,000,000	$7,550,000
Industrial	9,250,000	12,200,000
State and municipal	1,951,000	19,693,000
U. S. Government	.....	200,000,000
Railroad	.....	2,000,000
Totals	$27,201,000	$241,443,000

The largest issue consisted of $10,000,000 of mortgage bonds for the account of the Pacific Gas and Electric Company. These were quickly taken. Another public utility issue, brought out for the Ohio Power Company and consisting of $6,000,000 of mortgage bonds, was also readily taken.

FALL TRADE PICKING UP.

Developments Favorable to Buyers Noted in Some Lines.

Progress toward increased business is decidedly uneven with the tendency in certain important lines more clearly in the buyer's favor, according to Dun's Weekly Review.

"While current transactions are heavy in the aggregate," the Review says, "new demands in some channels are restricted because requirements were largely covered ahead during the noteworthy commercial revival of earlier months this year."

Bradstreet's summary of business conditions for the last week says: "Fall trade aided by cool weather in wide areas, the advance of the season, active marketing of cotton in the South and replenishing of stocks by retailers is expanding cautiously, but steadily."

DETROIT RAILWAY SLUMP.

Municipal Trolley Profits Are Hit by Higher Operating Costs.

DETROIT, Sept. 21.—Net profits of the Detroit Street Railways, which operate under municipal ownership, dropped $106,561.69 for August, compared with August, 1922, the report made today by the company's auditor to the Mayor revealed. Profits a year ago were $114,801.47 for the month, compared with $7,639.87 last month.

The August report is based on the 6-cent fare. A 6-cent fare became effective Sept. 2.

Increased power charges and increased wages for platform and electrical employes, which were in effect the last fifteen days of the month, are responsible for the slump, officials of the Street Railway Commission assert.

The operatic expenses a car mile increased 3.46 cents in August over the same month a year ago, according to the auditor's report.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1923.

Day's Sales:	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
United States Government bonds	$2,728,150	$4,006,550	$8,542,400	$11,024,950	$8,617,500
Other domestic bonds	3,176,000	6,762,560	5,121,000	3,749,000	1,599,000
Foreign bonds	1,526,500	1,819,500	991,000	1,260,000	484,500
Total all bonds	$7,430,650	$12,588,560	$14,654,400	$16,033,950	$10,701,000

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Range Since Date of Issue— High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Rate.	High.	Low.	Sales.	Issue	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.	Yield.
103.1	Oct. 10,'22	96.1	June 7,'23	4½	101.30	99.23	24	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	99.26	99.27	99.26	99.26		99.26	99.28	3.50
102.25	Oct. 10,'22	96.4	July 1,'21	4½	101.22	99.24		Liberty 3½s, registered								
102.25	July 26,'22	93.00	May 19,'20	4½	97.5			Liberty 1st cv. 4s, 1932-47						98.2		4.11
103.10	July 24,'22	93.25	May 19,'20	4½	97.2			Liberty 1st cv. 4s, reg								
100.25	July 23,'22	93.12	May 20,'20	4½	96.13	2		Liberty 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-42	98.1	98.1	98.1	98.1	+.1	98.00	98.5	4.36
100.18	July 14,'22	91.16	May 21,'20	4½	96.18			Liberty 2d cv. 4¼s, reg								
102.00	July 16,'22	90.00	June 7,'20	4½	100.00	97.5		Lib. 1st 2d cv. 4¼s, 1932-47						97.22	98.00	
100.25	July 13,'22	84.00	May 21,'20	4½	96.22	37		Lib. 1st 2d cv. 4¼s, reg	98.2	98.6	98.2	98.5	+.4	98.3	98.5	4.36
101.14	July 24,'22	84.00	July 30,'20	4½	98.26			Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, reg								
101.00	July 24,'22	81.12	May 20,'20	4½	99.3	96.24	485	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-42	98.3	98.8	98.3	98.8	+.1	98.8	98.8	4.33
100.25	July 25,'22	83.16	Dec. 23,'20	4½	98.26	96.21	3½	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, reg	98.00	98.00	98.00	98.00				
101.00	July 30,'22	85.20	Dec. 20,'20	4½	98.16	97.25	1,295	Liberty 3d 4¼s, 1928	98.20	98.30	98.20	98.30	+.3	98.28	98.30	4.53
100.27	July 25,'22	86.12	May 19,'20	4½	99.1	97.17	23	Liberty 3d 4¼s, reg	98.24	98.25	98.24	98.25	+.3			
101.27	July 27,'22	82.00	May 20,'20	4½	99.6	96.27	108½	Lib. 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	98.2	98.6	98.2	98.6	+.4	98.4	98.6	4.43
101.20	July 26,'22	82.15	May 20,'20	4½	96.00	96.28	7	Lib. 4th 4¼s, reg	98.3	98.3	98.3	98.3	+.2			
100.1	Dec. 1,'22	98.1	Mar. 27,'23	4½	100.1	99.1	191	Treasury 4¼s, 1947-52	99.22	99.22	99.22	99.22	+.1	99.22	99.24	4.37
100.00	Feb. 14,'23	98.20	Apr. 25,'23	4½	100.00	98.20		Treasury 4¼s, registered								

Beginning March 22, the Stock Exchange officially quotes Liberty bonds in units and fractions, the fractions being 32ds of a unit, and the quotations after the decimal point representing one or more 32ds. In the above table, therefore, the figures of highest and lowest prices during 1923 and since date of issue are reduced to the form now used in the Stock Exchange quotations.

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine 5s, 1945 98
2s 80¾
7s, 1927 ..... 101¾
5s 101¼
5s 101¼
5s 101
5s 101¼
3s 101
Austrian Govt 4 f 7s, 1943, int rcts 88
7s 88
5s 89
2s 87¾
2s 87¾
2s 87¾
1s 87½
1s 87¾
City Bergen 4s, 1945 3
3s 108¼
City Berne 8s, 1945 7
7s 108¼
7s 108¼
City Bordeaux 6s, 1934 12
12 ..... 80¼
10 ..... 80¼
City Buenos Aires 6s, 1955 17
City Christiania 8 f 8s, 1945 17
City Copenhagen 5½s, 1944 2
City Prague 8s, 1952 ..... 7½
7s 7½
7s 7½
5s 7½
City Lyons 6s, 1934 5
5 ..... 81¾
10 81
10 ..... 81¾
1s 87¾
20 82
9 ..... 81¼
5 ..... 81¾
6 ..... 80¾
2 ..... 80¾
2 ..... 80¾
1 80
City Marseille 6s, 1934 13
1 ..... 80¼
1 ..... 80¾
5 ..... 80¼
11 80
City Montevid 8 f 7s, 1952 2
1 90
City P'to Alegr 8 f 8s, 1961 1
1 ..... 96¼
City Rio Janeiro 8 f 8s, 1946 6
2 91
City Sydney 5½s, 1929 2
5 92
City Tokio 5s, 1952 2
1 ..... 82¾
5s30t.. 46
1 97
1 ..... 96¾
2 98
1 ..... 96¾
2 98
1 ..... 96¾
City Zurich 8s, 1945 1
1 100
Czech Rep 8s, 1951 2
2 93
1s7f.. 92¾
1s7f.. 92¾
10 ..... 92¾
1 ..... 91¾
6s, 1941 1
2s7f.. 86¼
2 ..... 90¾
2s7f.. 96¼
2 ..... 96¼
8s, 1952 1
1 ..... 96¼
1 ..... 96¾
1 ..... 96¾
1 ..... 96¾
1 ..... 96¾
1 ..... 96¾
cv deb 7s, 1952 1
1 ..... 96¾
1 ..... 96¾
1 ..... 96¾
1 ..... 96¾
1 ..... 96¾

COTTON PRICES DROP IN NERVOUS MARKET

Many Factors Responsible for Half-Cent Reaction From Recent High Levels.

Whether due to the approaching notice day for October next Tuesday, to the sharp increase in premiums on near positions, to the very violence of the advance this week or the combination of all three factors, cotton lost ground yesterday. A larger supply of contracts appeared, outside buying was less eager and a lower stock market influenced sentiment. The tone was both nervous and heavy, one sharp recovery of 40 points failed to hold, with final prices lowest of the day. An estimate of 11,200,000 bales exclusive of linters on a condition of 52.3 was issued by a private agency, making the third report between 52 and 53, or less than the average deterioration for September. Prices lost 40 to 53 points.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
Oct.	28.65	29.08	29.20	29.20-35	29.70
Dec.	28.20	28.25	28.70	28.85-90	29.35
Jan.	28.60	28.75	28.80	28.84-40	29.30
March	28.50	28.68	28.25	28.30-29	28.78
May	28.45	28.63	28.15	28.15-20	28.67
July	27.80	28.00	27.50	27.50	28.00

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 40 points decline, to 30.10c for middling upland.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston 29c, 40 points decline; New Orleans 28.25, 55 points decline; Savannah 28.80c, 66 points decline; Augusta 28.69c, 50 points decline; Memphis 29c, unchanged; Houston 29c, 45 points decline; Little Rock 29c, 25 points decline.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yester-day.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	27,265	27,674	27,585
Exports	2,785	6,190	19,825
Exports, season	986,006	852,893	467,810
N. Y. stocks	24,006	32,693	67,922
Port stocks	267,881	254,655	590,260
N. Y. arrivals	8,000	7,400	....

Liverpool cables: Spot, cotton, quieter, 23 points decline, 17.95d for middling. Sales 5,000, American 1,000; imports, 4,000. Futures opened quiet, 5 to 6 points decline; closed steady 10 to 17 points decline. Prices: October 16.43d, December 16.01d, January 15.79d, March 16.42d, May 16.34d.

Manchester—Yarns quiet; cloths good inquiry.

Cosden & Co. Passes Dividend.

Directors of Cosden & Co., yesterday passed the quarterly dividend due on common stock. It had been paying $1 a share quarterly. The company issued a statement that earnings for the first six months of 1923 aggregated $5,208,489. It was said that the dividend was passed because of the unsettled conditions.

Dry Goods Season Opens Briskly.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 21.—Marshall Field & Co. in their weekly review of the wholesale dry goods trade report that the current wholesale distribution of dry goods continues to show a substantial increase over last year and that merchants are ordering goods for immediate shipment both by salesmen and by mail in larger quantities than a year ago.

FINANCIAL ITEMS.

As a result of lessened demand, the Newcastle plant of the Carnegie Steel Company, it is announced, will operate only five days a week instead of six.

Theodore Pratt and William B. Walker of New York and Hongkong, China, have been elected directors of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey.

Offering of $150,000 of new South Bend, Ind., school bonds bearing 4½ per cent. coupons will be made today by C. W. McNear & Co. at prices to yield 4.60 per cent. Maturity dates are 1923-1942 inclusive.

Allen Curtis, Vice President of the International Paper Company of New York, yesterday declared at Montreal that "Canadian farmers have everything to lose if the proposed pulpwood embargo is ever put in force."

A price reduction of $400 will be made on all models of Marmon cars.

The New York Trust Company announced the appointment of George Bertrand Faull as Assistant Secretary.

S. W. Straus & Co. are selling $1,350,000 first mortgage 6½ per cent. three to eighteen years serial coupon bonds of the Flanders Building Corporation, Chicago.

Hayden, Stone & Co. announced the sale of $3,955,000 Norfolk, Va., direct obligation bonds recently offered.

The Derby Oil and Refining Corporation announced yesterday that it would resume refining operations at Wichita as a result of the further reduction in crude oil prices.

The Gulf, Mobile & Northern Railway declared an initial dividend yesterday of $1 on the preferred stock.

Directors of the United Electric Railways of Providence, R. I., decided to pass the quarterly dividend of 1 per cent., due at this time. Earnings, it was stated, have been disappointing since the inauguration of the 5-cent fare on Jan. 1 last.

Michigan State Telephone Company has approved expenditure of $2,650,000 for extension of plant.

Exports of foodstuffs from the United States in August were valued at $56,784,947, according to the Department of Commerce. This compares with $60,534,366 in the same month last year. Exports of grain products alone were valued at $27,913,224, against $66,091,772.

The Mount Royal Hotel of Canada reports net earnings of $145,000 for August, after payment of operating expenses, interest and depreciation charges.

W. A. Harriman & Co., Inc., are offering a new issue of $123,000 City of Manchester (N. H.) 4 per cent. road bonds, maturing 1924-1928 inclusive, at prices to yield 4.60 per cent.

Selling of Liberty bonds by banks during the first week of September brought the total held from $2,322,855,000 as of Aug. 29 to $2,373,954,000 as of Sept. 6, according to a Dow, Jones & Co. estimate.

The White Star liner Olympic is bringing £204,900 in gold specie consigned to New York bankers.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

In the subjoined table the quotation on sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent:

FRIDAY, SEPT. 21, 1923.

RANGE OF RATES, SIGHT EXCHANGE

	High.	Low.	Thursday's Final.	Final.
LONDON	$4.54⅜	$4.53⅞	$4.54⅜	$4.54¼
PARIS	6.00¾	5.87½	5.98½	5.85¼
ROME	4.40¾	4.47¼	4.46	4.45
AMSTERDAM	39.21½	39.28	39.28	39.28
BERLIN—	.00000080	.00000080	.00000075	.00000068
MADRID	13.60	13.52	13.58	13.51
STOCKHOLM	26.57	26.53	26.56	26.55

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the United States Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

Europe.

	Friday.	Thurs-day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅔ per sovereign.				
Demand	$4.54⅜	$4.54¼	$4.54⅜	$4.81⅜
Cables	4.54⅝	4.54⅞	4.54½	4.81⅝
Com., 60 days	4.51¾	4.51¼	4.51¼	4.78¾
Com., 30 days	4.50⅝	4.50	4.50	4.78⅛
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	5.93¾	5.85¾	5.85	7.09¾
Cables	5.94	5.86	5.85½	7.10⅛
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.				
Demand	4.40	4.48	4.45	4.19⅝
Cables	4.40¼	4.48¼	4.45¼	4.20
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	4.95	4.95¼	4.95	7.19
Cables	5.00¼	4.96	4.95½	7.19½
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.00000075	.00000068	.00000068	.0274
Cables	.00000075	.00000068	.00000068	.0274
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0014¼	.0014¼	.0014¼	.0013¾
Cables	.0014¾	.0014¾	.0014¾	.0013¾
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	3.00¾	3.00¾	3.00	3.16
Cables	3.00¾	3.00¾	3.00	3.16
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	18.05	18.05	17.95	20.88
Cables	18.08	18.08	17.98	20.90
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.				
Demand	2.67¼	2.67	2.67¼	2.10
Cables	2.67¾	2.67	2.67¼	2.10
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.				
Demand	1.99	1.93	2.06	2.32
Cables	1.99	2.01	2.05	2.28
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	39.23	39.23	39.30	39.63
Cables	39.32	39.33	39.33	39.73
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0058	.0058	.0058	.04
Cables	.0054	.0055	.0056	.04
YUGOSLAVIA—Par 19.3 cents per dinar.				
Demand	1.09¾	1.08¾	1.09½	1.36
Cables	1.09¾	1.08¾	1.09½	1.36
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	16.05	16.05	16.07	16.84
Cables	16.06	16.06	16.10	16.86
POLAND—Par 23.3 cents per mark.				
Demand	.000375	.000375	.0003¾	.013
Cables	.000375	.000375	.0003¾	.013
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.				
Demand	.45	.47	.46¾	.68¼
Cables	.46	.47	.46¾	.68¼
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.				
Demand	13.56	13.51	13.35	15.29
Cables	13.60	13.53	13.37	15.30
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krona.				
Demand	26.53	26.55	26.37	26.43
Cables	26.56	26.58	26.60	26.45
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	17.67	17.67	17.74	18.67
Cables	17.75	17.70	17.76	18.68

Far East.

CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.				
Hongkong—				
Demand	82.12	82.62	82.62	57.25
Cables	83.25	82.75	82.75	57.376
Peking—				
Demand	74.75	74.37	74.50	80.875
Shanghai—				
Demand	71.88	71.12	70.88	77.00
Cables	72.00	71.25	71.00	77.125
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, nominally stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.				
Demand	30.78	30.75	30.50	28.62
Cables	30.90	30.90	30.62	28.75
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.				
Demand	49.25	49.25	49.25	50.00
Cables	49.50	49.50	49.50	50.25
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	38.62	38.75	38.75	38.875
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.				
Demand	48.48	48.48	48.31	48.00
Cables	48.60	48.60	48.43	48.125

South America.

ARGENTINA—Par 42.44 cents per Argentine paper dollar.				
Demand	33.50	33.50	32.80	35.20
Cables	33.60	33.60	32.90	35.25
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis.				
Demand	9.80	9.80	9.80	12.65
Cables	9.90	9.90	9.90	12.10
CHILE—Par 36.5 cents per paper peso.				
Demand	12.60	13.50	12.50	13.63
Cables	12.65	12.60	12.55	13.68
PERU—Par $4.8665 per pound.				
Checks	4.20	4.16	4.20	4.09
Cables	4.31	4.16	4.21	4.10
URUGUAY—Par $1.0342 per gold peso.				
Demand	74.90	75.42	75.54	79.05
Cables	75.25	75.83	75.38	79.26

Canada.

MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar.				
Demand	97.69	97.60	97.60	99.98

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows:

Par, $1.40 cents per ruble.	Bid.	Ask.
100 ruble notes, per ruble	.03	.07¾
500 ruble notes, per ruble	.02	.05¾

Bondholders Buy Railroad Division.

The Fox River Division of the Aurora, Elgin & Chicago Railroad has been sold for $1,700,000 at public sale to the first mortgage bondholders, it was reported yesterday.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	87.08	86.51	86.87	+ .09
25 industrials	101.06	100.75	101.37	+ .02
50 stocks	79.37	78.63	79.07	+ .05

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Sept. 20	79.53	78.84	79.42	— .37
Sept. 19	79.75	78.73	79.59	+ .39
Sept. 18	79.81	79.06	79.20	— .17
Sept. 17	79.73	78.93	79.37	+ .34
Sept. 15	78.91	78.56	79.13	— .24
Sept. 14	80.26	79.80	79.76	— .32

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1923	88.04	Sep. 11	78.63	Sep. 21	79.07
1922	90.23	Sep. 11	84.49	Sep. 29	85.98
1921	82.94	Sep. 14	61.12	Sep. 1	80.69
1920	94.36	Sep. 20	79.54	Sep. 7	80.69
1919	93.53	Sep. 30	85.84	Sep. 11	92.79

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1923	88.53	Mar. 6	77.37	July 31	79.07
†1922	90.23	Sep. 13	66.21	Jan. 16	80.80

Full Years.

1922	81.06	Oct. 18	66.21	Jan. 16	80.80
1921	73.13	May 6	59.35	June 21	69.50
1920	94.07	Apr. 6	67.20	Dec. 22	67.90
1919	98.47	Oct. 31	69.73	Jan. 21	89.89
1918	80.16	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	73.89

WHEAT BULGE ENDS IN A SHARP DECLINE

Three Cents Over Monday's Low Till Offerings Fill Buyers Up and Drop Comes.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 21.—The bulge in wheat came to-an end today after values had advanced 3 cents from the low point of Monday. The market became overbought and when commission houses who bought early in the day started to sell they were followed by the local element. Sufficient wheat was offered to fill buyers up and the market closed with net losses of ½@1¾ cents.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	$1.03	$1.01¾	$1.02¾	$1.04¾	$1.00¾
Sept.	1.01¾	1.00¼	1.00¾	1.03¾	1.02¾
Dec.	1.04¼	1.02¾	1.03¾	1.07¼	1.07¾
May	1.09¾	1.08¼	1.08¾	1.09¾	....

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	.65¾	.64¾	.65¼	.64¾	.65¾
Dec.	.68¾	.67¼	.67¾	.67¾	.73¼
May	.69¼	.68¾	.68¾	.69¼	.96¾

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.42	.41¾	.41¾	....	....
Sept.	.39	.38¾	.38¾	.38¾	.39¾
Dec.	.40	.39¾	.39¾	.39¾	.40¾
May	.42¾	.42¼	.42¼	.42¾	.40¾

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	.66¼	.66¼	.66¼	.66¾	.74¾
Dec.	.67¾	.67¾	.67¾	.68¼	.74¾
May	.73¾	.73¼	.73¼	.73¾	.81¾

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	12.03	11.95	11.95	....	11.22
Oct.	11.92	11.82	11.82	11.85	11.17
Jan.	10.85	10.80	10.80	10.75	....
Ribs—					
Oct.	9.05	8.97	8.97	9.05	11.21

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Creamery, higher than extras, pound, 47½@48c; extras, 92 score, 46¾@47c; firsts, 45½@46c; seconds, 41½@43c; lower grades, 39@41c; centralized cars, 90 score, 44¼@45c; 89 score, 43¾@44c; 88 score, 43½c; 85 to 87 score, 42@43c; unsalted, higher than extras, 49@49½c; extras, 92 score, 46@46½c; firsts, 45½@47c; seconds, 41½@43c; Danish casks, duty paid, 45@46½c; State dairy tubs, finest, 46¾@46½c; good to prime, 43@46c; common to fair, 40@42c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 34@34½c; No. 2, 33c; lower grades, 31@32c.

EGGS—Fresh gathered, extra fancy, dozen, 43@46c; extra firsts, 40@42c; firsts, 38@39c; seconds, and "pooreet, 29@34c; trade spec. 34½@35c; dirties, No. 1, 32c; regular packing, 27½@28c; No. 2 and poorer, 24@27c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 22@25c; refrigerator, extra firsts, storage paid to expiring dates, 34@35c; firsts, 30½@33c; seconds, 27@29c; refrigerator checks, 20@22½c; New Jersey, hennery whites, closely selected, extras, 64@66c; other near-by hennery whites, closely selected extras, 62@64c; near-by and near-by Western hennery whites, average extras, 60@60c; extras firsts, 50@54c; firsts, 46@49c; near-by gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 40@53c; near-by whites, under grades, 40@46c; Jersey, 44@46c; other Jersey, 47@49c; other near-by whites, mediums, 44@52c; near-by whites, pullets, No. 1, 40@44c; Pacific Coast whites, extras, 53@56½c; extra firsts, 49@52c; firsts, 46@48c; under grades, 38@44c; mediums, 38@43c; other Western and Southern gathered whites, 38@39c; New Jersey hennery browns, extra fancy, light yolks, 55@60c; other near-by and near-by Western hennery browns, extras, 47@50c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Receipts and expenditures as at close of business Sept. 19:

	This Month.	Corresp. Period Last Year.	Fisc. Yr. 1923.	Corresp. Period Fisc. Yr. 1922.
Receipts.				
Customs	$25,502,818.97	$27,546,066.75	$111,237,945.56	$104,149,776.48
Internal rev.—Income and profits tax	245,758,024.00	190,551,858.15	319,125,822.12	246,877,376.76
Misc. internal revenue	52,490,157.36	56,212,985.43	248,163,561.39	253,675,089.78
Misc. receipts, proceeds Govt.-owned securities, foreign obligations:				
Principal	30,500,000.00	....	37,873,562.75	406,500.00
Interest	586,385.57	....	11,062,630.92	12,956,620.43
Railroad securities	4,129,079.25	9,477,573.03	8,070,078.91	17,476,394.96
All others	376,537.36	95,373.54	1,962,857.50	3,004,026.06
Trust fund rcts. (reappropriated for investment)	2,100,273.91	874,876.34	5,730,327.96	4,483,373.74
Proceeds, sale of surplus property	326,364.73	2,177,660.02	11,795,596.21	17,845,930.03
Panama Canal tolls, &c.	1,745,883.73	1,073,178.52	5,823,777.81	2,898,976.58
Rcts. from misc. sources credited direct to appropriations	3,962,789.32	2,123,198.01	14,023,444.65	18,858,283.80
Other miscellaneous	12,443,806.32	8,501,828.51	47,734,061.71	37,826,066.50
Total ordinary	$380,769,145.11	$298,321,049.10	$822,015,988.57	$720,585,147.14
Excess of rcts. over total expts. against ordinary receipts	187,828,229.84	99,343,495.82	168,255,744.38	74,044,360.64
Total ordinary expts.	$155,178,411.27	$18 5,496,703.28	$986,229,394.19	$622,218,336.50

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, SEPT. 21, 1923.

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
500	Acma Coal	2¾	2	2
5,000	Brad Foundry	5c	5c	5c
	Prod Co	5c	5c	5c
900	Bdgpt Mach	11¾	11¼	11¾
400	B-AmTob,cp	24¾	24¾	24¾
100	Brit Int Ar	17¾	17¾	17¾
700	Bklyn C RR	10¾	10¼	10¾
300	Buddy Buds	1¼	1¼	1¼
100	Can C Iron	19¾	19¾	19¾
1,500	Cent Sug pf	3¾	3¾	3¾
300	Chesbrr Cab Mfg. Cl A	20¾	20¾	20¾
100	Chi Ntp, A	37¾	37¾	37¾
500	Curtiss Aero cfts of dep	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
1,000	DubilierCond Radio	10	9¾	10
2,800	Durant Mtr	30¾	27	28¾
500	Du de Pont	8	7¾	7¾
600	Glen A Coal	72¾	71¾	71¾
200	G'dyearTAR	9	9	9
300	Hud Co pf	14	14	14
100	Hudstar	9¼	9¼	9¼
100	Hydrox Corp	17	17	17
100	Kay Scletber	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
400	Kresge D S	34	33¾	34
300	Al De pf	98	97	98
300	McCreryStor, new	68	67	67

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

600	Anglo-Am	13⅞	13½	13⅞
100	Atl Lobos	2¾	2¾	2¾
80	Buckeye P L	77	77	77
60	Eureka P L	103	103	103
10	Galena-S Oil	60	60	60
10	Illinois P L	102	102	102
100	ImpOil(Can)	34½	33¾	34½
700	Indiana	34¼	34¼	34¼
7,200	Internat Pet	14¾	13¾	13¾
40	MagnoliaPet	126	126	126
30	M T Transit	65¾	65¾	65¾

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

300	Ark Nat Gas	5¾	5	5
100	Carib Synd	3¾	3¾	3¾
180	Cities Serv	130	128	130
200	De pf	66	66	66
155	De pf B	57	57	57
300	De Mex Fuel	51	49¾	50
1,400	Denmark	11¾	11	11¾
1,500	Cryole Synd	1⅛	1	1⅛
680	Glen Rock	68c	68c	68c
1,100	Gulf Oil of Pa	49¾	47	49¾
4,000	Hudson Oil	6c	6c	6c
1,000	Hy Rayon	2c	2c	2c
1,600	Kirby Petr	7¾	7¾	7¾
700	Mar'l'd of Mex	3¼	3	3¼
1,900	Mexico Oil	81c	81c	85c
800	Mex Panuco	1¾	1¾	1¾
5,700	Mtn Fred	13¾	13	13¾

MINING STOCKS.

100	Amal Lead-Z	6¾	6¾	6¾
12,600	Arit Globe C	11c	9c	11c
400	Boss & W	35c	35c	35c
2,000	Con Cop, B	2¾	2¾	2¾
2,000	Con Key-U	10c	10c	10c
5,000	Cortez Silver	45c	42c	45c
900	Creason Con	3¾	3¾	3¾
2,000	Eureka-C	3c	3c	3c
2,000	Goldf Deep	13c	12c	13c
2,000	Goldf Dev	12c	12c	13c
1,000	Goldf Fler	61c	61c	61c
3,100	Goldf Jackpt	51c	50c	51c
700	Hecla	7¾	7¼	7¾
900	Homestke Ext	90c	82c	90c
1,000	Hillstop Nev	6c	6c	6c
500	Howe Sound	2¾	2¾	2¾
8,000	Ind Lead	35c	34c	35c
1,000	Knox Div	1c	1c	1c
1,000	LonStarCon	3c	3c	3c
5,500	Nat Tin	11c	10c	11c
1,000	Nev Hecla	1c	1c	1c
400	New Dom, A	3¾	3¾	3¾

BONDS.

(In $1,000 lots.)

3	Am G & E 6s, deb B	94½	94½	94½
4	Am Rol Mills 6s	98	98	98
1	Am T&T 6s '24	100¼	100¼	100¼
3	Anaconda 6s	99.10	101¼	101¼
3	A-A Oil 7½s	103¾	102¾	103¾
15	Armour of Del 5s	94¾	94¾	94¾
	Bge A 1942	88½	87½	89¾
	S A G & W 1 cel tr 5s '39	46	46	46
15	Bulgo-Can Paper 8s	96½	95¾	96¾
	1946	96¾	95¾	96¾
11	Beth Stl 7s '23	100¼	100¼	100¼
1	Can Nat Ry 7s	107¼	107¼	107¼
2	Cent Steel 1st mtg 8s, '41	107½	107½	107½
19	Chi R I & P Ry 5s	97¾	97¾	97¾
1	Cities Svc D, 7s, 1966	82¾	82¼	86½
1	Comb E L & P 6½ Belt Ry 5s	102	102	102
1	Can Nat Ry 7s, 1935	107¼	107¼	107¼
2	Cent Steel 1st mtg 8s, '41	107½	107½	107½
19	Chi R I & P Ry 5s	97¾	97¾	97¾
1	Cities Svc D, 7s, 1966	82¾	82¼	86½
1	Comb E L & P 6½ Belt Ry 5s	102	102	102
3	Con Tex 5s '41	98	98	98
1	Deere 7½s, '31	90¾	90¾	90¾
1	DetroitCityGas 6s, Ser A '31	89¾	89¾	89¾
	Ed El Ill 5s '51	100¾	100¾	100¾
13	Empire G & F 6½s of Am Ser A 1943	94¾	94¾	94¾
2	Fed Sug Ref 6s	97½	97½	97½
3	Fisher Body 6s, 1926	99	98¾	98¾
1	Gal-Hg Oil 7s	103½	103½	103½
1	Hud Coal 1st mtge 5s	86	86	86
3	Int Pet 6s, 1935	98	98	98
1	Kans-Okla 6s	101	101	101
1	Kans-Okla 6s '30	102¾	102¾	102¾
3	Manitoba Power 7s, Ser A '41	99¾	99¾	99¾
1	Mex Pet 6½s '34	100	100	100
2	Morris&Co 7½s, 1930	100	100	100
2	N'tnal Leath Co 8s	96½	96½	96½
12	New Orl Ser Co Ser A 5s, '52	85¾	85½	85¾
8	Ohio Power 5s, 1952	85¾	85¾	85¾
12	Penn P & L 1st 5s, 1952	86¼	86¼	86¼
2	Phil El 6s, '41	103¾	103¾	103¾
2	Pub Ser of N J 6s, 1959	100¼	100¼	100¼
5	Do 7s, 1948	95¾	95¾	95¾
6	Solvay A Cle 8s	104½	10c	104½
6	SoCalEdis, '44	90¾	90¾	90¾
3	Stand Oil 5½s	105¾	105¾	105¾
5	Do 7s, '30	102¾	102¾	102¾
2	Do 7s, '31	104	104	104
1	Do 7s, '31	107	107	107
3	Sun Oil 7s, '31	100¾	100¾	100¾
8	TidalOsageOil7s, 1931	101¼	101¼	101¼
1	Swift & Co 5s, '42	91¾	91¾	91¾
1	UnionPacific 6s, 2008	99¾	99¾	99¾

FOREIGN BONDS.

12	Argent'e 4s, '24	99¾	99¾	99¾
8	Do 7s, '27	100	100	100
1	Peruvian 8s, '32	97¼	98½	98¼
23	Rm Cath 6½s, '33	10	9¾	10
4	Do 8s, '31	10	10	10
11	Do 8s, '19	10	9¾	10
2	Swiss 8s, '40	97¾	97¾	97¾
2	Do 8s, '41	97¾	97¾	97¾
15	Uruguay 8s, '46	104¾	104¾	104¾

New Jersey P. S. C. Report.

The report of the Public Service Corporation of New Jersey for August does not include losses from the recent street trolley strike. The company compares the earnings of the Public Service Electric Company and the Public Service Gas Company, with the note that "the railway has contributed nothing in the form of dividends to the corporation during the last five years." Operating revenue for August was $4,034,031 and the net increase in surplus before dividends was $168,015 for the month.

Sugar Price Still Goes Up.

Sugar yesterday made its third advance within a week. The Pennsylvania Sugar Refining Company quoted refined at 8.90, up a quarter of a cent, and other refiners announced advances to 8.80, 8.70 and 8.75. National and E. Atkins & Co. met the 8.90 figure. The American Sugar Refining Company bought 32,000 bags of Cuban raws at 5⅝ cents, cost and freight, up an eighth of a cent for the day.

ONTARIO

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

25 YEAR 5% BONDS

The Government of the Province of Ontario will receive tenders up to 12 o'clock noon on Tuesday, the 25th day of September, 1923, for the following:

$15,000,000. Province of Ontario 5% bonds dated the 15th of September, 1923, due 15th of September, 1948, bearing interest at the rate of 5% per annum, payable half yearly on the 15th of March and 15th of September, principal and interest payable in gold coin of lawful money of Canada at the office of the Treasurer of Ontario, Toronto, or at the Bank of Montreal, Montreal, Canada, at holder's option, or alternatively for.

$15,000,000. Province of Ontario 5% bonds dated the 15th of September, 1923, due 15th of September, 1948, bearing interest at the rate of 5% per annum, payable half yearly on the 15th of March and 15th of September, principal and interest payable in gold coin of lawful money of Canada at the office of the Treasurer of Ontario, Toronto, or at the Bank of Montreal, Montreal, Canada, or in gold coin of the United States of America of the present standard of weight and fineness at the Agency of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of New York, U. S. A., at holder's option.

Bonds to be in the denomination of $1,000 each with coupons attached and may be registered as to principal only.

Payment for and delivery of bonds payable in Canada only to be made at the office of the Treasurer of Ontario, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, on or before the 1st day of October, 1923. Payment for and delivery of bonds payable in Canada and New York to be made at the Agency of the Bank of Montreal, New York, U. S. A., on or before the 1st day of October, 1923. On receipt of payment interim debentures will be issued exchangeable for definitive debentures on completion of same by the engravers.

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Province of Ontario debentures" should addressed to the Hon. W. H. Price, Treasurer of Ontario, Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

Tenders must be for the whole amount offered and each tender must be accompanied by a marked cheque for $150,000, to be applied in the case of the successful tenderer as part payment for bonds.

The above bonds will be issued under the authority of 13-14 Geo. V., (Ontario) Chap 9.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

The Treasurer of Ontario reserves the right to sell either or both of the above issues.

W. H. PRICE,
Treasurer of Ontario.

Toronto, September 17th, 1923.

TO THE HO

SWEETSER TO MEET MARSTON IN FINAL

Defending Champion Defeats Gardner by 8 and 7 in Amateur Golf Play.

OUIMET LOSES BY 3 AND 2

Bostonian Holds Philadelphia Star Even for Morning Round, but Loses Form in Afternoon.

Special to The New York Times.

FLOSSMOOR, Ill., Sept. 21.—Two Easterners, one of them a member of Siwanoy in the metropolitan district and the other a former Baltusrol golfer, will compete for the twenty-seventh national amateur championship at Flossmoor tomorrow. Jess Sweetser, who attained the heights at Brookline a year ago, today won the right to defend his laurels in the finals by defeating Robert A. Gardner of Chicago, two time amateur champion. His opponent will be Max R. Marston, now of Philadelphia, a former New Jersey State champion. Marston defeated Francis Ouimet of Boston, winner of the American Open Crown in 1913 and the Amateur the following year.

Sweetser, playing the same brilliant golf that enabled him to gain the title at Brookline last year, going through the stiffest field that ever blocked a champion's path, had his match with Gardner practically clinched at the end of the first eighteen holes. The latter hung on until the eleventh hole in the afternoon when he passed out, Sweetser's margin being 8 and 7.

Marston and Ouimet All Even.

Marston, after engaging in a strenuous tussle with Ouimet throughout the morning round at the end of which the two were all even, stopped Ouimet on the sixteenth green in the afternoon, the margin being 3 and 2.

The Marston-Ouimet match provided the ordinary thrills here today since Sweetser's victory was assured as early as the ninth hole. Perhaps never before in the history of championships have the fortunes turned so suddenly as they turned against Ouimet today. For the first eighteen holes it was nip and tuck, Ouimet leading Marston by two holes going to the fourth and again at the end of the seventh but losing the next two. Then Marston forged ahead to lead by a hole, finally dropping behind and then winning the home hole to square the match.

Then Ouimet's guardian angel began deserting him, throwing the balance of fortune Marston's way. Marston, all even with the Bostonian after Ouimet had taken three putts on the short seventh, played a deep pitch to the ninth. The ball was headed for the rough but hit the flag and remained on the green, giving him the hole when Ouimet missed a putt of a club's length. This put him out in front, but Ouimet won the twelfth when he got down a ten-footer while Marston's try for a half hit the cup and jumped out.

The tide turned completely in Marston's direction at the next hole. Ouimet's tee shot was one of the finest imaginable, his ball biting the turf four feet from the pin and jumping back a foot and a half. Marston's tee shot hit at the back of the green. Some declared that it struck a Boy Scout on the leg as it bounded, preventing it from going over the green into a trap. Joseph D. Vanderpool, Vice President of the U. S. G. A., who was handling the flag, says it did not.

Takes Advantage of Break.

Whether or not the rub of the green aided Marston, the Philadelphian took full advantage of the break. Knowing that Ouimet was almost sure to hole out for a 2, Marston sighted the line of putt carefully, stroked his ball and rolled it into the hole from a distance of forty feet. So flustered was Ouimet that he missed his tiny putt for a half and became 1 down with four holes left to play.

The sudden shift of scenes undoubtedly affected him, for he played two poor shots going to the next hole and had to sink a long putt for his par 4. Marston holed an eight-foot putt for a birdie 3 putting from the edge of the green in 5s, Marston being in trouble off the tee. The Bostonian got into trouble off the tee going to the sixteenth. His second was in a trap short of the green, and he just scrambled out on his third. Marston was down in two and down in two putts for his 4.

There was nothing to the Sweetser-Gardner match after the first few holes. The latter started off by winning the first hole with a par 5, Sweetser being short of the green on his approach. The advantage was short-lived, however, for Sweetser won the next two in par figures. He became 2 up by taking the fourth hole after being trapped, but Gardner started what looked to be a come-back by taking two holes running, both in birdie figures. He had two superb mashie shots going to the fifth and sixth—shots that left him within two yards of the pin. Sweetser had putts for halves at each, but missed these.

But the champion proved his fighting qualities by restoring his lead at the next two holes. Sweetser played the ninth hole poorly, Gardner getting a half after being trapped. The only hole that Gardner won on the last nine was the twelfth where Sweetser again missed a yard-putt.

Starting to the thirteenth, 2 up, he won the hole with a 2. He also won the fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth and eighteenth.

The afternoon round was a repetition of the morning. Sweetser again losing the first hole, but restoring his advantage at the next. When they started for the seventh he was 10 up, but lost that and the tenth. The match ended on the next hole.

The cards:

MORNING ROUND.

Out—									
Sweetser	5	3	5	4	4	4	3	3	4—36
Gardner	5	4	7	6	3	3	4	3	5—39
In—									
Sweetser	4	3	5	2	4	5	4	5	5—37—73
Gardner	4	4	4	3	5	7	5	5	6—43—82

AFTERNOON ROUND.

Out—									
Sweetser	6	3	5	3	4	4	3	4	4—36
Gardner	5	5	6	4	5	5	3	4	4—39
In—									
Sweetser	5	3							
Gardner	4	4							

MORNING ROUND.

Out—									
Marston	5	5	6	4	4	4	4	4	4—40
Ouimet	5	4	5	4	4	5	5	5	5—40
Marston	4	4	5	3	4	6	4	5	5—41—81
Ouimet	5	4	5	3	4	5	4	5	6—41—81

AFTERNOON ROUND.

Out—									
Marston	5	3	5	4	4	5	5	3	4—38
Ouimet	5	3	5	4	4	5	4	4	5—40
In—									
Marston	5	3	5	2	3	5	4		
Ouimet	5	4	3	4	5	4	5		

MRS. HUCKNALL WINS TITLE.

Beats Mrs. Goss on Last Four Holes in New Jersey Golf Final.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST ORANGE, N. J., Sept. 21.—After being down 3, Mrs. Thomas Hucknall of the Newark Athletic Country Club today won the New Jersey Women's golf championship on the nineteenth hole, vanquishing Mrs. Wright Goss Jr. of Baltusrol over the Upper Essex County course.

Mrs. Hucknall had only one putt on each of the last four greens. She ran down a fifteen-footer to square the match on the eighteenth. On the nineteenth Mrs. Hucknall holed a six-foot putt and Mrs. Goss missed a five-foot stab that would have prolonged the match.

BOXING BOUTS TONIGHT.

Commonwealth Sporting Club—Harry Loudon vs. Charlie Rosenberg, Sammy Vogel vs. Harry Gorsky. Both twelve-round bouts.

Ridgewood Grove S. C., Brooklyn—Willie Harmen vs. Lee Williams, twelve rounds; Joe Glick vs. Ray Dalton, six rounds; Tommy Duffy vs. Peter Scarano, six rounds.

Queensboro A. C., Long Island City—Harry (Battling) Leonardis vs. Pete Sivlo, 310 Bernard vs. Billy DePee; Dutch Brandt vs. Luke Tennet. Three ten-round bouts.

Giants Now Need Five Games To Be Certain of the Pennant

As a result of their two victories over the Pirates yesterday, the Giants increased their lead in the National League pennant race to four and a half games over the Reds. They also lengthened the gap between themselves and the Pirates to eight games. The world's champions now have to win five of their remaining nine games to be mathematically certain of winning the pennant. If the Giants win five games and the Reds are victorious in all of their remaining eight games, the champions will then finish the season one full game ahead of the Cincinnati club. Another victory for the Giants over the Pirates today would mean that the Pittsburgh club would have to win all of its remaining games while the Giants lose all of their remaining games in order to finish the season in a tie with McGraw's team.

MISS COLLETT WINS FROM MISS STIRLING

Reaches Final in Canadian Golf Play—Meets Mrs. Gavin for Title Today.

MONTREAL, Sept. 21.—Miss Glenna Collett of Providence, R. I., today eliminated Miss Alexa Stirling of New York in the semi-final of the Canadian women's golf championship, 3 and 2.

Miss Collett's opponent in the final round will be Mrs. W. L. Gavin of England, the defending champion, who defeated Mrs. Hope Gibson, 2 and 1, in the other semi-final match.

The final round will be played tomorrow.

EAST-WEST MATCHES OFF.

Rain Stops Opening Day's Play—Five Contests Today.

The East-West match, scheduled to have begun yesterday at the West Side Tennis Club, Forest Hills, L. I., will be played today, with William T. Tilden 2d and William M. Johnston as the outstanding performers on the respective teams. The program of six matches arranged for the two days has been condensed to five, all of which will be put on this afternoon, beginning at 1 o'clock. At that hour Vincent Richards of Yonkers will meet Howard Kinsey of San Francisco.

At 2 o'clock R. Norris Williams 2d of Philadelphia, captain of the Eastern forces, will take on Robert Kinsey of California. Tilden and Johnston, finalists in the national championship at Philadelphia this month, will oppose each other in the feature match of the play at 3 o'clock. Wallace Johnson of Philadelphia and Clarence Griffin of San Francisco meet at 4, and one hour later Williams and Watson M. Washburn of New York and Johnston and Griffin will take to the courts in the only doubles match of the series.

RAIN PREVENTS POLO GAME.

Two Matches in Open Championship Today at Westbury, L. I.

Rain caused the postponement of the polo game between the Flamingos and British Army yesterday at the Meadow Brook Club, Westbury, L. I., and as a result a busy day is scheduled for the Long Island field today. This morning the fifth annual polo pony show of the National Polo Pony Society will be conducted at the Meadow Brook Club, and the winners in the various classes will be paraded before the first game of the double-header, which will be played in the afternoon in the series for the American open championship.

The Indian Tigers will be seen in action in this section for the first time when they meet the Shelburne four on International Field at 3:30 P. M. The postponed game between the Flamingos and British Army will be contested on Cochran Field, starting at 4 o'clock.

HAVRE DE GRACE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,300; Ripple Purse; for two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Mander 113 pounds, McAuliffe 108, Sunny Sal 106, Our Commissioner 104, Pan Broker 104, Bonnie Boy 104, Dewey 106, Rachael Potter 105, Bedford 104, bGolden Armor 104, Happy Night 110, Sarko 106, Princess Amo 109, Warren Lynch 104, Rinkey 101. Also eligible—Klondyke 111, aLeona Dare 101, Byron 113, bBeau Nash 104, Suburbia 104, aJ. S. Cosden entry. bW. J. Salmon entry.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,400; claiming; for two-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Noel 116 pounds, Frank G. 110, Donagfee 108, Eventide 103, *Apex 113, Seth's Lemon 110, *Doughnut 105, Bees 94, Hidden Jewel 112, aCamouflage 110, aLady Boss 105, aWarwick Dame 96, aG. C. Whitney entry.

THIRD RACE—Purse $1,500; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; mile and seventy yards. Uncle Sand 118 pounds, St. Germain 111, *Handsome 106, *Golden 108, Evelyn White 113, High Gear 111, *St. Donard 105, *Rupee 100, Doyle 111, Biff Bang 111, *Sea Wolf 106.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $1,300; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; mile and an eighth. Yoshimi 108 pounds, Smart Money 105, Little Ammie 104, aBelphrisonta 100, Georgarin 107, Arbone 96, Red Cap 107, Mazorca 105, *Mountain Rose 110, Comme Ci 100, Dan 105, *Lady Lillian 116, *Acosta 100, *The Lamb 100. aG. W. Foreman and G. W. Campbell entry.

FIFTH RACE—The Potomac Handicap; $10,000 added; for three-year-olds; mile and a sixteenth. bEnchantment 124 pounds, Dunlin 114, Ten Minutes 105, Caladium 102, aCherry Pie 116, Vigil 107, Sun Cure 108, aSolisa 100, bFlagstaff 117, General Thatcher 107, Setting Sun 102. aGreentree Stable entry. bH. P. Whitney entry.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $1,500; the Bronx Claiming Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; mile and a sixteenth. Blazes 118 pounds, Deadlock 106, Tippity Witchet 110, *Rock Point 97, Canyon 106.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $1,300; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; mile and seventy yards. King John 113 pounds, Cote d'Or 111, *Cimarron 108, *Miss Roberts 105, Eastside 111, La Bar 111, Jewell V. D. 106, *Edith K. 103, Hobey Baker 111, Lough Storm 110, *Serbian 104, *Ducks and Drakes 100.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather showery; track sloppy.

LEXINGTON ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $800; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. *Permarco 90 pounds, My Valet 108, Corenne 90, *Napoo 106, Golden Floss 113, Froth 86, *Monsoon 98, Cuba Encanto 103, The Leopard 113.

SECOND RACE—Purse $800; maiden two-year-old colts and geldings; five and one-half furlongs. Say It 116 pounds, New Pink, Generosity, Ben Mack, Strutter, Jolly Boy, Rambler, Telescope, Krishna, Wrack Ray, Privet, Tevvie 116.

Also eligible—Phil McCann, Barley Corn, Cloister, Beau Butler, Southern Pacific, Dell Evens, all 115.

Jolly Boy, Dover and Barley Corn, Camden and Milam entry.

THIRD RACE—Purse $800; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards. Royal Crown 96, *Attorney 106, Fair Orient 111, Walnut Hall 115, Little Ann 101, Cantilever 108, Kimpalong 115.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $800; allowance; Bosque Bonita; for two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Sun Spot 104 pounds, Selectable, La Planche de Brisante 107 each, Marvelous Jones 110, Scorpio 115, Baby Bat Up, Parking Place, Boss Man 107 each, King Gorin II., J. G. Denny 110 each.

Margaret Lawrence and King Gorin II. Meadow and Coyne entry.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $800; claiming; the Savoy Hotel; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. *Paul G. Brown 94 pounds, *Buster Bills 102, B. B. Clark 104, *Certain 106, *Glyn 107, Tequet 116, Ruby 100, Arendale, *Donges 104 each, Auntie May 107, Hold Me 109.

SIXTH RACE—The Athens; purse $800; allowances for two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Patsy D. 104 pounds, Phoebe Snow 107, Clarence and Xanthos 110 each, Lavean 112, Mainspring 107, Midwestern and Shorts and Sweets 110 each, Sarah Elizabeth and Quotation 113 each.

Clarence and Midwestern, Camden and Milam entry.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $800; claiming; four-year-olds and upward; one and one-eighth miles. Plaudet 103 pounds, *Escapade 108, Miss Ukna 117, *Willow Tree 105, Sir Court 118.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather cloudy; track heavy.

GIANTS WIN TWICE FROM THE PIRATES

Score Seven Runs in Sixth Inning of First Game and Win by 8 to 4.

TAKE SECOND IN FOURTH

Champions Drive Cooper From Box, Register Six Tallies and Triumph by 8 to 1.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 21. — Batting spurts in both games enabled the Giants to capture today's double-header from the Pirates, the first game by a score of 8 to 4 and the second 8 to 1.

Seven runs in the sixth inning decided the first game in the Giants' favor. They were leading by a score of 1 to 0 when they entered this inning, Meusel having tripled and Kelly singled in the second. A wild throw in the plate by Traynor helped to pull Meadows down. Stone being rushed to his rescue while the Giants were circling the bases.

Young led off in the sixth with a single to centre. A base on balls to Meusel and a single by Cunningham resulted in the filling of the bases. Kelly rapped to Traynor, who hurled the ball past Schmidt, Young and Meusel scoring. Snyder doubled to left, scoring Cunningham and Kelly, and Meadows was dericked. Scott then singled to left, scoring Snyder, and kept on to second when Carey fumbled the ball. Bancroft bounced a hit off Stone's glove, Scott reaching third and scoring a minute later on Groh's sacrifice fly to Barnhart. Frisch and Young singled, Bancroft scoring on Young's hit.

Scott blew in the last half of this inning and the Pirates nicked him for two runs. Two were out and they had the bases filled for the second time in the inning when Nehf came in from the bull pen to fan Mueller, a pinch hitter. Maranville drew a pass with two out in the ninth and scored ahead of Carey when Max cleared the left field wall with a drive.

Six runs were registered by the Giants in the fourth inning of the second game in a drive that disposed of Cooper and brought Adams into play. These runs were manufactured out of singles by Frisch and Young, a fumble by Rawlings, a sacrifice by Cunningham, a base on balls to Kelly, a sacrifice fly by Gowdy, a single by Watson, a double by Bancroft, a pass to Groh and a single by Frisch.

Watson also reached for a run in the fifth inning on a triple by Grimm and a single by Schmidt.

In the ninth the champs scored twice on Steineder, bunching singles by Frisch and Young, Steineder's fumble of Meusel's sacrifice bunt and a single by Cunningham for these two tallies.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

NEW YORK (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Bancroft,ss	3	1	0	4	0	2
Groh,3b	4	0	1	0	0	1
Frisch,2b	5	0	1	3	4	0
Young,rf	5	1	2	2	0	0
Meusel,lf	4	2	1	6	0	0
Cun'gham,cf	4	1	1	2	1	0
Kelly,1b	5	1	2	9	0	0
Snyder,c	4	1	1	7	1	0
Scott,p	2	1	1	0	0	0
Nehf,p	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	39	8	14	27	7	3

PITTSBURGH (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Mar'nville,ss	4	1	1	3	2	4
Carey,cf	4	2	1	2	1	0
Traynor,3b	5	0	1	0	1	1
Barnhart,rf	5	1	3	2	0	0
Guyler,lf	3	0	0	3	0	0
Rawlings,2b	3	0	1	4	3	0
Grimm,1b	4	0	1	11	1	0
Schmidt,c	3	0	1	4	1	0
Meadows,p	2	0	0	0	4	0
Stone,p	0	0	0	0	0	0
aLuce	1	0	0	0	0	0
bMueller	1	0	0	0	0	0
Steineder,p	0	0	0	0	0	0
cEna	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	34	4	7	27	14	5

a Batted for Meadows in sixth.
b Batted for Luce in sixth.
c Batted for Steineder in ninth.

Errors—New York 1 (Bancroft), Pittsburgh 2 (Carey, Traynor).

New York	0	1	0	0	0	7	0	0	0—8
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2—4

Two-base hits—Bancroft, Snyder. Three-base hits—Meusel. Home run—Carey. Stolen bases—Cunningham, Maranville. Sacrifices—Groh, Rawlings. Double play—Rawlings, Grimm, Maranville and Grimm. Left on bases—New York 8, Pittsburgh 8. Bases on balls—Off Scott 1, Nehf 1, Meadows 2, Steineder 1. Struck out—By Scott 2, Nehf 2, Meadows 1, Steineder 2. Hits—Off Scott 5 in 5 2-3 innings, Nehf 2 in 3 1-3, Meadows 8 in 5 (none out in sixth), Stone 4 in 1, Steineder 2 in 2. Winning pitcher—Scott. Losing pitcher—Meadows. Umpires—Klem, O'Day and Moran. Time of game—1:51.

SECOND GAME.

NEW YORK (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Bancroft,ss	4	1	1	2	2	3
Groh,3b	4	0	1	2	1	4
Frisch,2b	5	2	3	4	6	0
Young,rf	5	2	2	1	0	0
Meusel,lf	4	1	0	2	0	0
Cun'gham,cf	3	1	2	2	0	0
Kelly,1b	4	1	0	13	0	0
Gowdy,c	1	0	0	2	0	0
Watson,p	5	1	1	0	2	0
Total	35	8	9	27	12	7

PITTSBURGH (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Mar'nville,ss	4	0	1	2	3	4
Carey,cf	4	0	1	2	1	0
Traynor,3b	4	0	1	1	2	2
Barnhart,rf	4	0	1	3	0	0
Cuyler,lf	4	0	0	4	0	0
Rawlings,2b	4	0	1	1	1	1
Grimm,1b	4	1	3	10	1	0
Schmidt,c	2	0	1	3	0	0
aLuce	1	0	0	0	0	0
Gouch,c	1	0	0	2	0	0
Cooper,p	1	0	0	0	2	0
Adams,p	1	0	0	0	0	0
bRussell	1	0	0	0	0	0
Steineder,p	0	0	0	0	0	0
cMattox	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	35	1	9	27	9	3

a Batted for Schmidt in seventh.
b Batted for Adams in seventh.
c Batted for Steineder in ninth.

Errors—New York 1 (Kelly), Pittsburgh 4 (Carey 1, Rawlings 1, Adams 1, Steineder 1).

New York	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	2—8
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—1

Two-base hits—Bancroft, Grimm. Three-base hit—Grimm. Stolen base—Frisch. Sacrifices—Cunningham, Gowdy, Meusel. Double plays—Bancroft, Frisch and Kelly; Grimm, Maranville and Grimm. Left on bases—New York 10, Pittsburgh 8. Bases on balls—Off Watson 1, Cooper 2, Adams 3, Steineder 2. Struck out—By Cooper 1, Adams 1, Steineder 2. Hits—Off Cooper, 4 in 3 2-3 innings; Adams 2 in 3 1-3; Steineder 3 in 2. Losing pitcher—Cooper. Umpires—Moran, O'Day and Klem. Time of game—1:41.

COURT DISCHARGES SIKI.

Finds Violation of Law by Boxer Was Unintentional.

Battling Siki, Senegalese light-heavyweight who formerly held the world's title, yesterday got away unscathed in his first experience with American courts. Siki, with his manager, Louis Fromon, James Brown, a negro sparring partner, Dave Diamond, English featherweight, Gaston Chalers, French bantamweight, and Bernard Burtt, manager of a Harlem theatre, were discharged in the Washington Heights Court, by Magistrate M. R. Goodman, when they appeared to answer charges of violating the boxing law, arising out of Siki's exhibition of how he beat Carpentier. Assistant District Attorney James J. Lowe, expressed the opinion that the defendants were ignorant of the law and intended no violation.

GRAND CIRCUIT RESULTS.

THE CAPITAL CITY STAKE, 2:05 CLASS TROT.
Purse, $5,000.

Rose Scott, blk. m., by Peter Scott (Murphy) 1 1 1
Baron Worthy, b. h. (Ray) 2 2 5
Emma Harvester, b. m. (Cox) 5 4 2
Hollyrood Hilda, b. m. (Stokes) 3 5 4
Jane the Great, b. m. (McMahon) 4 3 3
Time—2:08¼, 2:10, 2:07¾.

THE MERCHANTS' AND MANUFACTURERS' STAKE, 2:14 CLASS TROT.
Purse, $5,000.

Mrs. Yerxes, b. m., by Peter the Great (Murphy) 1 1 1
Taurida, b. m. (McDonald) 5 2 2
Eleanor Guy, b. m. (H. Fleming) 2 5 6
Peter Harvester, b. h. (Caton) 3 3 5
Major Risker, blk. g. (Hinds) 6 6 3
Woodrow Lee, The Great Saltwater, David Axworthy and Peter Hekley also started.
Time—2:08¼, 2:07¾, 2:07¾.

2:04 PACE.
Purse, $1,000.

Logan Hedgewood, b. g., by Hedgewood Boy (Snow) 1 1 2
Heter Elawah, b. g. (Murphy) 3 2 1
Frisco June, b. h. (Caton) 2 3 3
Jane R., b. m. (V. Fleming) 4 4 4
Ruth Patch, b. m. (Plaxico) 5 5 5
Time—2:06¼, 2:06¾, 2:06¾.

2:15 TROT, THREE HEATS.
Purse, $1,000.

Zaquilla, b. m., by Aquilla (Palin) 1 1 1
All Worthy, b. h. (McDonald) 4 5 2
Don Caton, ch. h. (Cox) 3 3 3
Ellsworth Wilkes, b. g. (Plaxico) 5 4 4
Mary Anne, b. m. (Murphy) ..... 2 2 D
Time—2:09¼, 2:07¾, 2:10¾.

Southern Association.

Mobile 9, Chattanooga 1.
Birmingham 5, Memphis 0.
Atlanta 7, Nashville 2.
Other clubs not scheduled.

BASEBALL Today. Yankee Stadium, Polo Grounds, Ebbets Field, Braves Field, Fenway Park, Shibe Park, Sportsman's Park, Navin Field, Comiskey Park, Cleveland Baseball Park, Detroit Baseball Park, Griffith Stadium, Forbes Field, St. Louis Baseball Park.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland at Washington, rain.
Boston 4, Detroit 2.
(First game.)
Detroit 15, Boston 6.
(Second game.)
Chicago at Philadelphia, rain.
Other clubs not scheduled.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York 8, Pittsburgh 4.
(First game.)
New York 8, Pittsburgh 1.
(Second game.)
Cincinnati 4, Brooklyn 3.
(Eleven innings.)
Other clubs not scheduled.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	93	48	.660
Cleveland	73	62	.541
Detroit	71	67	.514
St. Louis	68	69	.496
Washington	68	71	.489
Chicago	61	76	.445
Philadelphia	61	76	.445
Boston	56	82	.406

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	91	54	.628
Cincinnati	87	59	.596
Pittsburgh	82	61	.573
Chicago	75	68	.524
St. Louis	73	68	.518
Brooklyn	69	72	.489
Boston	47	93	.336
Philadelphia	46	95	.326

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

St. Louis at New York.
(Game starts at 2 P. M.)
Cleveland at Washington.
Detroit at Boston.
Chicago at Philadelphia.
(Two games.)

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Pittsburgh.
Brooklyn at Cincinnati.
Philadelphia at Chicago.
Boston at St. Louis.

REDS BEAT ROBINS IN ELEVEN INNINGS

Pinelli's Triple Enables Rixey to Capture Twentieth Game of Season—Score, 4-3.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 21.—The Reds defeated the Robins by a score of 4 to 3 in eleven innings here today. The winning run was made with two out and resulted from a pass to Hargrave which was followed by Pinelli triple over Bailey's head. George Smith succeeded Arthur Decatur after the latter was removed for a pinch hitter in the Robins' half of the eleventh. Decatur yielded eight hits in the ten rounds he pitched. Eppa Rixey went the route for the Reds and allowed eleven hits. It was Rixey's twentieth victory of the season.

The score:

CINCINNATI (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Burns,rf	4	1	1	2	0	0
Daubert,1b	4	0	1	8	0	0
Kimmick,2b	3	1	0	2	2	5
Roush,cf	5	0	2	5	0	0
Duncan,lf	5	1	3	1	0	0
Hargrave,c	4	1	1	7	0	0
Pinelli,3b	5	0	1	3	2	0
Caveney,ss	4	0	0	4	4	0
Rixey,p	4	0	1	1	1	0
Total	40	4	9	33	10	5

BROOKLYN (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Bailey,cf	6	1	2	5	0	0
Johnston,ss	5	0	2	3	5	0
Neis,lf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Fournier,1b	5	0	1	11	0	0
Griffith,rf	4	0	0	4	0	0
Hargr've,c	5	0	1	8	2	0
Olson,2b	4	2	3	3	2	0
Mulligan,3b	5	0	0	2	2	0
Decatur,p	4	0	0	0	2	0
aTaylor	1	0	0	0	0	0
Smith,p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	44	3	11	*32	13	0

a Batted for Decatur in eleventh.
*Two out when winning run was scored.

Errors—Cincinnati 1 (Kimmick), Brooklyn 1 (Fournier).

Cincinnati	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—4
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	—3

Two-base hits—Burns, Roush, Bailey, Olson. Three-base hits—Duncan, Pinelli. Stolen bases—Johnston, Neis, Olson. Sacrifice—Olson. Left on bases—Brooklyn 10, Cincinnati 7. Bases on balls—Off Rixey 1, Decatur 2, Smith 1. Struck out—By Rixey 6, Decatur 2. Hits—Off Decatur 8 in 10 innings, Smith 1 in 2-3. Losing pitcher—Smith. Umpires—Quigley, Pfirman and Finneran. Time of game—2:06.

TIGERS DIVIDE TWIN BILL.

Capture Second Game, 15-6, After Losing the First by 4-3.

BOSTON, Sept. 21.—Boston Red Sox defeated Detroit, 4 to 3, in the first game today, and the Tigers won the second game of the double-header, 15 to 6.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

BOSTON (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Mitchell,ss	4	1	1	0	4	
Picinich,c	4	0	1	5	1	2
Collins,rf	3	1	2	3	0	
J.Collins,rf	1	0	0	0	0	
Burns,1b	4	0	1	11	0	
Harris,lf	4	1	2	1	5	0
Veltche,cf	4	0	1	2	0	
Pittenger,3b	4	0	1	1	1	
McMillan,2b	3	0	1	1	4	
Ferguson,p	3	0	0	0	0	
Total	33	4	10	27	10	

DETROIT (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Blue,1b	5	0	0	12	0	
Jones,2b	5	0	1	2	5	0
Cobb,cf	3	2	2	1	0	
Veach,cf	1	1	1	4	0	
Manush,lf	4	2	1	3	0	
Heilmann,rf	5	1	2	1	0	
Rigney,as	3	2	2	1	3	
Haney,2b	5	1	2	2	2	
Bassler,c	3	1	2	2	1	
Woodall,c	1	0	0	1	0	
Olsen,p	4	0	1	1	1	
Total	40	15	16	27	8	

a Batted for Pillette in seventh.
b Batted for Francis in ninth.

Errors—Boston 4 (Picinich, Burns, Harris, Pittenger), Detroit 0.

Boston	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0—4
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0—3

Two-base hits—Manush, Mitchell. Three-base hit—Boone. Sacrifice—Pratt. Double play—Burns (unassisted). Left on bases—Detroit 9, Boston 6. Bases on balls—Off Ferguson 4. Struck out—By Pillette 2, Francis 1, Ferguson 2. Hits—Off Pillette 10 in 6 innings, Francis 0 in 2. Hit by pitcher—By Pillette (Picinich, Ferguson (Rigney). Wild pitch—Ferguson. Losing pitcher—Pillette. Umpires—Nallin, Hildebrand and Rommel. Time of game—1:59.

SECOND GAME.

DETROIT (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Blue,1b	5	1	2	5	1	
Jones,3b	6	1	0	2	0	
Cobb,cf	3	5	3	6	1	
Veach,cf	1	1	1	4	0	
Manush,lf	4	2	1	3	0	
Heilmann,rf	5	1	1	0	0	
Rigney,as	3	2	3	1	2	
Haney,2b	5	1	2	2	2	
Bassler,c	3	1	2	1	1	
Gibchrist,c	1	0	0	1